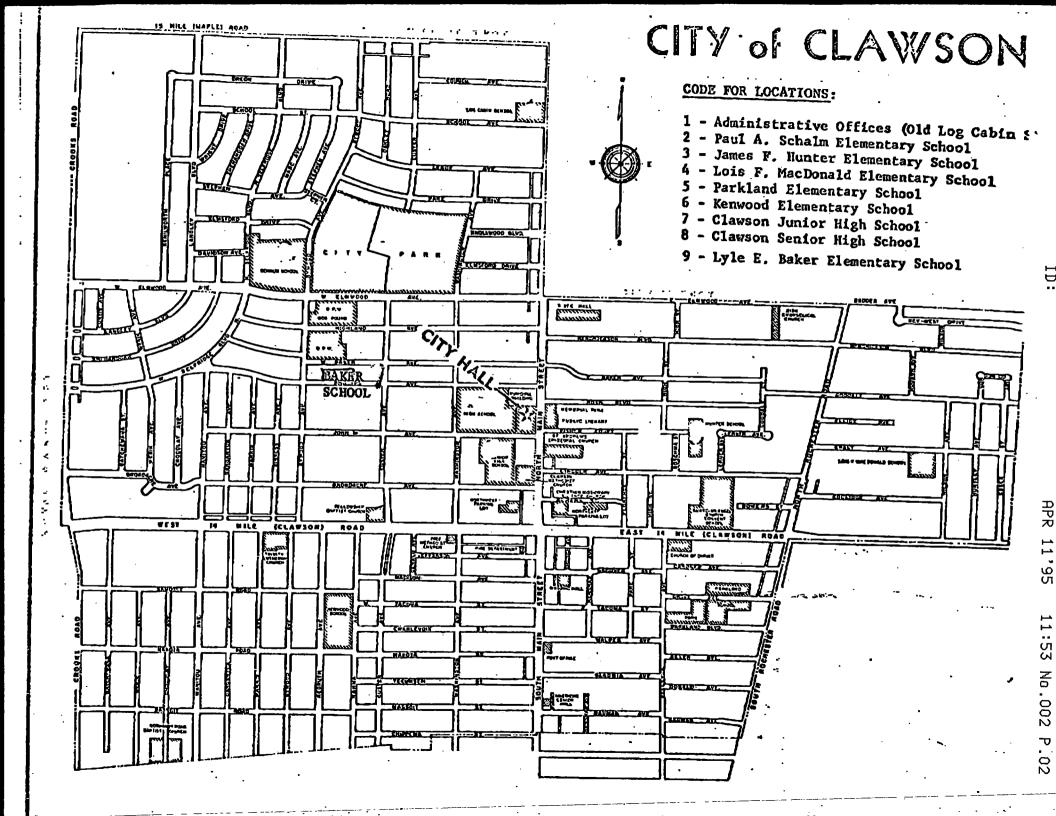
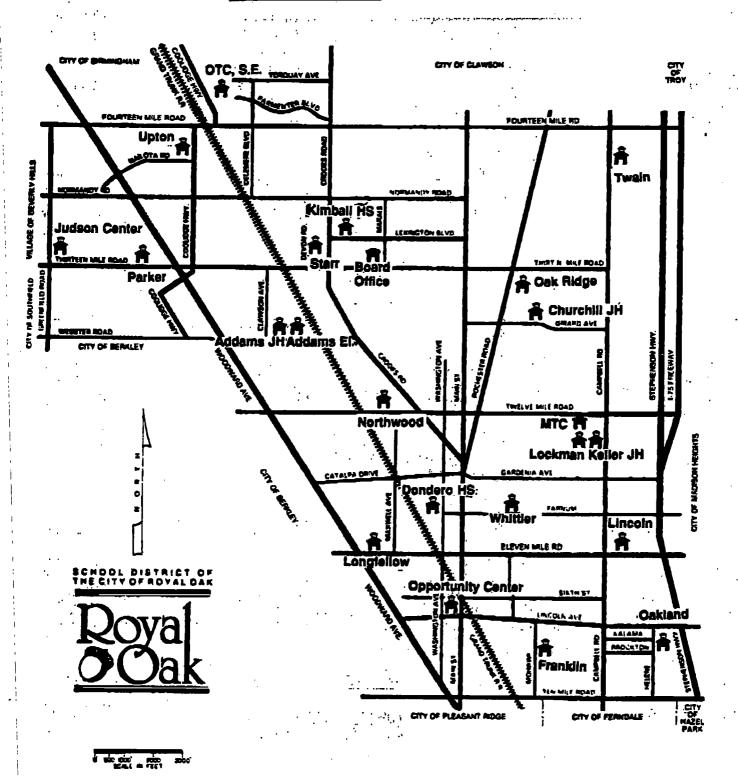
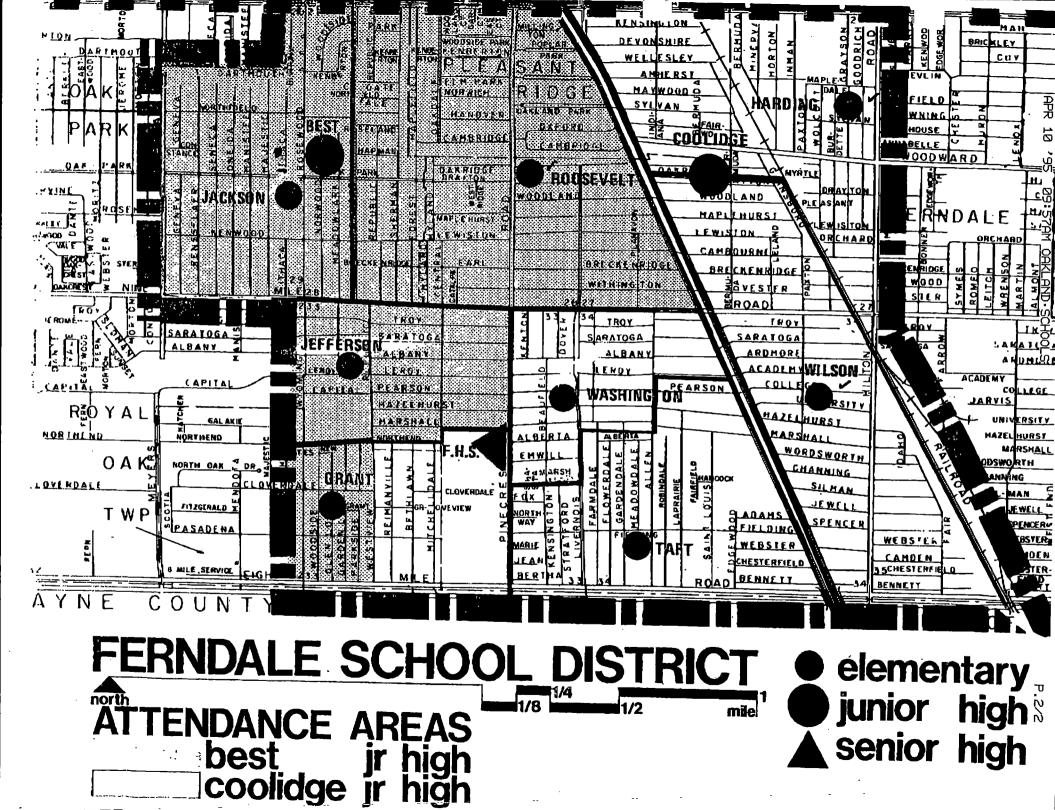
Practical Political Consultants Mark Grebner Alan Fox (programmer) 220 Albert Ave. Suite 207 E. Lansing, MI 48823 (517) 351-6682

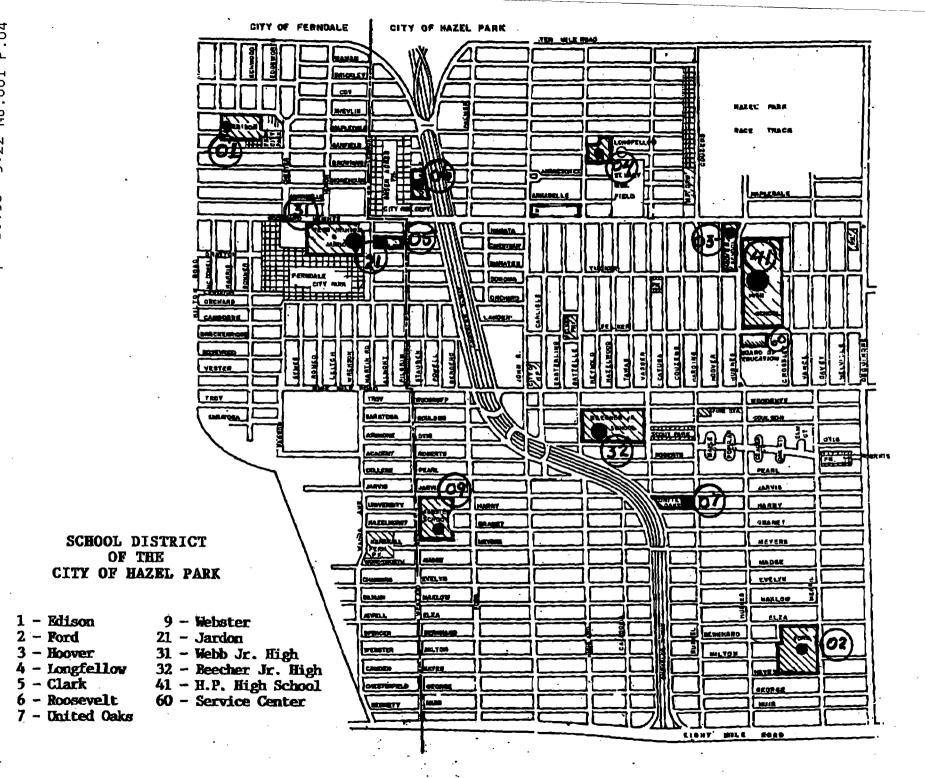
Berkley School District Map Berkley, Michigan Oakland County

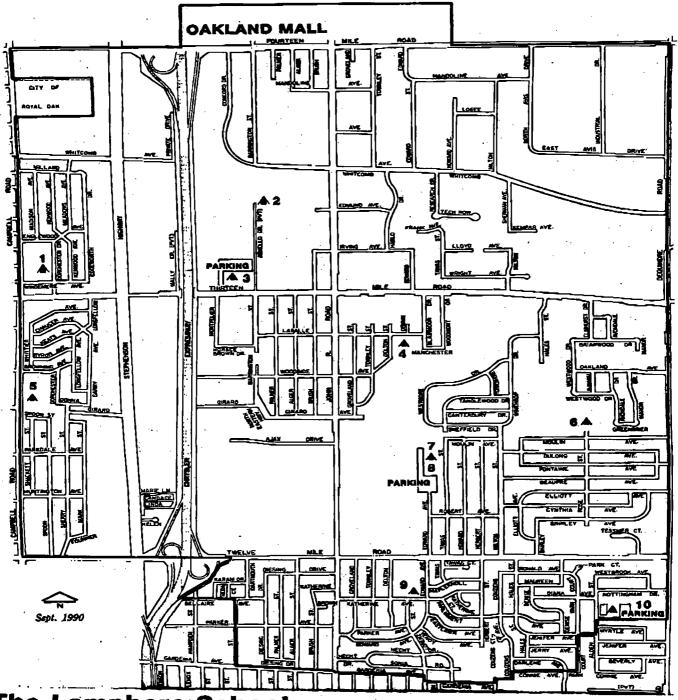


Post-It ^a Fax Note 7671	Date ₄₁ -10-95 # of pages ▶
To Janet Heman	From Betty Kina
Co./Dept. O, C, C,	Co.R.O. Schools
Phone.# 544-5542	Phone # 435 - 8400
Fax# 544 - 4955	Fax# 435-6170









The Lamphere Schools

Madison Heights, Mi 48071

-National Exemplary Schools-John Page Middle School - 1984-85

Lamphere High School - 1986-87

Administration Center
31201 Dorchester
(313) 589-1990
Superintendent - James S. McCann

3

Lamphere High School 610 W. 13 Mile Road (313) 589-3943 Principal - R. Richard Yaroch

6

5

Sknonds Elementary School 30000 Rose Rivenue (313) 547-5292 Principal - Danise S. Jenkins

Lessenger Elementory School 30150 Campbell Road (313) 589-0556 Principal - Sherrie Jones Jahn Page Middle School 29615 Tawas (313) 589-3428 Principal - John Gatz

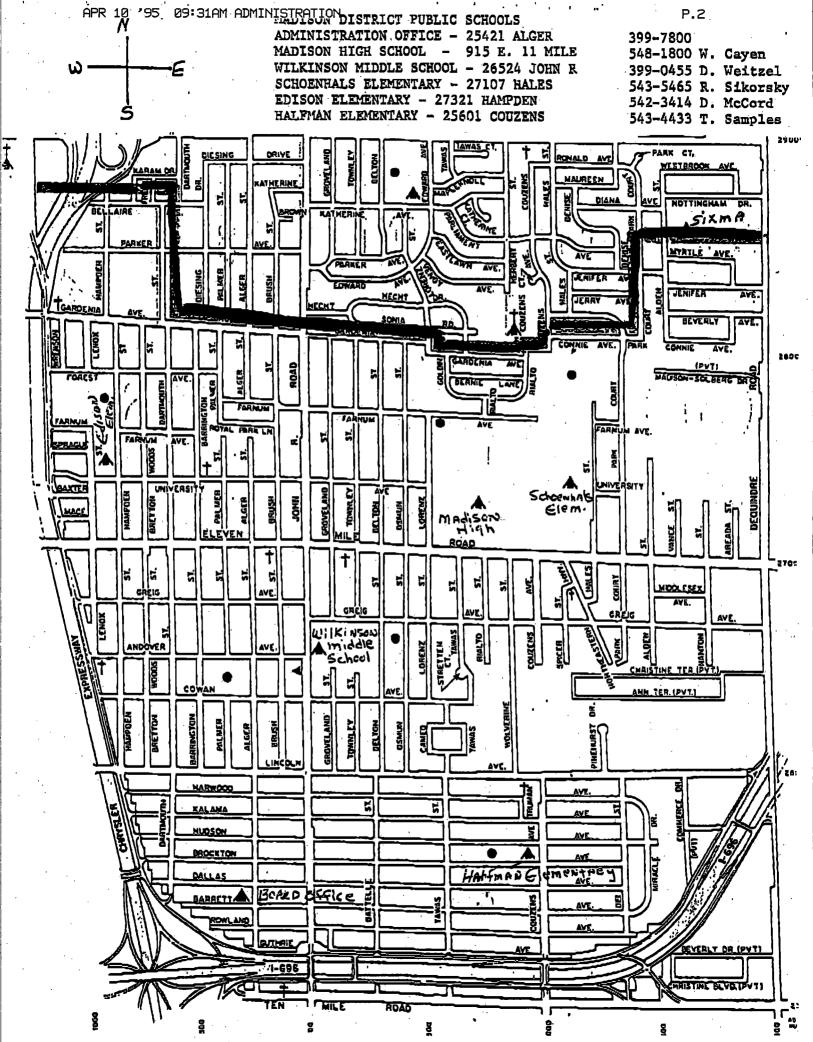
9 Edmonson Elementary School 621 East Kotherine (313) 547-5342 Prindpal - T. C. Roekie

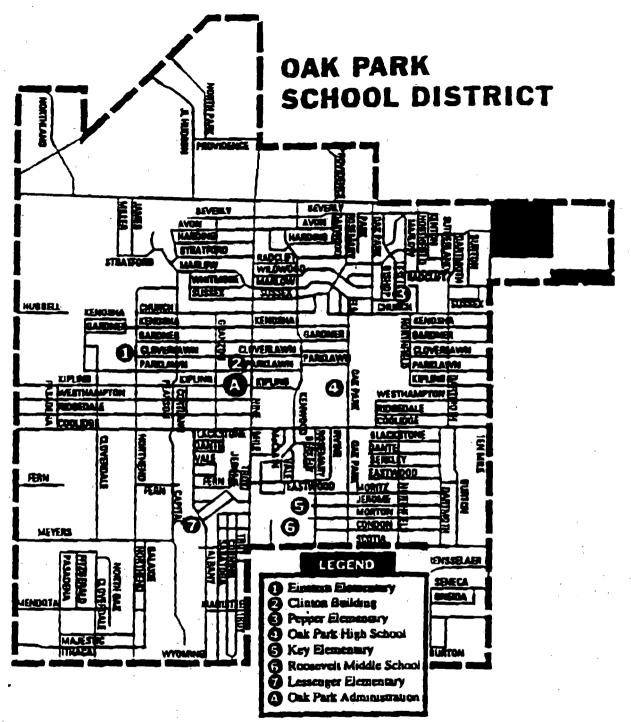
Maintenance/Transportation 31600 Agnello Dr. (313) 589-0708 Director - Gary D. Corriere Hiller Gementary School
400 East La Salle
(313) 589-0406
Principal - Curtis Benham

7

Lamphere Center 29665 Tawas (313) 589-3155 Supervisor - Kathleen S. Martin Sixma Center
Community Education
28500 Alden
(313) 545-5585
Director - Norma Ross

LS 22





- Albert Einstein Elementary 14001 Northend,
- Clinton Building 22180 Parklawn 2.
- James N. Pepper Elementary 24301 Church 3. 4.
- Oak Park High School 13701 Oak Park Blvd. 5.
- Francis Scott Key Elementary 23400 Jerome 6.
- Eleaner Roosevelt Middle School 23261 Scotia 7.
- Waldo E. Lessenger Elementary 12901 Albany 8.
- Administration Office 13900 Granzon

SOUTHFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Elementary Schools

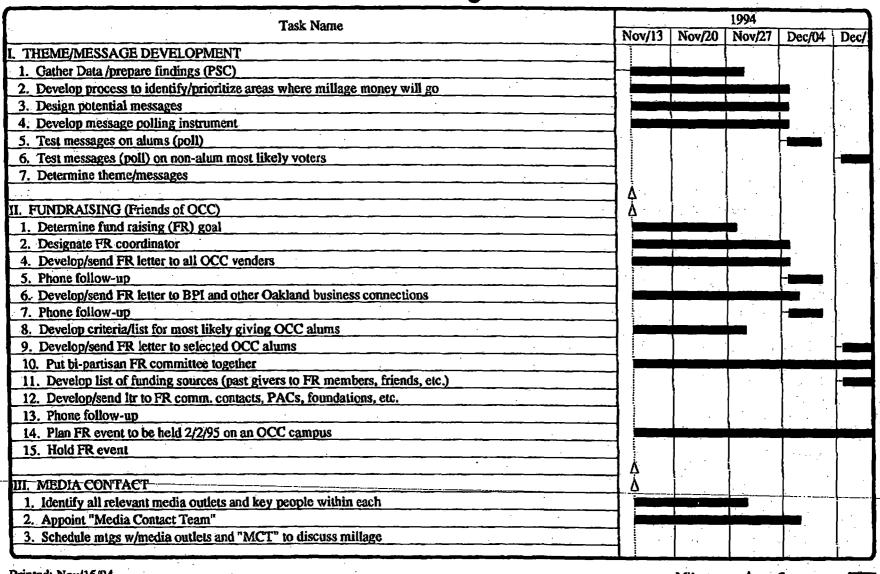
- 1. Morris Adler, 19100 Filmore, SF 48075
- 2. Brace/Lederle, 18575 W. Nine Mile Rd., SF 48075
- 3. Dwight D. Eisenhower, 24500 Larkins St., SF 48075
- 4. John F. Kennedy, 16299 Mt. Vernon Ave., SF 48075
- 5. Fred D. Leonhard, 20900 Independence Ave., SF 48076
- 6. Douglas MacArthur, 24501 Fredrick Ave., SF 48034
- 7. Helen McIntyre, 19600 Saratoga, SF 48076
- 8. Child Development Center (Pre-School), 19080 W. 12 Mile Rd., SF 48076
- 9. Glenn Schoenhals, 16500 Lahser Rd., SF 48076
- 10. Adlai Stevenson, 27777 Lahser Rd., SF 48076
- 11. Arthur Vandenberg, 16100 Edwards Ave., SF 48076



Public Sector Consultants, Inc.

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Date: _	11/15	194	 ,				
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600 W. St. Joseph • Suite 10 • Lansing, MI 48933-2265 Telephone: (517) 484-4954 • Facsimile: (517) 484-6549



Printed: Nov/15/94 Page 1

Milestone ∆ S

Summary Fixed Delay

	1994														
Dec/11	Dec/18	Dec/25	Jan/01	Jan/08	Jan/15	Jan/22	Jan/29	Feb/05	1995 Feb/12	Feb/19	Feb/26	Macine	36-40	34 490	
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Milestone A

Summary Fixed Delay - - -

Milestone A

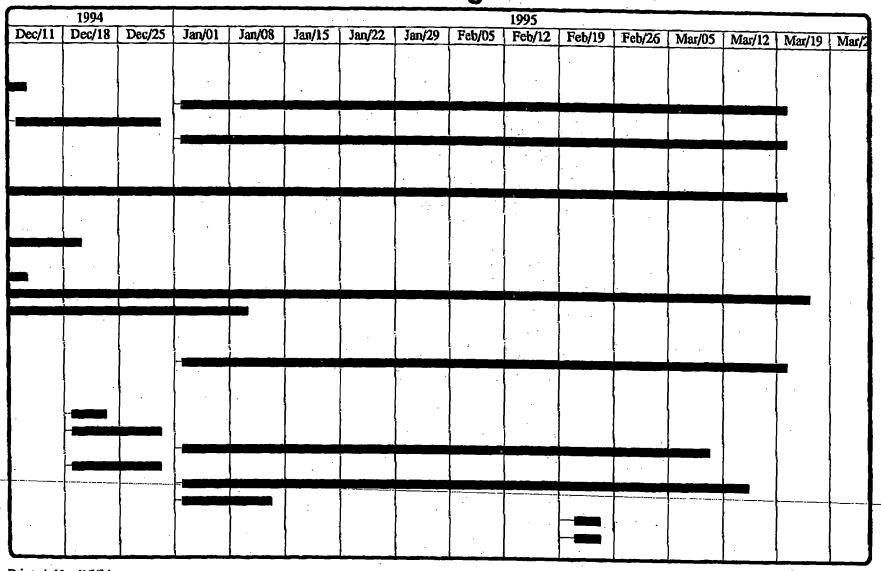
Summary

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Page 3

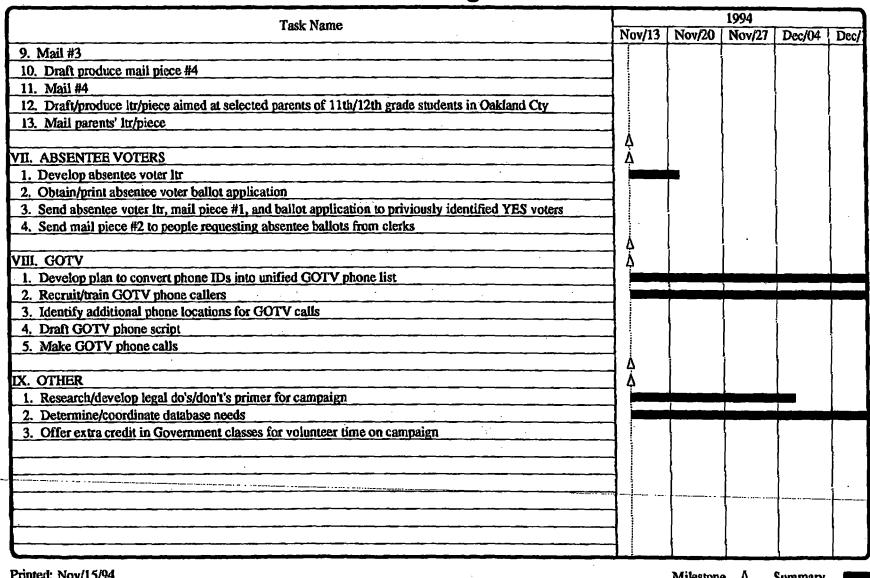
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Milestone A

Summary Fixed Delay - - -



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Page 5

Milestone A Summary Fixed Delay - - -

Oakland Community College **Phone Bank Scenarios**

Budgeting Volunteers for Voter Contact 1.

Scenario A

60,000 calls to identify 30,000 likely yes voters. Goal:

Phones:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Thursday Hours:

1,320 Calls/Night: 45.5

Nights Needed: January 3, 1995 Start:

March 2, 1995 End: 910 Shifts:

Scenario B

60,000 calls to identify 30,000 likely yes voters Goal:

30 Phones:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Thursday Hours:

1,980 Calls/Night:

Nights Needed: 30.3

January 3, 1995 Start: February 9, 1995 End:

910 Shifts:

GOTV 2.

30,000 calls to likely yes voters Goal:

Phones:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Wednesday, March 12-15 Hours:

9 a.m.-5 p.m. Thursday, March 16

7,500, 100 calls per phone Calls/Night:

300

Shifts:

Oakland Community College Phone Bank Scenarios

1. Budgeting Volunteers for Voter Contact

Scenario A

Goal:

60,000 calls to identify 30,000 likely yes voters

Phones:

20

Hours:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Thursday

Calls/Night:

1,320

Nights Needed:

45.5

Start:

January 3, 1995

End:

March 2, 1995

Shifts:

910

Scenario B

Goal:

60,000 calls to identify 30,000 likely yes voters

Phones:

30

Hours:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Thursday

Calls/Night:

1,980

Nights Needed:

30.3

Start:

January 3, 1995

End:

February 9, 1995

Shifts:

910

2. GOTV

Goal:

30,000 calls to likely yes voters

Phones:

75

Hours:

6-9 p.m. Sunday through Wednesday, March 12-15

9 a.m.-5 p.m. Thursday, March 16

Calls/Night:

7,500, 100 calls per phone

Shifts:

300

MILLAGE PLAN OF ACTION

ACTIVITY	RESPONSIBILITY	COMPLETION DATE	ACCOUNTABILITY
Complete establishment of target markets by Nov. 30. M. Orlowski to do random telephone sample on these groups: Students Jewish Community TeachersMEA Health Occupations	M. Orlowski	November 30	D. Jaksen
No need for telephone sample on these groups: Police Fire Service Clubs Vendors Adjunct Faculty Adult Learning Institute AAUW Literacy GroupPontiac Business/Industry CeramicsCharlie Blosser Employee Group Students			
Talk with George and Doris Mosher to determine if Senior Men's and Women's Clubs are possible target groups.	D. Jaksen	November 18	D. Jaksen
Assign target groups that do not need telephone samples to the following:			
Police	J. Macri/J. Domm	December 2	D. Jaksen
Fire	M. Szabo	December 2	P. Fulton-Calkins
Service Clubs	D. Jaksen	December 2	D. Jaksen
Vendors	J.P. Adams	December 2	D. Jaksen
Adjunct Faculty (adjunct faculty volunteer group, person to get volunteer help)	C. Yeramian	December 2	P. Fulton-Calkins
Adult Learning Institute	C. Yeramian/ Director	December 2	P. Fulton-Calkins
AAUW	D. Jaksen	December 2	D. Jaksen

ACTIVITY	RESPONSIBILITY	COMPLETION DATE	ACCOUNTABILITY
Literacy Group	G. May	December 2	D. Jaksen
Business/Industry	P. Fulton-Calkins	December 2	P. Fulton-Calkins
Ceramics	C. Blosser	December 2	D. Jaksen
Employee Group: Ask how many people each can bringfamily, friends, etc. (Check Dan's list.)	Union Heads Mgt Staff Officers Administrators-PJF	December 2 December 2 December 2	D. Jaksen D. Jaksen D. Jaksen
Students	K. Hanna/ Diane (HL)	December 2	P. Fulton-Calkins
TRIMPHONE CALLS:			
Purpose of Phone Calls: Solicit support, get names of others in family or friends who might support, get commitment.			
Get alumni names and telephone numbers to campuses, then schedule meeting.		November 30	D. Jaksen
Before meeting, have script ready for telephone calls.	G. Cartsonis	November 25	D. Jaksen
Before meeting, develop sheet to be completed during phone calls, including: Name of person called Place to add others in family or friends who will vote "yes." Column for checking support or non-support. Two or three lines for comments. Total calls. Total yes votes.	G. Cartsonis	November 25	D. Jaksen
Develop print piece giving reasons, letter from citizens group thanking people for support. Check out costs of bulk mailing.	G. Cartsonis	November 25	D. Jaksen
Send print piece.			
NOTES: 600 people needed to make 12 calls (6 calls per hour) for 2 hours, 3 evenings per week for 8 weeks; each person committed to four weeks3 evenings or 12 times (86,400 calls). Need 144 calls per person at 600 people, 3 times per week, for 4 weeks.)			

ACTIVITY	RESPONSIBILITY	COMPLETION DATE	ACCOUNTABILITY
Use 4 central locations (DO, OR, AH, RO) with proximity to each other. Check out administrative areas at each location. 76 phones at each location. D. Jaksen, J. Warner, P. Pulliams, and P. Fulton-Calkins to be at one location for 8 weeks. May use G. May also.			
Serve callers pizza, salad, drinkscheck out costs on this.	<u>.</u>		
Give buttons to people"I've got my 50, 100, 150, 200."			
Accountability: one person at each location each night to call central location to report number of calls made.			
Number of people needed from each location: DO - 100 AH - 100 RO/SF - 100 HL - 80 OR - 100 Retirees - 50 Student Assoc -70 Need person to train callers (C. Bennett?).' Training to occur 30 minutes before 1st session of 1st week of each 4-week period.			
Weeks to call: Dec. 13-15 Jan. 03-05			
Final Calls (33,000): Feb. 28-Mar. 02 Mar. 07-09 Mar. 13-15 Need 300 people, 100 each week, making 11,000 calls per week.			

ACTIVITY	RESPONSIBILITY	COMPLETION DATE	ACCOUNTABILITY
NOTE: Check with Public Sector about making calls at our locations. Suggest we use outside sources5 places with 60 phones at each place Chrysler, SOC, Ben Mabock, Bill Roberts, Florine Mark, Henry Saad.			
Student Group: Student plan needs to include the following: Registration of studentswhen? What can be done in classroom? Mailer to their homeswhat must it say?			D. Jaksen
Cable channelspublicityabout OCC.	G. Cartsonis		D. Jaksen
Meetings with all superintendents.	P. Fulton-Calkins	8/94 - 9/94	P. Fulton-Calkins
Meeting with mayors and city managers.	P. Fulton-Calkins	10/94 - 11/94	P. Fulton-Calkins
Meetings with townships and villages.	P. Fulton-Calkins	December, 1994	P. Fulton-Calkins
Luncheon/meeting with all legislators in early December. Call F. Cusmano, J. Simmons. G. Cartsonis to send letter of congratulations.	P. Fulton-Calkins	December, 1994	P. Fulton-Calkins
BLUE RIBBON COMMITTEE:	P. Fulton-Calkins		P. Fulton-Calkins
Schedule first meeting of Blue Ribbon Committee in mid-December.`			
Role of Blue Ribbon Committee: Advise and endorse. Endorsement: public, assist with business contacts, send letters to individuals who say "yes."			
Add George Mosher, Bruce McIntyre, Jan Dolan, Shirley Johnson to this committee.		``````````````````````````````````````	
Meet with Blue Ribbon Committee once in December, one in January, and once in February. Establish dates at first meeting (Dec. 15). Breakfast? Possibly January 10 and February 15.			
Determine Business Plan by middle of December number of businesses; invite to breakfasts at OR campus on January 4, 11, and 17; invite 8-10 businesses each time; ask that they send out letter to employees; have sample ready for them.	P. Fulton-Calkins		P. Fulton-Calkins
Set up time to talk with Detroit papersFeb. 1.	P. Fulton-Calkins		P. Fulton-Calkins

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ACTIVITY	RESPONSIBILITY	COMPLETION DATE	ACCOUNTABILITY
Determine if random poll of voters should be done to see how we're doing in February.	P. Fulton-Calkins		P. Fulton-Calkins
Memo out to Advisory Committees (Nov. 18) with card of commitment.	P. Fulton-Calkins		P. Fulton-Calkins

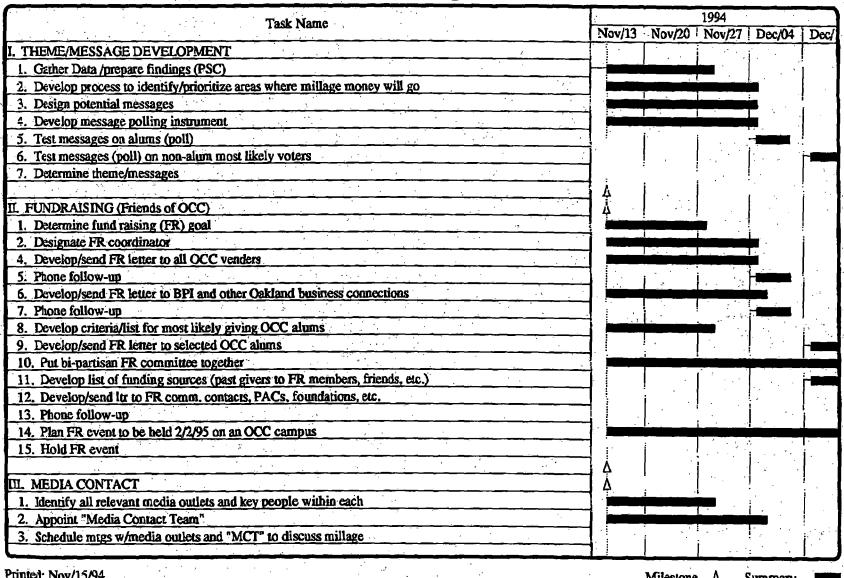
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Public Sector Consultants, Inc.

Date: 11/15/44
Please deliver the following page(s) to FAX #
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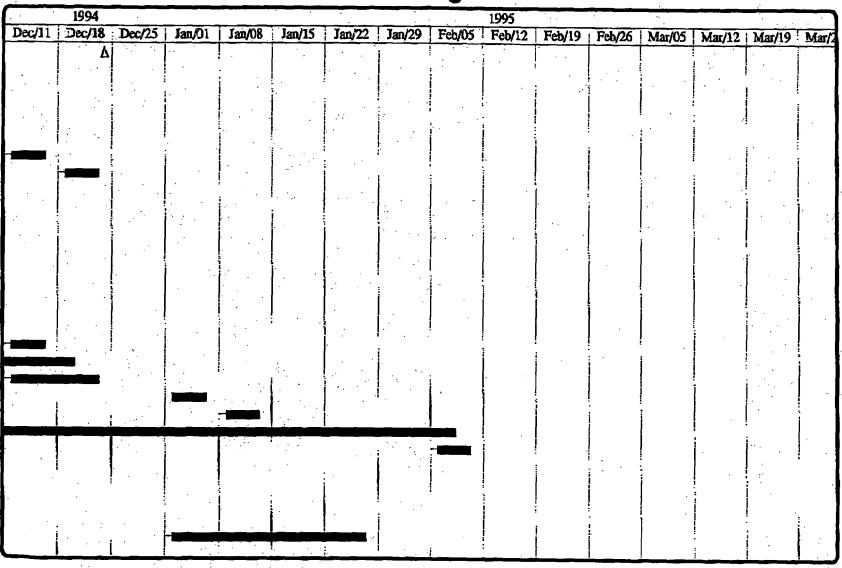
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Page 1

Milestone A Summary Fixed Delay - - -



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Milestone A

Summary

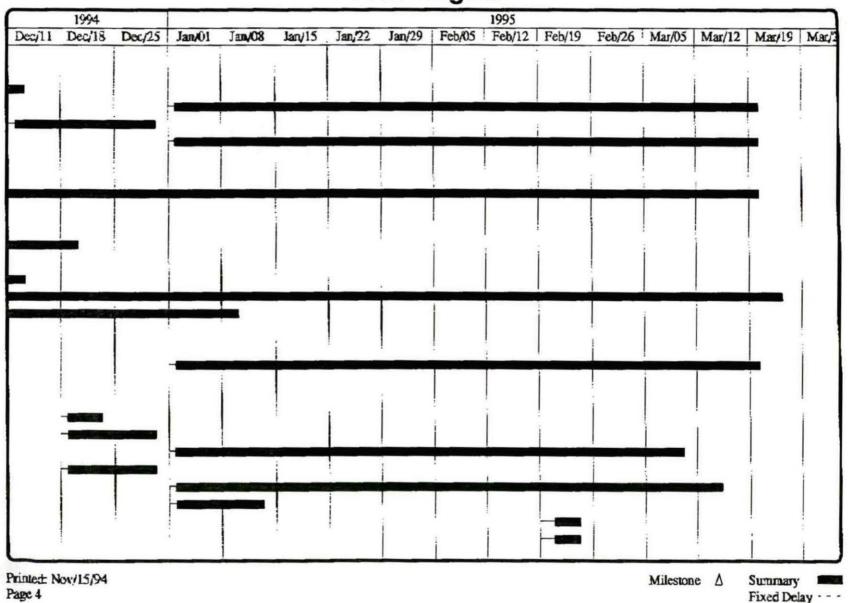
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Task Name			1994		
1331 Name	Nov/13	Nov/20	Nov/27	Dec/04	Dec
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v. field	4	}		l	
1. Identify/recruit people to be deputy registrars			<u>'</u>	<u>-</u>	
2. Recruit/train/deploy registrars & others to staff voter reg/millage info tables in campus cafeterias		i		<u> </u>	
3. Print banners for info tables and other spots on campuses		ŀ	, 1		
4. Develop/disseminate millage info messages for campus TV and computer terminal screens		!	1	! - "	,
5. Develop logistical tactics of OCC "Friends & Family" campaign		,		i , ,	ļ
6. Assign "Friends and Family" coordinator for each campus]	·		J .	
7. Deploy/monitor OCC "Friends & Family" campaign		i.		<u> </u>	+-
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7. VOTER IDENTIFICATION	Å	1			i.
1. Designate overall phone bank director		7			
2. Determine in-house logistics of voter ID plan					
3. Identify/secure phones					÷
4. Recruit/train phone bank volunteers		- تنسب			ţ
5. Recruit/train phone bank supervisors			<u> </u>	, 	Ţ
6. Refine/finalize likely alum voter computer lists			+====		•
7. Draft phone ID script		*	İ		!
8. Make voter ID phone calls				1	Ì
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I. MAIL/LITERATURE		i	1 .		ſ
1. Determine theme/messages		} .	.		j ,
2. Draft/produce general millage info brochure			i		ŀ
3. Mail general info brochure to targeted voters (in conjunction with phone ID program)		1			!
4. Draft/produce mail piece #1		ŀ		1.	1
5. Mail #1 to undecided voters from phone ID program		Į.			
6. Draft/produce mail piece #2	_] ! .			•	:
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8. Draft/produce mail piece #3		! .		1.0	!
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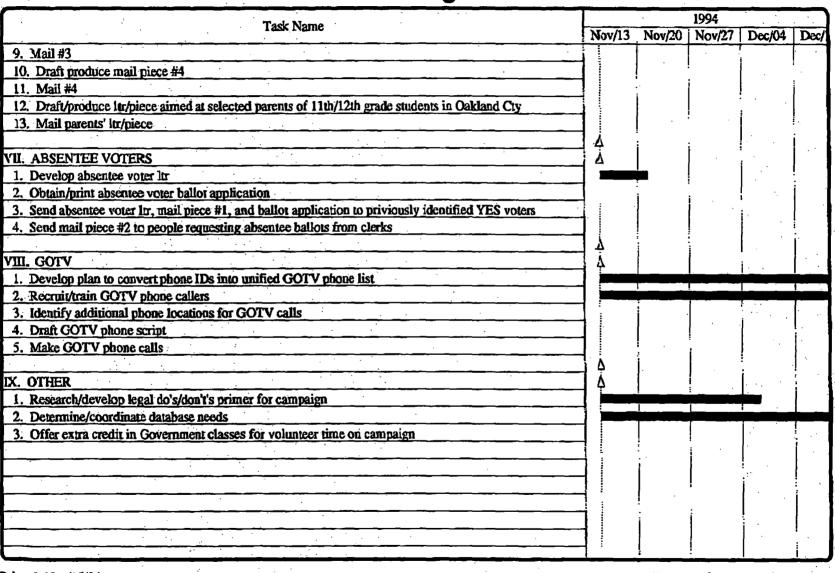
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Milestone A

Summary Fixed Delay



Summary -Fixed Delay - - -



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Milestone A

Summary Fired Del

Fixed Delay - - -

OAKLAND COMMUNITY COLLEGE Millage Election Planning Meeting November 15, 1994

Proposed Agenda

- 1. Candidates for campaign manager
 - a. Jim LaVallee
 - b. Colleen Ochoa
- 2. Millage campaign plan
 - a. Theme/message development
 - b. Fundraising
 - c. Media contact
 - d. Field
 - e. Voter identification
 - f. Mail/literature
 - g. Absentee voters
 - h. GOTV
- 3. Follow up steps

THEMES TO TEST FOR MILLAGE

From the Public Opinion and Millage baseline polls we know:

- 1. Location and cost are major reasons for choosing to attend OCC
- 2. 28% of the public know nothing about OCC services but 70% know family or friends who have attended.
- 3. Convenient location was the feature most liked
- 4. Support for a millage centered on support for education. Opposition centered on opposition to increased taxation/belief tuition should cover costs.
- 5. Theme of millage should be used for support for students not administrative costs or buildings.

Possible themes developing from this would be:

- 1. Educational Opportunity/Access to educational opportunity.
- 2. Job Training
- 3. Access to technological developments
- 4. Community service (weak at present, could OCC expand its role?)

Research Activity Recommendation

Research Activity #1

- a. One-on-one interviews with internal staff who are "non-supporters." Objective: Identify reasons why staff are against the millage. Information gained through these interviews will be valuable in shaping messages, responding to external requests, comments, etc. PSC to conduct interviews with staff from all employee groups (e.g. faculty, adjuncts, classified, management, administrators, part-timers, etc). OCC to provide names and organize meetings.
- b. One-on-one interviews with internal staff who are potential supporters. Objective: Determine how they perceive the priorities and need for the millage. OCC to provide names and organize meetings.
- c. Small group interviews with internal committed "grass root" supporters. Objective: Identify their perspectives on priorities and need for millage.

Note: This series of interviews will identify differences and common ground between the three groups.

Start: October 3, 1994

Completed: October 21, 1994

Cost: \$

Research Activity #2

Three Focus Groups with currently enrolled students. Objective: Determine student perception (image, quality of the college, OCC priorities, etc.). OCC to identify students and arrange meeting. Student participants will be representative of each campus and various demographic groups.

Start: October 3, 1994

Completed: October 21, 1994

Cost: \$

Research Activity #3

Poll of 400 likely alumni voters identified out of the 118,000 currently living in Oakland county. Objective: Identify likely support for millage, and determine what priorities should be. OCC to conduct poll.

Start: October 3, 1994

Completed: October 14, 1994 Cost: Planning & Analysis

Research Activity #4

Based on poll of alumni, PSC to conduct three Focus Groups with likely alumni voters. Objective: testing of theme and messages.

Start: October 17, 1994

Completed: October 28, 1994

Cost:

Research Activity #5

General poll of likely voters. Objective: Test messages and trusted information sources. OCC to conduct poll.

Start: October 31, 1994

Completed: November 11, 1994 Cost: Planning & Analysis

Research Activity Recommendation

Research Activity #1

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Cost: \$

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Based on poll of alumni, PSC to conduct three Focus Groups with likely alumni voters. Objective: testing of theme and messages.

Start: October 17, 1994

Completed: October 28, 1994

Cost:

Research Activity #5

General poll of likely voters. Objective: Test messages and trusted information sources. OCC to conduct poll.

Start: October 31, 1994

Completed: November 11, 1994 Cost: Planning & Analysis

Post-it Fax Note 7671	Date 10/5/94 # of pages ▶ 3
TO DAN JAKSEN	From KAY PRIMER
Co./Dept. D.O.	CO. PLANMING JANALYSIS
Phone # 4458	Phone # 17746
Fax #	Fax # 7544.

From : Public Sector Consultants PHONE No. : 517 484 0599

Oct.05 1994 1:29PM P01



Public Sector Consultants, Inc.

600 W. St. Joseph • Suite 10 • Lansing, MI 48933-2265 Telephone: (517) 484-4954 • Facsimile: (517) 484-6549

October 4, 1994

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Marty Orlowski and Kay Palmer

FROM:

Jon Hansen

SUBJECT:

Possible Dates for OCC Millage Interviews and Focus Groups

The following dates are available for us to be able to be in Oakland County. Some of the interviews or focus groups may need to take place at night (or weekends) depending on how things work out. Let's talk about it.

Thanks.

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14	1 -					
17	open					
18	2 -					
19	1:30 -					
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21						
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25		open				
26		open				
27		open				
28		open				
31		3 -				

NOVEMBER	Hansen	Gruber
1	open	open
2	open	open
3 4	open	1 -
4	open	open
7	12 -	12 -
8		open
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From : Public Sector Consultants

PHONE No. : 517 484 0599

Oct.05 1994 1:29PM P01



Public Sector Consultants, Inc.

600 W. St. Joseph • Sulte 10 • Lansing, MI 48933-2265 Telephone: (517) 484-4954 • Facsimile: (517) 484-6549 October 4, 1994

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Marty Orlowski and Kay Palmer

FROM:

Jon Hansen

SUBJECT:

Possible Dates for OCC Millage Interviews and Focus Groups

The following dates are available for us to be able to be in Oakland County. Some of the interviews or focus groups may need to take place at night (or weekends) depending on how things work out. Let's talk about it.

Thanks.

OCTOBER	Hansen	Gruber
10	open	3 -
11	9-3	4 -
12		1 -
13		
14	1 -	
17	open	
18	2 -	
19	1:30 -	
20	1:30 -	open
21		
24		12 -
25		open
26		open
27		open
28	No	open
. 21		3 -

NOVEMBER	Hansen	Gruber			
1	open	open			
2	open	open			
3	open	1 -			
4	open	open			
7	12 -	12 -			
8		open			
9 .		open			
10	1:30 -	open			
11	open	open			
14	open	3 -			
15	open	open			
16	open	open			
17	open	open			
18	open	open			
21	open	open			
22	open	open			
23	opon.	opon			
28	open	open			
29	open	open			
30	~F	opo			



Public Sector Consultants, Inc.

Date: 9/30/94	
Please deliver the following page(s) to FA	AX#_810_471-7544
TO: MARTY OR LOWER	
FROM: DAVID CORUDER	
Total number of pages	(including this cover sheet)
RE:	
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600 W. St. Joseph • Suite 10 • Lansing, MI 48933-2265 Telephone: (517) 484-4954 • Facsimile: (517) 484-6549

Oakland Community College Millage Campaign Research Activity Recommendations Cost Sheet

Research Activity #1

Assuming 25 interviews: \$7,750

Research Activities #2 and #4: Focus Groups

Assuming 6 focus groups: \$9,125

Research Activity #3 and #5: Survey Analysis

Two surveys: \$5,125

Travel expenses not to exceed \$500

Total: \$22,500

Costs do not include consulting time relating to stategic planning, campaign organization or message development.

Oakland Vs. State percentages

MHA COMMUNITY SURVEY

Hello, I'm calling from Public Sector Consultants in Lansing, Michigan. We are conducting a survey of public perceptions of health care in Michigan. The survey is not being conducted for any candidate or political party.

Are you 18 years of age or older and a resident of Michigan?

Yes	Continue
No	Terminate

Before we begin, let me tell you that this interview is completely voluntary. Should we come to any question that you don't want to answer, just let me know and we'll go on to the next question.

1. First, I'd like to ask you a question about issues facing your local community. What do you feel is the most important problem facing your community today? (OPEN ENDED)

a.	Jobs/unemployment	21%
b.	Quality of the environment	2%
c.	Crime/drugs	24%
d.	Streets/highways/transportation	2%
e.	Education system	16%
f.	Helping the needy	2%
g.	High property taxes	8%
h.	Health care (quality/access/cost)	12%
	Don't know/other	15%

Statewide

2. What is the biggest health problem in your local community? (OPEN ENDED-CODE BELOW)

Drugs and alcohol abuse	17%
AIDS 6%	4%
Pollution	3%
Availability of health care services	8%
The number of people without health insurance 20%	27%
The quality of health care services	5%
Others (offered)	15%
Don't know/refused	20%
	AIDS 6% Pollution 4% Availability of health care services 8% The number of people without health insurance 20% The quality of health care services 4% Others (offered) 12%

3.	Do you think that the health care system in your community meets or does not meet the needs of most people in the community you live in?	
	a. Meets needs 56% b. Does not meet needs 30% Don't know/not sure/undecided 12% Refused/other 1%	
4.	Do you think that the delivery of health care services in your community works pretty well and requires only minor changes, do you think it requires fundamental changes, or do you think it needs to be completely rebuilt?	
	a. Only minor changes 47% 44% b. Fundamental changes 18% 25% c. Completely rebuilt 22% 20% Don't know/undecided 9% 9% Refused/other 3% 2%	•
The	next few questions are about the Clinton health care plan.	
5.	As you currently understand his proposal, do you generally support or oppose it? If (support/oppose) would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose)?	
	a. Strongly support 28% 22% b. Somewhat support 25% 24% c. Neutral/undecided/unaware 18% 26% d. Somewhat oppose 8% 10% e. Strongly oppose 19% 16% Refused/other 2% 2%	
6.	Do you support or oppose the provision in the Clinton health care plan that requires all employers to pay 80 percent of the cost of health insurance for all their employees? If (support/oppose), would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose)?	
	a. Strongly support 28% 29% b. Somewhat support 24% 22% c. Neutral 8% 15% d. Somewhat oppose 15% 14% e. Strongly oppose 20% 17% Refused/other 5% 4%	

7.	Do you support or oppose the provision in the Clinton plan that requires ever to pay 20 percent of the cost of their own health care insurance?	y individual
	a. Strongly support	32%
	b. Somewhat support	30%
	c. Neutral	14%
	d. Somewhat oppose	9%
	e. Strongly oppose	12%
	Refused/other	3%
		*
8.	To provide health insurance for all citizens, would you prefer to have taxes increduce your health care benefits to provide benefits to people without health is	
	a. Increase taxes	47%
	b. Reduce health benefits	14%
	Depends/undecided/don't know	24%
	Refused/other	15%
9.	What amount of additional taxes per month, if any, are you willing to pay provide health insurance for all people in your community? \$ (code below) a. No increase in taxes	37% 22% 10% 4%
	e. \$31 to \$50	3%
	f. \$51 to \$100	3% 1%
	g. \$101 plus	1%
	Refused/other	17%
10.	If Congress were to enact the president's proposal, do you believe it would is health of citizens in your community a great deal, improve it some, make no difficit some, or hurt it a great deal?	improve the
	a. Improve a great deal	17%
	b. Improve some	34%
	c. No difference	19%
	d. Hurt some	9%
	e. Hurt a great deal	8%
	Other	2%
	Refused/don't know	10%

The next questions are about health care in your community.

11. The hospital or hospitals in your community provide a number of health services. Using the same grading system used by the schools, please tell me if you believe the local hospital(s) deserve an A for that service, a B, a C, a D or would you give them a failing grade? What grade would you give the hospital(s) for. . .

	A		В		C		D		. E/F		DK	
	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak.	St. %	Oak. %	St.	Oak.	St. %
a. the overall quality of health care?	36	31	38	39	20	20	0	3	1	2	5	4
b. providing prevention programs?	22	20	29	31	23	23	5	6	2	3	18	17
c. providing emergency care?	44	37	35	35	13	16	2	5	2.	3	4	5
d. having adequate facilities?	49	40	37	36	11	15	1	3	. <u>1</u>	1	2	4
e. having up-to-date technology?	.50	37	33	37	8	15	1	3	0	1	: . 6	6
f. meeting the health care needs of the community?	. 30	25	40	39	14	22	3	5	2	2	. 11	6

12. Using the same grading system, how would you grade local hospitals on the following policy issues? What grade would you give your local hospital for. . .

•	A	١.	В		C		D		E/F		DK	
	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %
 a. working with other health providers to hold down costs? 	5	9	17	20	21	25	14	12	12	9	31	26
b. providing leadership in changing the heat care system?		9	18	20	23	26	12	10	5	5 .	38	30
c. being a good neighbor?	24	26	45	40	18	19	2	3	ì	2	10	9

13. In the last three years, have you or any member of your family had difficulty obtaining necessary health care services?

a.	Yes		16%
b.	No	87%	82%
		Don't know/depends	1%
		Refused/other	0

14.	IF YES: Which of the following best describ	es why y	ou ha	d a diffi	cult ti	me?	
	 a. You didn't have health insurance b. You couldn't get an appointment with a dec. You didn't have transportation or the cared. You had to wait too long to see the health e. You didn't know whom to call Other	was too	far av	way	1	% 0 % 0 %	7% 2% 1% 2% 1% 5% 46%
15.	Have you or a member of your immediate f during the past three years?	amily be	en a j	patient a	at you	r local	hospital
	a. Yes		• • • •		28	%	62% 35% 1%
The	next few questions are about the future.						
16.	How likely is it that you or someone in your health insurance sometime during the next ten not very likely?			•			
	a. Very likely		• • • • •		23	% % %	30% 28% 33% 6% 1%
17.	We are interested in getting an idea of how reform. Please tell me if you have or have no past few years? Have you			_		_	
		Y	es ·	N	0	Don't	Know
		Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %
	a. assessed a politician's position on health care reform and used it to measure your support for him or her?	27	27	71	69	1	3
	b. written a letter to your congressman or legislator urging support for or opposition to health care reform?	13	13	85	84	0	1
	c. attended a meeting in your community to discuss health care reform?	9	10	90	89	1	1
	d. donated money or volunteer time to a local hospital?	16	20	84	78	0	· 1

18. Using the same list, do you expect to do any of the following during the next year? Do you plan to....

		Yes		N	0	Don't Know		
		Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	
a.	assess a politician's position on health care reform and use it to measure your support for him or her?	45	52	49	38	5	9	
b.	write a letter to your congressman or legislator urging support for or opposition to health care reform?	38	40	53	48	8	11	
c.	attend a meeting in your community to discuss health care reform?	35	36	56	52	9	11	
d.	donate money or volunteer time to a local hospital?	27	30	63	59	9	11	

19. Which statement comes closest to describing your views about the role your local hospital should play in changing health care in your community?

a.	It should lead in health care reform	23%
b.	It should be part of a community team, but not be the leader 59%	56%
	It should implement the decisions made by others 8%	10%
	Don't know/depends	11%
	Refused	1%

20. I will now read a list of organizations and individuals. I'm interested in knowing how much confidence you place in the information you receive from each. If you received written information about health care reform from the _______, would you trust or distrust the information? IF (trust/distrust), would that be (trust/distrust) somewhat or (trust/distrust) totally? (ROTATE)

	Tru Tota		Trust Somewhat		Don't Know		Distrı Somew		Distr Tota	
•	Oak. .%	St. %	Oak. %	St.	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. *
a. Local hospital	20	21	55	51	5	-11	14	12	2	3
b. Local chamber of commerce	- 12	15	44	46	19	21	15	12	: .5	4
c. Local labor unions	11 -	10	40	37	11	17	27	20	9	14
d. Local business leaders	6	8	54	49	. 11	16	19.	19	6	7
e. Your local state legislator	5	, 7	47	46	10	15	21	20	 14	11
f. Local newspaper editor	5	9	51	43	8	14	23	20	11	12
g. Local public health officials	12	16	57	50	11	14	13	13	5.	5
h. Blue Cross and Blue Shield of	,	•		٠,		÷	•			
Michigan	16	15	48	43	5	13	20	17	9	10
i. Other insurance			,						٠.	
companies	4	9	40	42	16	.19	28	19	9 -	10
j. Your family physician	54	51	30	32	5	7	7.	6	1	2
k. Your local congressman	5	11	52	46	14	15	18	17	8	10
l. Your employer	20	32	39	42	. 5	12	8	9	. 5	5

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20. I will now read a list of organizations and individuals. I'm interested in knowing how much confidence you place in the information you receive from each. If you received written information about health care reform from the _______, would you trust or distrust the information? IF (trust/distrust), would that be (trust/distrust) somewhat or (trust/distrust) totally? (ROTATE)

	Tru Tota		Trus Somew		Don't Know		Distru Somew		Distr Tota	
	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %	Oak. %	St. %
a. Local hospital	20	21	55	51	5	11	14	12	2	3
b. Local chamber of commerce	12	15	44	46	19	21	15	12	5	4
c. Local labor unions	11	10	40	37	11	17	27	20	9	14
d. Local business leaders	6	8	54	49	11	16	19	19	6	7
e. Your local state legislator	5	7	47	46	10	15	21	20	14	11
f. Local newspaper editor	5	9	51	43	8	14	23	20	11	12
g. Local public health officials	12	16	57	50	11	14	13	13	5	5
h. Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan	16	15	48	43	5	13	20	17	9	10
i. Other insurance companies	4	9	40	42	16	19	28	19	9	10
j. Your family physician	54	51	30	32	5	7	7	6	1	2
k. Your local congressman	5	11	52	46	14	15	18	17	8	10
l. Your employer	20	32	39	42	5	12	8	9	5	5

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Oakland Vs. State percentages

PUBLIC OPINION MONITOR



April 1994

Hello, I'm calling from Public Sector Consultants in Lansing, Michigan. We are conducting a survey of public perceptions of Michigan government. The survey is not being conducted for any candidate or political party.

Are you 18 years old or older and a resident of Michigan?

Yes CONTINUE No TERMINATE

(1)

(3)

Before we begin, let me tell you that this interview is completely voluntary. Should we come to any question that you don't want to answer, just let me know, and we'll go on to the next question.

1. First, I'd like to ask you a question about issues facing the State of Michigan. What do you think is the most important problem facing the state today? (OPEN ENDED)

Statewide

a.	Jobs/unemployment	16%
b.	Environment	0
c.	Crime/drugs	30%
d.	Taxes/balancing the budget	15%
	Education	22%
f.	Helping the needy	1%
g.	Property taxes	2%
h.	Health care	4%
	Other/don't know/refused	0

2. Do you believe the country is generally headed in the right direction or has it gotten off track seriously and is headed in the wrong direction?

a.	Right direction	37%	35%
	Wrong track		49%
	Don't know/undecided	14%	14%
	Refused/other	. 1%	2%

3. Do you believe Michigan is generally headed in the right direction, or has it gotten off track seriously and is headed in the wrong direction?

a.	Right direction	45%
b.	Wrong track	37%
	Don't know/undecided	17%
	Refused/other	1%

4.	To what extent do you approve or disapprove of the way Bill Clinton is handling his journal as president of the United States? Would you say you strongly approve, somewhat approve, somewhat disapprove, or strongly disapprove?	
	a. Strongly approve 22% b. Somewhat approve 30% c. Somewhat disapprove 22% d. Strongly disapprove 22% Don't know/neutral/undecided 5% Refused to answer/other 0	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66
5.	Generally speaking, to what extent do you approve or disapprove of the way John Engle is handling his job as Michigan's governor? Would you say you strongly approve somewhat approve, somewhat disapprove, or strongly disapprove?	
	a. Strongly approve 19% b. Somewhat approve 27% c. Somewhat disapprove 25% d. Strongly disapprove 19% Don't know/neutral/undecided 11% Refused to answer/other 0	66666
The r	next few questions are about health care reform.	
6.	In September President Clinton proposed major changes in the nation's health car system. As you understand his proposal, do you support or oppose it? (support/oppose), would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose) his plan?	ſf
	a. Strongly support 19% 17% b. Somewhat support 22% 25% c. Somewhat oppose 22% 16% d. Strongly oppose 23% 28% Don't know/neutral/undecided 15% 13% Refused/other 0 1%	6 % % % %
7.	Do you think that the delivery of health care services in Michigan works pretty well an requires only minor changes, do you think it requires fundamental changes, or do yo think it needs to be completely rebuilt?	
	a. Only minor changes 33% 35% b. Fundamental changes 30% 33% c. Completely rebuild 25% 20% Don't know/undecided 11% 9% Refused/other 1% 2%	% % %

(4)

(5)

(7)

8. Now I'd like to read you statements about health care reform. As I read each one, please tell me to what extent you agree or disagree. If (agree/disagree), would that be strongly (agree/disagree) or just somewhat (agree/disagree)?

			Strongly Somewhat Somewhat Agree Agree Disagree		Stron Disag						
		Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.
a.	Government has a moral responsibility to provide health care services for people who can't afford it.	32%	34%	32%	35%	14%	16%	19%	12%	3%	3%
b.	I worry about whether I will be able to afford health care insurance in the future.	26%	38%	32%	23%	18%	21%	20%	15%	4%	2%
c.	Health care consumers are to blame for many of the problems in our health care system.	18%	17%	32%	31%	25%	22%	18%	21%	7%	9%
d.	I trust government to design a good health care system that will be an improvement over the present system.	14%	14%	30%	28%	13%	16%	31%	36%	12%	% 6
e.	I worry that a pre-existing health condition of mine or someone in my family may prevent me from getting health insurance.	15%	23%	17%	21%	24%	25%	29%	25%	16%	6%

- 9. Assuming some tax increase will be needed to pay for health insurance for people without health insurance, please tell me if you support or oppose the following tax? If (support/oppose), would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose)? Do you support or oppose...
 - a. A 4 percent tax on tickets to entertainment events.

(10)

(11)

(13)

Strongly support	30%
Somewht support	28%
Neutral	8%
Somewhat oppose	17%
Strongly oppose	15%
Refused/other	2%

(14)	b. A tax on hospital and physician services.	
	Neutral 11% Somewhat oppose 33%	4% 13% 10% 28% 44% 2%
(15)	c. An increase in the personal income tax.	
	Neutral 12% Somewhat oppose 27%	7% 17% 8% 24% 42% 2%
(16)	d. An increase in alcohol taxes.	
	Somewhat support 22% Neutral 10% Somewhat oppose 7%	51% 17% 6% 11% 13%
(17)	e. A 25-cent tax on video rentals.	
	Somewhat support 25% Neutral 11% Somewhat oppose 20%	29% 24% 7% 18% 21%
10.	Do you believe the federal government should require employers to pay for all of the of health insurance for their employees, pay most of the cost, with the employees pa some of the cost, or should government not require employers to provide he insurance?	ying
(18)	b. Pay part 53%	14% 62% 16% 6% 2%

11.	Health care costs have increased substantially in recent years. In order to lir increases, do you prefer that the government (ROTATE OPTIONS)	nit future
	a. create a system of monitoring prices and establishing limits on	
	increases?	29%
	b. set health care prices?	16%
	c. create more competition among health care providers? 35%	32%
	Don't know/undecided	15%
	Refused/other 7%	7%
12.	Which statement comes closest to reflecting your views about the extent of go involvement in the way health care is provided. Do you believe	vernment
	a. little change is needed in the present system? 20%	21%
	b. government should take over the system?	9%
	c. government should oversee competition among private health care	770
	systems?	50%
	•	13%
	Don't know/undecided	
	Refused/other 6%	7%
13.	Four options for health care reform are presently being debated in Washin Lansing. Which of the four options do you prefer?	igton and
	a. Plan A keeps the current system	10%
	b. Plan B requires employers to offer but not pay for health insurance	
	for their employees. Low-income individuals would be given tax	
	breaks for the cost of insurance	17%
	c. Plan C guarantees coverage for all citizens, uses government	2, 70
	regulation to set prices, and is paid for by taxes 20%	17%
	d. Plan D guarantees coverage, uses regulation and competition to	17 /0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	hold down prices, and requires employers and employees to	A A 07.
	contribute to the cost of insurance	44%
	As you understand the four options, which one do you prefer—Plan A, B, Would you like me to repeat the options?	C, or D?
	None of the above	3%
	Don't know/undecided	8%
	Refused/other	2%
	Totalog officer	2,0
14.	Are you employed or currently looking for work? IF YES: Is employer-provide insurance a very significant, somewhat significant, or of little significance in conew job opportunities?	
	a. Very significant	38%
	b. Somewhat significant	13%
	c. Not significant	12%
	Other/don't know/refused (including not employed) 28%	35%

(20)

The next questions are about the 1994 elections.

(24)

(25)

(31)

15.		you think that Governor Eng serve reelection, or do you thin						
	a. b. c.	Reelect					21% 34%	36% 17% 36% 10%
16.	En	sing the same grading system us agler for the following activition ade for	es? Does	the gove	rnor earn	an A, E	3, C, D, o	or failing
			A Oak St	B Oak. St.	C Oak St	D Oak St	F Oak St	Other
	a.	working hard for his beliefs?	33%30%		19%19%			7% 7%
	а. b.	keeping his campaign promises?	5% 10%			11%11%		8%11%
	c.	being compassionate and caring?	10% 11%				15% 16%	8% 8%
	d.	working to reduce the threat of crime?	3% 5%				11%16%	9% 9%
	e.	improving the quality of the education system?	9% 8%	13%22%	31%29%	21% 17%	18%17%	9% 7%
	f.	improving the funding of the education system?	8%10%	23%23%	20%25%	17% 14%	25%20%	9% 8%
	g.	fighting to keep taxes low as possible?	12% 12%	25%26%	26% 26%	20% 15%	13%15%	5% 6%
	h.	improving the social service system?	12% 9%	20%20%	25%26%	14% 13%	15% 17%	16% 16%
	i.	Working for health care reform?	7% 5%	18% 18%	36%32%	9% 13%	9% 10%	22%22%
		h, voters approved Proposal A, ed property taxes.	which inc	creased the	e sales tar	x from 4	to 6 perce	ent to pay
17.		s you understand the effect of xes to increase, stay the same	_	~	-	., do you	expect y	our total
	a. b. c.	Increase					27% 27% . 3%	40% 25% 28% 6% 1%
			· · · · · · ·					_ ,5

18.	Thinking about the governor's role in the passage of Proposal A, which statement comes closest to reflecting your thoughts?				
	a. I appreciate the governor's efforts to offer voters the chance to adopt				
	a sales tax instead of the income tax plan adopted by the legislatu28%	35%			
	b. I believe the governor manipulated the system so that we had to chose between two bad options	43%			
	c. I preferred the income tax plan	5%			
	d. I preferred the system the way it was	7%			
	Don't know/undecided/didn't vote	7%			
	Refused/other	2%			
19.	How much of the time do you think you can trust state government to do wha	t is right?			
	a. Just about always	5%			
	b. Some of the time	55%			
	c. Not very often	38%			
	Refused/other	2%			
20.	When state government leaders make statements to Michigan citizens on televithe newspapers, how much of the time do you think they are telling the truth?				
	a. Just about always	5%			
	b. Some of the time	55%			
	c. Not very often	38%			
	Refused/other	2%			
21.	Do you think the people we elect to state offices usually try to keep the pron have made during the election, or do they forget those promises once the election	•			
	a. Yes—They try to keep their promises	35%			
	b. No—They forget about their promises	56%			
	Refused/other	8%			

(50)

(51)

(52)

22. We also are interested in how people's living situations may have changed. Looking into the future, how do you think your financial situation will be next year compared to your financial situation now? Will it be better or worse next year at this time?

(53)

(58)

a.	Better	28%
b.	Worse	22%
c.	Same	48%
	No opinion/refused	2%

23. The next few questions ask about your expectations of Michigan's future. Each of the following questions concerns a specific problem facing Michigan. Please tell me if you believe Michigan will be better or worse off a year from now regarding that particular problem?

		Better		Worse		Same		Don Kno	-
		Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.
a.	Will job opportunities be better, worse, or about the same as they								
	are today?	49%	34%	23%	20%	23%	40%	6%	6%
b.	Will race relations be better, worse, or about the same as they								
	are today?	26%	20%	20%	25%	44%	48%	10%	6%
c.	Will the quality of health care be better, worse, or about the same								
	as it is today?	21%	21%	24%	17%	46%	53%	10%	8%
d.	Will the quality of public education be better, worse, or about the same as it is				:				
	today?	24%	26%	28%	25%	37%	42%	11%	7%

Now I would like to ask you a few questions for statistical purposes only.

24. In the last general election in which you voted, which of the following best describes how you voted? (READ CHOICES 1 THROUGH 7)

a.	Straight Democratic	15%
	Mostly Democratic	14%
c.	For a few more Democrats than Republicans 10%	8%
d.	About equally for both parties	19%
e.	For a few more Republicans than Democrats 12%	9%
f.	Mostly Republican	16%
g.	Straight Republican	9%
	Other/don't know/depends	7%
	Refused 4%	4%

	25.	What is your age as of your last birthday?	
		a. <25	5% 16% 24% 17% 15% 6% 1%
(60-62)	26.	What county do you live in? (ENTER CODE NUMBER FOR	COUNTY)
(63-67)	27.	What is your zip code?	
	28.	In what type of community do you live? Would you say you live in a l suburban area, a small city or town, or a rural area?	arge city, a
(68)		a. Detroit	12% 11% 37% 25% 15% 0
1 -	29.	How would you describe your main ethnic or racial background? (CIRCLE R	RESPONSE)
(69)		a. Black/African-American 5% b. White/Caucasian 92% c. Asian/Pacific Islander 2% d. Hispanic 0 e. Native American/American Indian 1% Other: (specify) 0 Refused to answer/other 0	11% 85% 1% 1% 1% 1%

	income of all the households we interview. Now, thinking about your household annual income from all sources, please tell me the letter that most closely conto your total household income:	
	a. Less than \$10,000	8%
	b. \$10,000–19,000	14%
	c. \$20,000–34,000	20%
	d. \$35,000–49,000	22%
	e. \$50,000–59,000	9%
	f. \$60,000–69,000	5%
	g. More than \$69,000	10%
	Other/refused to answer	11%
31.	Do you presently have children in the K-12 public school system?	
	a. Yes	27%
	b. No	71%
	Refused/other	1%
32.	INTERVIEWERS: CODE RESPONDENT'S SEX HERE. DO NOT ASK.	
	a. Male 51%	51%
	b. Female	49%
	·	

To get a picture of people's financial situations, we need to know the general range of

That completes our survey. Thank you for the interview.

m:\oakland\apr94pom.sur

30.

(71)

Oakland Vs. State percentages

PUBLIC OPINION MONITOR



Statewide

December 2-8, 1993

Hello, I'm calling from Public Sector Consultants in Lansing, Michigan. We are conducting a survey of public perceptions of Michigan government. The survey is not being conducted for any candidate or political party.

Are you 18 years old or older and a resident of Michigan?

Yes CONTINUE No TERMINATE

(1)

(2)

(3)

Before we begin, let me tell you that this interview is completely voluntary. Should we come to any question that you don't want to answer, just let me know, and we'll go on to the next question.

1. First, I'd like to ask you a question about issues facing the State of Michigan. What do you think is the most important problem facing the state today? (OPEN ENDED)

a.	Jobs/unemployment	21%
b.	Environment	2%
	Crime/drugs	21%
	Taxes/balancing the budget	14%
	Education	32%
f.	Help the needy	4%
	Property tax	2%
	Health care	3%

2. Do you believe the country is generally headed in the right direction, or has it gotten off track seriously and is headed in the wrong direction?

a.	Right direction	36%
	Wrong track	52%
	Don't know/undecided	10%
	Refused/other	1%

3. To what extent do you approve or disapprove of the way Bill Clinton is handling his job as president of the United States? Would you say you strongly approve, somewhat approve, somewhat disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

a.	Strongly approve	13%
b.	Somewhat approve	40%
	Somewhat disapprove	20%
	Strongly disapprove	19%
	Don't know/neutral/undecided 4%	7%
	Refused to answer/other	0

4.	To what extent do you approve or disapprove of the job the United States doing? Would you say you strongly approve, somewhat approve, somewhat or strongly disapprove?	Congress is disapprove,
	a. Strongly approve 5% b. Somewhat approve 33% c. Somewhat disapprove 37% d. Strongly disapprove 23% Don't know/neutral/undecided 3% Refused to answer/other 0	2% 27% 31% 31% 9% 0
5.	Generally speaking, to what extent do you approve or disapprove of the way is handling his job as Michigan's governor? Would you say you strong somewhat approve, somewhat disapprove, or strongly disapprove?	John Engler ly approve,
	a. Strongly approve	12% 32% 23% 25% 8% 0
6.	To what extent do you approve or disapprove of the job the state legislature. Would you say you strongly approve, somewhat approve, somewhat disstrongly disapprove?	re is doing? approve, or
	a. Strongly approve	5% 33% 26% 18% 18%
The n	next few questions are about health care reform.	
7.	In September President Clinton proposed major changes in the nation's system. As you understand this proposal, do you support or oppo (support/oppose), would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just (support/oppose) his plan? a. Strongly support b. Somewhat support 22%	se it? If
·	c. Somewhat oppose	14% 24% 14%

(4)

8.	The president's health care re Which one of the following	~ ~	-	-		_
	a. Guaranteeing access to h	eálth care cers	rices		20%	16%
	b. Providing security against					16%
	c. Protecting against catastr				13%	
	to major sicknesses				13%	16%
	d. Reducing the overall cos	t of health car	e		31%	32%
	Combinations				14%	15%
	Don't know/other	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		9%	6%
9.	Medicare presently provides recipients be included in nati in separate Medicare program	onal or state h				
•	a. Included				38%	41%
	b. Remain					45%
	Refused					13%
	Refused		• • • • • • • • •		10%	15 /6
10a	a. Which of the following two	do you prefer	to manage th	ne delivery	of health	care?
	a. The private sector			. 	66%	67%
	b. Government					18%
	Refused/other					15%
10t	b. The president has proposed the called health alliances. Do agencies or nonprofit organizations.	you prefer the	ese purchasin	g alliance		_
	a. Government agency				6%	11%
	b. Non-profit organization .					74%
	Refused/other					15%
11.	to be used to insure health	insurance for If (support/op	all Michigan	residents	? Do you	support or
-	J T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Strongly	Somewhat	Somewhat	Strongly	
		Support	Support	Oppose	Oppose	Refused
		Oak. St.	Oak. St.	Oak. St.	Oak. St.	Oak. St.
-	a. Increasing the cigarette tax				•	
	by a dollar a pack	30% 46%	29% 20%	17% 13%	19% 18%	5% 3%
	b. Increasing the tax on hard					
	liquor by \$1 per fifth	29% 49%	30% 22%	15% 12%	21% 13%	5% 3%
	c. Increasing the tax on beer by				•	
	10 cents per can.	30% 47%	25% 24%	18% 12%	22% 15%	5% 2%
	d. Implementing a tax on videotape rentals of 25 cents per rental.	16% 23%	23% 23%	23% 17%	29% 32%	8% 5%
	-					

(10)

(12)

12.	Do you support or oppose a tax increase of \$10 per month per the tax will guarantee coverage and access to health care services as well as people without any insurance. If (support/oppose) (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose)?	for you and your	family
	a Strongly support	21%	10%

a.	Strongly support	19%
b.	Somewhat support	28%
	Somewhat oppose	16%
d.	Strongly oppose	27%
	Don't know/other	10%
	Refused	1%

13. Do you believe Congress should enact health care reform before the 1994 elections?

(17)

(19)

a.	Pass it now	52%
b.	Wait	30%
	Don't know/don't care	12%
	Refused/other	7%

The next questions are about changing the way Michigan schools are financed and run.

14. Were you aware or unaware of the legislation passed this summer eliminating all property taxes for financing the operation of local schools?

a.	Aware	84% 86%
b.	Unaware	6% 11%
	Don't know	9% 2%
	Refused	1% 1%

15. This legislation is known as Senate Bill 1. Senate Bill 1 reduced property taxes by over \$6 billion. Schools no longer have local property taxes to pay for their operations. Responsibility for funding will be shifted to the state. The legislature is currently in the process of determining how to replace all or part of the revenue.

Do you believe it was a good or a bad idea to eliminate property taxes first and worry about replacing the lost revenue later? If (good/bad), would that be a very (good/bad) idea or just a somewhat (good/bad) idea?

a.	Very good idea	18%
b.	Somewhat good idea	15%
C.	Somewhat bad idea	22%
d.	Very bad idea	38%
	Don't know/undecided	6%
	Refused	0

16. There is currently a proposal to repeal this law. Adoption of the proposal will reenact the previous system of funding public schools. Do you favor or oppose repealing Senate Bill 1? If (favor/oppose), would that be strongly (favor/oppose) or just somewhat (favor/oppose)?

a. Strong	ly favor	19%
b. Somew	hat favor	17%
c. Somew	hat oppose	21%
d. Strong	ly oppose	30%
Ne	utral/no opinion/don't know 8%	13%
Ref	fused/other 0	1%

17. Governor Engler recently presented his plan for changing the way public schools are financed and how they are run. As you understand his proposal, do you generally support or oppose it? If (support/oppose), would that be strongly (support/oppose) or just somewhat (support/oppose)?

(21)

(23)

(25)

a.	Strongly support	11%
b.	Somewhat support	. 24%
c.	Somewhat oppose	16%
d.	Strongly oppose	21%
	Don't know/neutral/undecided	28%
	Refused/other	0

18. I will now read different ideas that the legislature and governor are considering. After each, please tell me if you believe _______ is a good idea or bad idea?

		Good Idea		Bad ?	Bad Idea		ided
	15	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.
a.	Allowing parents to choose their child's public school regardless of where they live	29%	45%	57%	45%	14%	10%
b.	Receiving a report card on each school describing test scores,	_,	1575		1570	1470	
c.	expenditures, and programs Allowing people without college training in education to teach	72%	79%	13%	14%	15%	7%
d.	classes Creating "charter schools," where public agencies other than	25%	25%	57%	62%	18%	14%
e.	schools could start their own schools with funds from the state Giving teachers more authority in	29%	28%	47%	53%	24%	19%
f.	setting school building budgets and policies	35%	52%	45%	36%	20%	12%
1.	Having the state set course requiren for each grade level and subject	55%	63%	16%	22%	29%	15%

19. Do you agree or disagree with the following statements about school reform? If (agree/disagree), would that be strongly (agree/disagree) or just somewhat (agree/disagree)?

			ongly gree	Some Agr		Some Disag			ngly gree	Refus	sed
		Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.
a.	I trust the governor and										
	the legislature to find a										
	good way to finance the			*							
	schools now that it has					*					
	been decided that property										
	taxes are going to be reduced dramatically.	100	1201	200	3101	0601	3401	0.40	05 6		4 64
b.	The public schools in my	10%	13%	39%	31% .	26%	24%	24%	21%	1%	4%
υ.	community need to be changed		,			,					
	drastically.		20%	28%	26%	29%	20%	30%	20%	5%	5%
c.	Increased competition among t		20 10	20 70 .	- 0 /0	27 10 1	-) 10	5070	2070	370	J 10
	schools will improve public					-					
	schools significantly.	19%	26%	49%	35%	20%	22%	5%	11%	7%	7%
d.	Teacher unions have kept										
	Michigan schools from improv	inĝ3%	24%	21%	22%	31%	29%	15%	16%	0	9%
a. b. c.	Increase Same Decrease Don't know Depends Refused/other	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •			45% 14% 6% 9% . 0		25% 45% 13% 7% 8% 1%
ac]	hich one of the following hieve as it considers school	goals l refor	do yo m? ()	ou feel ROTAT	is mo TE)	ost imp	orta	nt for	the I	egislat	ure to
á. b.	Providing parents a choic	e in th	ne sch	ool the	ir chi	ldren a	tteno	d :	10%	,	8%
U.	Ensuring greater equity as available	mong	201100	a castra	is in	ine res	sour	es /	2001	•	20.07
c.	Improving the quality of	····	· · · ·		• • • •		• • •		0.5% 1.60		29%
d.										•	32%
	Providing for a tax reduct										9%
e.	Protecting the current qua										16%
,	Other (offered)	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •					3%		3%
	Don't know/other								4%		3%

(30)

(31)

20.

21.

22. In the past few days a bipartisan group of legislators has announced agreement on a proposed method of financing schools. The bipartisan plan offers two tax options. One option includes an increase in the income tax from 4.6 percent to 6 percent. This would provide for a 33 percent reduction in property tax rates. This option is to be enacted by the legislature without a vote of the people.

The second option is to increase the income tax from 4.6 percent to 5.3 percent and the sales tax from 4 percent to 6 percent. This would provide for a 45 percent reduction in property tax rates. This option requires a vote of the people.

Do you prefer option 1, option 2, or neither tax options?

a.	Prefer option 1	17%
b.	Prefer option 2	50%
	Prefer neither or another option	24%
	Undecided/don't know/refused/other	9%

3. Do you support or oppose a constitutional amendment allowing the death penalty for the most heinous crimes?

a.	Support	69%
b.	Oppose	23%
	Refused	8%

The next set of questions are about the quality of life in Michigan and your community.

24. How would you rate your personal quality of life at the present time? Would you say that it is excellent, good, just fair, or poor?

a.	Excellent	26%
b.	Good	52%
c,	Just fair	15%
d.	Poor	6%
	Don't know/other 0	1%
	Refused 0	0

25. I am going to read a list of factors that affect the quality of life in your part of Michigan. Please tell me if the factor I read is a positive or negative aspect of living in your community. If (positive/negative), would that be very (positive/negative) or just a little (positive/negative)? (ROTATE)

			ry itive	Pos	itive	ive Neut		Negative	•	ery ative	Don't Know	-
		Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak.	St.	Oak. St	Oak	. St.	Oak.	St.
a. b.	Job opportunities The K–12 education	13%	9%	32%	35%	17%	11%	21% 29%	13%	13%	3%	3%
0	system Personal and	29%	17%	49%	45%	13%	11%	10% 17%	0	5%	0	4%
d.	family safety	45%	26%	38%	50%	10%	7%	7% 13%	0	3%	0	1%
a.	Access to cultural activities	44%	23%	37%	44%	11%	9%	5% 14%	0	5%	4%	4%
e.	Recreational activities	40%	29%	40%	47%	9%	6%	8% 10%	0	4%	3%	2%
f. g.	The health care system The quality of your	21%	22%	41%	46%	12%	9%	15% 15%	8%	5%	1%	3%
	neighborhood	44%	32%	42%	50%	13%	7%	1% 8%	0	2%	0	0

26. We are interested in learning your attitudes toward state government in general.

(37) (38)

(39)

(40)

(41) (42) (43)

(45)

a. How much of the time do you think you can trust state government to do what is right?

Just about always	7%
Some of the time	60%
Not very often	33%
Refused/other	1%

b. When state government leaders make statements to Michigan citizens on television or in the newspapers, how much of the time do you think they are telling the truth?

Just about always	8%
Some of the time	58%
Not very often	33%
Refused/other	1%

c. Do you think the people we elect to state offices usually try to keep the promises they have made during the election, or do they forget those promises once the election is over?

Yes—They try to keep their promises	32%
No—They forget about their promises	60%
Refused/other	8%

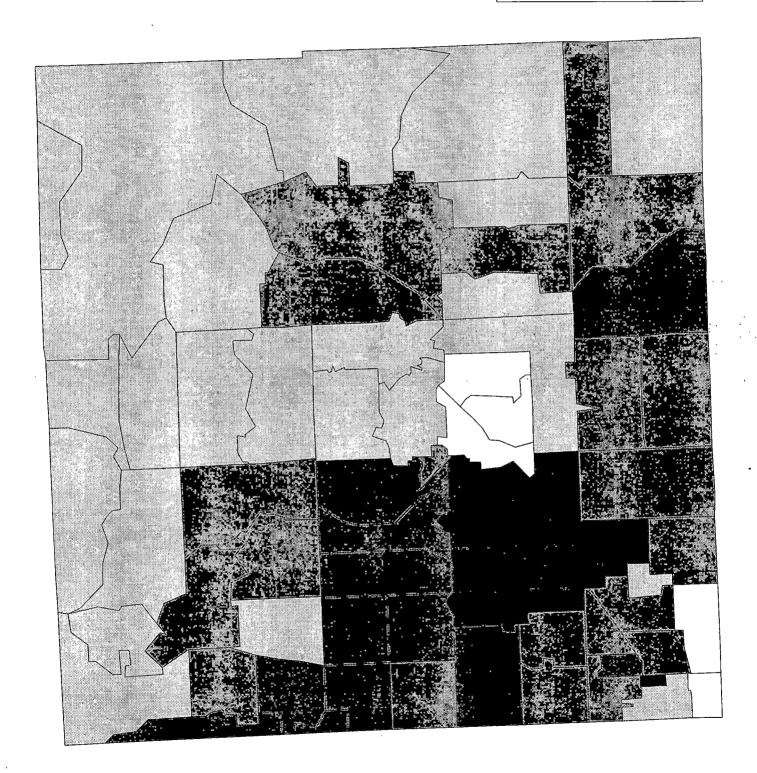
`	27.	We also are interested in how people's living situations may have changed. Look the future, how do you think your financial situation will be next year compared financial situation now? Will it be better or worse next year at this time?	_
الر		imalicial situation now: will it be better of worse next year at this time?	
7)		a. Better 37% b. Worse 20% c. Same 40% No opinion/refused 3%	30% 21% 47% 2%
	Now	I would like to ask you a few questions for statistical purposes only.	
-	28.	In the last general election in which you voted, which of the following best described you voted? (READ CHOICES 1 THROUGH 7))	bes how
9)	29	a. Straight Democratic 13% b. Mostly Democratic 16% c. For a few more Democrats than Republicans 11% d. About equally for both parties 18% e. For a few more Republicans than Democrats 12% f. Mostly Republican 13% g. Straight Republican 12% Other/don't know/depends 3% Refused 3% What is your age as of your last birthday? a. <25	13% 16% 8% 23% 11% 12% 10% 4% 3% 7% 15% 24% 17% 16% 14% 6%
2-63)	30.	Refused/other	1%
1-55)	31.	What is your zip code?	
,			•.
	32.	In what type of community do you live? Would you say you live in a large suburban area, a small city or town, or a rural area?	city, a
5)		a. Detroit 8%	9%
		b. Other large city	13%
	,	c. Suburban area	39%
`		d. Small town or city	24%
_)		e. Rural/village area	13%
		1014504/04101	U

	33.	How would you describe your main ethnic or racial background? (CIRCLE RES	SPONSE)
		a. Black/African-American	12%
J		b. White/Caucasian	83%
		c. Asian/Pacific Islander	3%
•		d. Hispanic	1%
		e. Native American/American Indian	1%
		Other: (specify)	1%
		Refused to answer/other	0
	34.	What is the last year of school that you completed?	•
١		a. Grade school only 8%	201
,		b. Did not finish high school	3% 9%
		c. High school diploma or GED	28%
		d. Vocational or technical school	28% 8%
		e. Some college	22%
		f. College graduate (BS, BA)	18%
		g. Postgraduate work	4%
		h. Graduate or professional degree (PhD, MD, DO, MA, MBA, etc. 12%	7%
		Don't know/refused to answer	0
		annual income from all sources, please tell me the letter that most closely corto your total household income:	responds
)	•	a. Less than \$10,000	9%
		b. \$10,000–19,000	16%
		c. \$20,000–34,000	22%
	ř	d. \$35,000–49,000	19%
		e. \$50,000–59,000	10%
		f. \$60,000–69,000	5%
		g. More than \$69,000	9%
		Other/refused to answer	10%
	36.	Do you presently have children in the K-12 public school system?	
,)		a. Yes	35%
-		b. No	64%
		Refused/other	1%
	37.	INTERVIEWERS: CODE RESPONDENT'S SEX HERE. DO NOT ASK.	
)		a. Male	52%
	1	b. Female	48%
)		This is all the questions I have for you. Thank you for the interview.	•

(60)

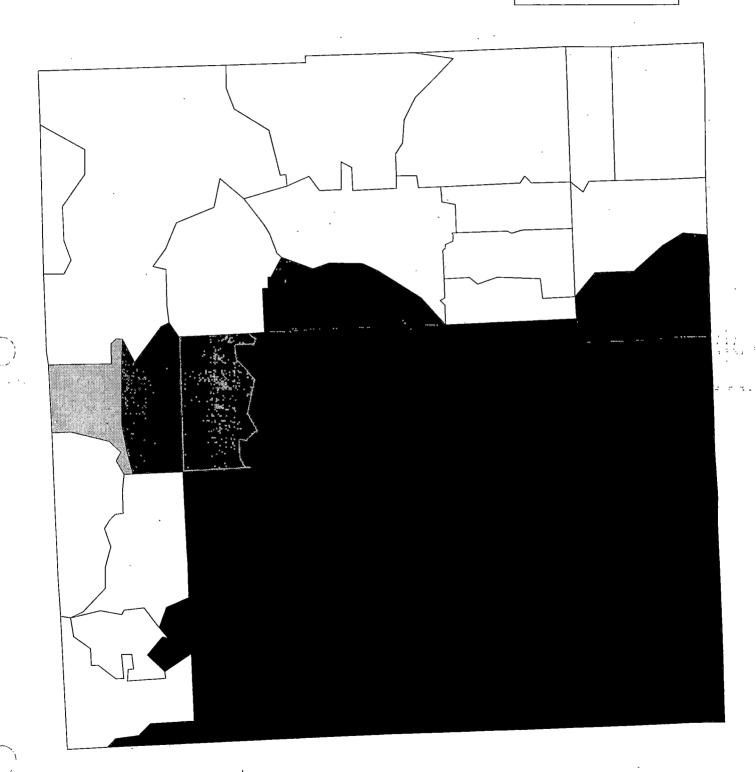
Oakland County

College Education Percent - Some College and Above



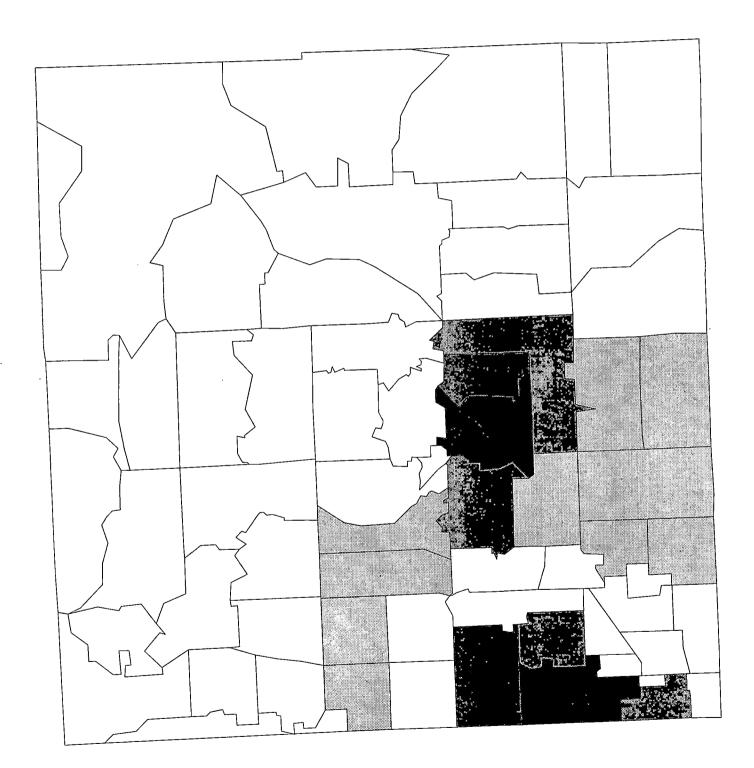
Oakland County

Urban Percentage ■ 90 to 100 ■ 80 to 90 ■ 60 to 70 ■ 20 to 40 □ 0 to 20 □ all others



Oakland County

Non-white Percentage ■ 40 to 65 ■ 20 to 40 ■ 10 to 20 ■ 5 to 10 □ 0 to 5



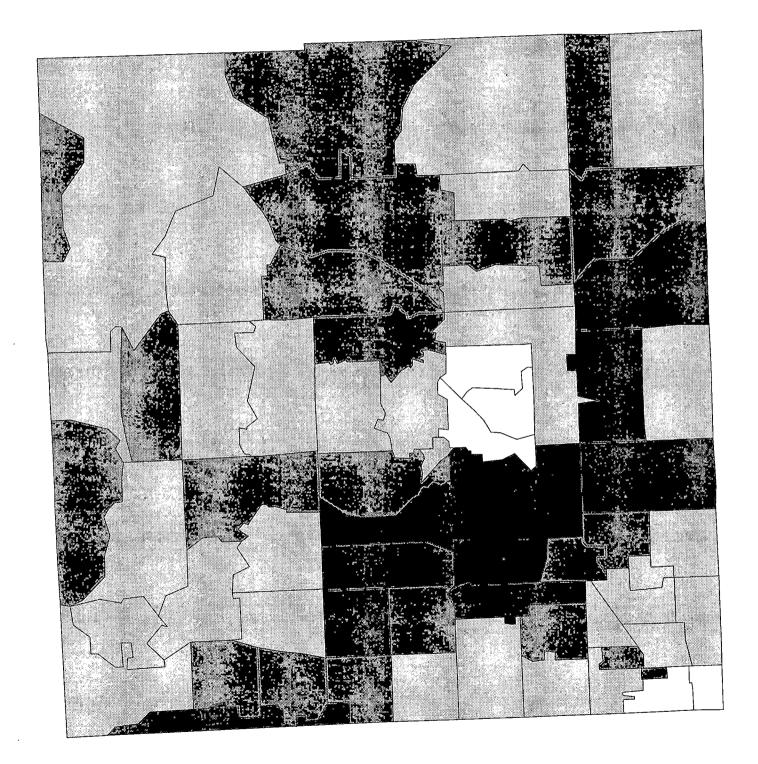
Oakland County

Median Household Income

75000 to 90000 60000 to 75000

45000 to 60000 30000 to 45000

☐ 15000 to 30000



Practical Political Consultants Mark Grebner Man Fox. (517) 351-6682

Only firm in Michigan

Lists contain:

Name

Phone number

If they voted in recent elections (5 or six back)

Absentee (Y/N)

Political party

Age

Gender

Housing value (Census block)

\$300 N=500 (10,000 names)

Additional samples at the same time + \$100

Screen out unlikely voters at varying levels e.g. 80%, 90% ...

Survey Varidated by

Charcellari Council.

R. Sanders.

J. Valentie G. Reik

M. Snyon.

Dave Dardge.

Jo-an Rossi at Morres Associateo.

(313) 353-3927.



November 14, 1994

To: Marty Orlowski and Kay Palmer

Office of Institutional Planning and Analysis

From: Lynn G. Johnson

Subject: Compilation of OCC Needs

Thank you for your assistance in the inventory of OCC needs for millage support.

I thought you might be interested in seeing the results to date, so I have enclosed a copy of the latest compilation which I have forwarded to Dan Jaksen. It is intentionally informal, and as I have indicated to Dan, undoubtedly incomplete. My sense is that the numbers probably underestimate the college's needs in several categories.

I would welcome any comments or suggestions. And if you have additional items which should be included, please let me know and I will pass that information along.

Thanks again for your help.

NEEDS: (OLLEGE NEEDS SUMMARY [millions]	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
ACADEMIC PROGRAMS	5.9	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.2
INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY	6.2	5.7	5.6	2.1	3.8
STUDY SKILLS DEVELOPMENT	5.7	5-1	5.3	5. <i>4</i>	5.6
SCHOLARSHIPS AND FINANCIAL AID	.8	.8	.9	. 9	1.0
PROFESSIONAL AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	9.3	9. 5	9. 7	10.0	10.2
TOTALS: [millions]	£29.2	28.0	28.7	25.8	28. 2

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
1. COLLEGE-WIDE CURRICULUM REVIEW To review and update 15 of entire curriculum each year Academu Programs (ourdinator (also to coordinate all faculty & instructional development programs) (\$100,000 for salam, benefits, office support); Consultants in 22 subject 21225/year (110,000); Faculty Released Time (\$55,000) = \$265,000/year (+ 3% inflation). COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT + OUTCOMES ASSESSMENT	\$265,000	272,950	281,138	289,572	298,259
To conduct reserrch, 25515 t departments, and train faculty in developing course competencies and assessing outcomes: Faculty Peer Trainers (10 fr 50,000); Consultents (40,000); Workshops of Training Seminars (432,000): \$\frac{4}{122,000/year} (+ 3% inflation).	122,000	125,785	129,559	133,445	137,449
3. COLLEGE-WIDE ENROLLMENT SERVICES To provide recruitment 4 retention 25515 tzuce to zll (241 puses: Consultants (\$25,000) and Workshops (\$10,000). Conversion from ASSET to alternate 255 essment methods such 26 COMPASS (\$140,000 one-time conversion cost plus \$35,000/year). (3% inflation)	\$210,000	72,100	74,263	76,490	78, 785

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p. 2)	1996	1997	1998,	1999	2000
4. PROGRAM EXPANSION IN AREAS OF BROWTH To expand programs in high demand fields through Idditional instructors and course offerings: Manufathering Technology, Business & Environmental Technology, Nursing & Dental Hygiene, International & Cross-Cultural Programs, Public Service Technologies (Average of #67,000 forsalary & benefits / position): 670,000/year + 3%	#670,000	690,100	710,803	732,127	754,090
5. HEALTH & PUBLIC SERVICE UPGRADING To replace & enhance facilities and equipment for high clemand programs in Nursing (\$600.000), Allied Health (\$700,000), Police Training (\$500,000), Fire Training (\$690,000), and Emergency Medical Technology (\$200,000): \$2,890,000 over 5 years = \$578,000 / year.	\$ 5 7 8,000	578,000	578,000	578,000	578,000
6. SPECIAL LABORATORIES & EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION To furnish, replace, and upgrade facilities and equipment in specialized program news: Science and Math Labs (\$2 million); Computer Labs (\$2 million); Graphic Arts (\$300,000); Engineering Lab (\$200,000); (ulinary Arts (\$750,000); and Performing Arts (\$1,400,000): \$6,650,000 over 5 years = 1,330,000/year		1,330,000	1,330,000	1,330,000	1, 330,000

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p.3)	1996	1997	1998,	1999	2000
7. PONTIAC MIDDLE COLLEGE An early college exposure program for 2t-risk students patterned after highly successful LaGuardia (ommunity College Program: School Principal (%0,000); Teachers (\$50,000); Adjunct Faculty (\$25,000); Rental of space (\$100,000); Clerical (\$60,000); Office Supplies and equipment (\$50,000): \$4445,000 + 3% inflation	# 44 5 ,000	458, 350		486,263	·
8. BUSINESS INSTRUCTION + TRAINING To extend the services of the Tech-Net Business Trzining Center: Trzining Coordinators (4) (#234,000); Secretary (#39.000); Office Symples & equipment (#40,000): #313,000/year + 3% inflation.	# 313,000				
9. SCHOOL TO WORK PROGRAMS To provide instruction in work-sites with opportunities for hands-on applications of learning to practice and actual work experience: School-to-Work (angus Coordinators (4 In \$234,000); Secretarial Support (\$39,000); Office Supplies & equipment (\$40,000); Facilities Rental (add 6 programs/year at \$12,000 each); Consultants (beginning at \$40,000 yr 1 and deceasing); Faculty Released Time (6 purpose at \$2,500): \$440,000 in Year 1, in weeking to \$729,166 in Year 5.	#440,000	511,840	583,974	65 6,413	729, 166

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NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p.4)	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
Special projects at each campus to enhance community pathenships and public service in such areas as service learning, diversity management, adult learning and continuing education: \$70,000 x 4 campuses = \$350,000/yaze + 3% inflation.	# 350,000	360.500	371.315	382.454	393, 9 28
II. LIBRARIES AND LEARNING RESOURCES: COLLECTIONS To update and replace print + non-print library collections at 5 Learning Resource Centers: Print Collections replacement + acquisition (485,000); Non-Print Collections (#125,000); Electronic Data-Base Searches, Delivery, & CD Rom inventory (#230,000): 4840,000 pen year (or 5 years.	m titri man mada keramanan menengan menengan menengan menengan menengan menengan menengan menengan menengan me	840,000 :	840,000	840,000	840, 000
12. LEARNING RESOURCE CENTERS TELECOMMUNICATIONS To expand telecommunications capability and replace outdated equipment: Workstations, Printers, Scanners, Microfilmon Readers, VCR: and Monitors: \$1,100,520 over 5 years [24442] cost varies according to replacement schedule.]	# 377,840	117,500	153,840	244,000	207, 340
	* 5,940,840	<i>5</i> , 679, 515	5,857,053	6,090.78 7	6,200,152

NEEDS: INFORMATION + TECHNOLOGY (1)	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
plus 13 replacement beginning Yen 4.	# 8 10,000	810,000	810,000	267,300	534,600
2. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CENTER, AUBURN HILLS Laboratories for advanced computer applications to manufacturing: CIM, CAE, CNC, CAM, CAD (\$5.65 million), Instructional labs in Machine Tools, Robotics, Virtual Reality: a Quality Assurance (\$2.62 million). For industry access a use, an Advanced Manufacturing Denonstration Center, Telecommunications Studies, + 10 Portable Interactive Class room Systems (\$1.2 million): \$9,470,000 one-time costs over 3 years plus 1/3 replacement beginning Year 4.					
3. TECH-NET BUSINESS TRAINING CENTER Renovation of donated (acility (#300,000); Multi-Media Broadcast/Production (#200,000); Multi-Media Laboratory (#150,000); 10 Interactive Classrooms (#660,000); Portable Learning Stations (16) (#720,000); Compressed Video Capacity using Electronic Bridge, Interfaces (24), and Codec Units (2) (#196,000): #2,226,000 over 3 years + 1/3 replacement beginning Year 4.	¥742,00ò	:	742,000 ;		489,720

NEEDS: Continuing INFORMATION AND TECHNOLUGY					6
	1996	1997	1998,	1999	2000
4. ADMINISTRATIVE COMPUTING Updated desk computers for 200 administrative & clenical Staff (\$800,000 over 3 years + "13 replacement beginning for 4); Mainframe handware againstion (\$25,000 over 5 years) and enhancement (\$75,000 in Years); Administrative systems software (\$750,000 over 3 years); Systems maintenance (\$720,000 yr 2 + 5% each year) and consulting (150,000 yr 1 and declining). 5. ENHANCED NETWORK ENVIRONMENT	\$ 525, 000	861,666	807,666	365, 299	534,999
Codec, and Video Switch for seven sites 2+ 2,000 /month lessing cost (plus 3% inflation)	·		178, 231 5,694,564		•

(1) Source: Telecommunications Technology Plan, 1994-1997. Office of Via Chancellar for Development and Planning, August 22, 1994.

			•		
NEED	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
STUDY SKILLS DEVEL	OPMENT (1)		:		
Tutoring and Mentoring					
Additional salaries to expand Pro Support Services (PASS) and other tutor mentoring to an additional 4,300	students (2)	48 3,005,198	3, 095, 354	3, 188, 214	3.283,860
Orientation and Developmental Skills Cl. Instructional salaries to add sector Success Skills classes and Developmenta and Math for approximately 5,000	255es cons of College cel English 1,879.8	69 1, 934,245	1,994,352	2, 054, 183	2, 115, 808
Expanded Counceling and Advising				!	
Ten additional FTE councelors (wood (ONNSSILOR) student rates to 400:1), and Student Assistants for computations system,	plus Programmet 107 Ka	203,519	209,624	215,913	222,390
Student Tracking System					·
Clerical salaries for coding, red data storage, and retrieval.	cord-Keeping, 7,42	7,648	7,878	8,114	8,358
Computer and Office Support One-time costs to setup tracking sys and provide computers and office equipm	tem(\$25,000) 793,40	2 -			
TOTALS:	5, 795, 95	57 5,152,630	5,307,208	5,466,424	5,630,416

⁽¹⁾ Source: Financial Implications of Meeting the Needs of Underprepared Stadents, July, 1993, OCC office of Fustatutional Planning and Research. From 5,000 to 6,000 annually score below college lovel in writing skills, reading skills, & number 1 skills.

⁽²⁾ Bosse year cost estimates were for 1993-94: A 3% inflation factor was used for projections.

N	EED	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Sc	HOLARSHIPS & FINANCIAL AID (1)					
1.	Restoration of Grants to Pre-1992 Levels.	148,668	154,614	160,799	167,231	173, 920
2.	Expension of Greats in Aid to Eligible Applicants not Precently Receiving	320,008	332,868	346,120	3 <i>59</i> , 945	374, 343
3.	Expansion Scholziships to Eligible Applicants not presently Receiving Hem	304,200	316,368	329,022	342,183	355,870
4.	Extending Schools in the County.	44,787	46,579	48,442	50,379	<i>52</i> ,39 5
5.	Extending Scholerships to Greducter of Alternative Education & Adult Education Programs.	43,243	44,972	46,771	48,642	50,588
	(2)	860,906	895,343	931,154	968,403	1,007,139

⁽¹⁾ Award levels were calculated for 1994-95 25 2 base year and on inflation 12ctor of 40% was used for subsequent years.

⁽²⁾ If 50 additional scholarships were offered (eg 25 for MERIT; 25 for MINORITIES) That would add \$1,950 × 50 = \$97,500 (+ inflation) per year.

NEEDS	PROFESSIONAL & STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1996	1997	1998,	1999	2000
	ECHNOLOGY & MULTI-MEDIA	·				
I n T	instructional Technology Consultants (\$50,000) to work it laculty and departments; Faculty Peer intons (\$50,000); College-Wide Workshops (\$32,000) on use of new media and technology.	# 132,000	135,940	140,038	144,239	148,567
2. I	NSTRUCTIONAL SKILLS		135,940	140,038	144,239	148,567
_	ACULTY STUDY AND RESEARCH			:		
F	ncrezsed opportunities for faculty to attend professional conferences, take study leaves, ngage in curriculum development and conduct research \$2,000 average/year × 29/ full time faculty; \$500 × 100 adjunct faculty/per year)	632,000	650,960	670,488	690,603	711, 321
	QUALITY & TEAM TRAINING & STAFF DEVELOPMENT	_ ;				
A I	Climate studies, needs 25 sessments of organization (140,000); workshops in terminate of the proposed of the proposed of the constitution (40,000); working on core processes (160,000); when skills training in success of high need for each compass (40,000).		-	458, 308	-	486,219
	TOTALS: (3% Inflation rate)	,328,000	1,367,840	\$ _{1,408,872}	#1,451,139	1,494,674

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NEEDS: FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	1996	1997	1998 .	1999	2000
1. FACILITIES REPAIR + REPLACEMENT (1)					. ,
To repair or replace facilities at 5 campus sites plus district office. Estimates based on replacement values determined by Sedgwick James study (1990), using an Ohio State formula of .026 average annual cost per replacement dollar and a 3% annual inflation val	5, 551, 550	5,718, 096	5,889,639	6,066,328	6,248, 318
To cztch-up with long-overdue buildings & grounds mzintenzna. (Office of Thysical Facilities estimates)	2,624,000	2,624,000	2,624,000	2,624,000	2,624,000
Repair and replacement of equipment and furniture for classrooms, faculty offices, and administrative offices at 6 sites plus district office. Estimates based on replacement values determined by Schettler	[#] 1,199,156	1,235,130	1,272,184	1,31 0 ,350	1,349,660
study (1991), using Ohio State formula of .026 average annual cost per replacement dollar and 3% inflation rate. TOTALS:					#10,221,978

(2) Estimates for item 3 do not include new equipment for information and instructional technology or the cost

Oakland Community College Millage Campaign Survey

about	Hello this is I am calling from the Research and Assessment Institute of Oakland y. We are calling a number of randomly selected households in Oakland County to ask citizens' views the way higher education is financed in the county. My survey is quite brief, and should only take a few so of your time.
1)	Are you a registered voter in Oakland County?
	1Yes
	0 No (ena survey)
•	No (end survey) Don't Know (end survey) No Response (end survey)
2)	Did you vote in the March, 1994 election on school finance reform, (Proposal A)?
	1 Yes 0 No 8 Don't Know
	O No
	8 Don't Know
	9 No Response
3)	Do you own a home in Oakland County?
	1 Yes
	1 Yes 0 No 9 No Response
	9 No Response
4a)	What are the major sources of information you use to make voting decisions? (check all that apply)
	a) Family
	b) Friends/Co-workers
	c) Newspaper (editorials/articles)
	d) Radio (editorials/newscasts/talk shows)
	e) Television (editorials/newscasts)
	f) Advertizing (public media: TV, radio, newspaper)
	g) Community meetings
	h) Personal contacts with candidates/representatives
	i) Direct mail sent to your home j) Other
4b)	Which of these is the single most important source of information for you?
5)	Oakland Community College receives its revenue from three sources — tuition, state aid, and local taxes. In your opinion, which one should contribute most of the revenue to operate the community college — tuition, state aid, or local taxes?
	1 Tuition
	2 State Aid
	3 Local Taxes
	4 Combination of two or three (Specify which)
	8 Don't Know

Voter Data Base (As of: December 16, 1994)

• Total people 157,900

Former students	126,700
Non-credit students	28,700
Employees	1,950
Family & friends	400
ALI members	140

• Remaining to be added:

Advisory committee members	300
Current students	6,000



November 14, 1994

To:

Marty Orlowski and Kay Palmer

Office of Institutional Planning and Analysis

From:

Lynn G. Johnson

Subject: Compilation of OCC Needs

Thank you for your assistance in the inventory of OCC needs for millage support.

I thought you might be interested in seeing the results to date, so I have enclosed a copy of the latest compilation which I have forwarded to Dan Jaksen. It is intentionally informal, and as I have indicated to Dan, undoubtedly incomplete. My sense is that the numbers probably underestimate the college's needs in several categories.

I would welcome any comments or suggestions. And if you have additional items which should be included, please let me know and I will pass that information along.

Thanks again for your help.

NEEDS: (OLLEGE NEEDS SUMMARY [millions]	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
ACADEMIC PROGRAMS	5.9	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.2
INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY	6.2	5.7	5.6	2.1	3.8
STUDY SKILLS DEVELOPMENT	5.7	5.1	5. 3	5. <i>4</i>	5.6
SCHOLARSHIPS AND FINANCIAL AID	.8	.8	.9	. 9	1.0
PROFESSIONAL AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	9.3	9.5	9. 7	10.0	10.2
TOTALS: [millions]	# 29.2	28.0	28.7	25.8	28. 2

See all

NEEDS: A CADEMIC PROGRAMS	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
To review and update 15 of entire curriculum each year Academic Programs Coordinator (also to coordinate all faculty 4 instructional development programs) (\$100,000 for salary, benefits, office support); Consultants in 22 subject areas/year (110,000); Faculty Released Time (\$55,000) = \$265,000/year (+3% inflation). COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT + OUTCOMES ASSESSMENT	\$265,000	272,950	281,138	289,572	298,259
To conduct reservch, 25515 t departments, and train faculty in developing course competencies and assessing outcomes: Faculty Peer Trainers (10 for 50,000); Consultents (40,000); Workshops of Training Seminars (432,000): \$\frac{4}{122,000/year} (+ 3% inflation).		125,785	129,559	133,445	137,449
3. COLLEGE-WIDE ENROLLMENT SERVICES To provide recruitment + retention 255 is truce to all (24 puses: Consultants (\$25,000) and Workshops (\$10,000). (onversion from ASSET to alternate 255 essment methods such 25 (000/9221). (3% inflation)	·	72,100	74,263	76,490	78, 785

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p. 2)	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
4. PROGRAM EXPANSION IN AREAS OF GROWTH To expand programs in high demand fields through additional instructors and course offerings: Manufathering Technology, Business + Environmental Technology, Nursing + Dental Hygiene, International + Cross-Cultural Programs, Public Service Technologies (Average of \$67,000 forsalary & benefits / position): 670,000/year + 3%	#670,000	690,100	710,803	732,127	754,090
5. HEALTH & PUBLIC SERVICE UPGRADING To replace & enhance facilities and equipment for high demand programs in Nursing (\$600,000), Allied Health (\$700,000), Police Training (\$500,000), Fire Training (\$690,000), and Emergency Medical Technology (\$400,000): \$2,890,000 over 5 years = \$578,000 / year.	\$ 5 7 8,000	578,000	578,000	578,000	578,000
6. SPECIAL LABORATORIES & EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION To furnish, replace, and upgrade facilities and equipment in specialized program news: Science and Math Labs (\$2 million); Computer Labs (\$2 million); Graphic Arts (\$300,000); Engineering Lab (\$200,000); (ulinary Arts (\$750,000); and Performing Arts (\$1,400,000): \$6,650,000 over 5 years = \$1,330,000/year	-	1,330,000	1,330,000	1,330,000	1, 330,000

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p.3)	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
7. PONTIAC MIDDLE COLLEGE				:	
An early college exposure program for et-risk student patterned after highly successful LaGuardia Community	3				
patterned after highly successful Laboration Community				· ·	
College Program: School Principal (60,000); Teachen	5			11-1-41-7	
(\$50,000); Adjunct Faculty (\$ 25,000); Rental of	4 445,000	458, 350	472,100	486,263	500,851
space (\$ 100,000); Clerical (\$60,000); Office Supplies					
and equipment (\$ 50,000): \$445,000 + 3% inflation				i	
8. BUSINESS INSTRUCTION + TRAINING			:		•
To extend the services of the Tech-Net Business			:		
Trzining Center: Trzining Coordinators (4) (# 234,000)); # 212 000	777 791	332 061	ロルフィフ>	252 254
Secretary (\$39.000); Office Supplies a equipment	4 313,000	322,390	552,00(3 72,023	352,284
(#40,000): \$313,000/year + 3.% inflation.	;		:		
9. SCHOOL TO WORK PROGRAMS					
To provide instruction in work-sites with apportunities					
for hands-on applications of learning to practice	·				
and actual work experience: School-to-Work					
Campus Coordinators (4 1 n \$234,000); Secretarial	#440,000	511,840	583,974	656,413	729,166
Support (39,000); Office Supplies & equipment (40,000);		211,0 (-	• • • • •	• •	•
Facilities Rental (add 6 programs/year at \$12,000 erch)	;				
Facilities Rental (2dd la programs/year at \$12,000 erch) Consultant? (beginning at 40,000 yr 1 and deceasing)	٠. ا				
Faculty Released Time (6 puryen at 2,500):					
\$ 440,000 in Year 1, in westing to \$729,166 in Year 5					

NEEDS: ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (p.4)	1996	1997	1998 .	1999	2000
10. CAMPUS - COMMUNITY LEARNING PARTNERSHIPS					
Special projects at each campus to enhance community pathenships and public service in such areas as service learning, diversity management, adult learning and continuing education: \$70,000 × 4 campuses = \$350,000/years + 3%. Instrum.	# 350,000	360,500	<i>3</i> 71,315	382.454	393,9 <i>28</i>
II. LIBRARIES AND LEARNING RESOURCES: COLLECTIONS To update and replace print + non-print library, collections at 5 learning Resource (enters: Print (ollections replacement + requirition (485,000); Non-Print (ollections (#125,000); Electronic Data-Base Searches, Delivery, & CD Rom inventory (#230,000): #840,000 pen year (n 5 years.	T	840,000 :	840,000	8-40, 000	840,000
12. LEARNING RESOURCE CENTERS TELECOMMUNICATIONS To expand telecommunications capability and replace outdated equipment: Workstations, Printers, Scanners, Microfilmo Readers, VCR: and Monitors: \$1,100,520 over 5 years [annual cost varies according to replacement schedule.]	# 377,840	117,500	153,840	244,000	207, 340
	* 5,940,840	5,679,515	5,857,053	6,090.78 7	6,200, 152

•	; ;				
NEEDS: INFORMATION & TECHNOLOGY (1)	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
First (150,000); Multi-Mediz Equipment (400,000); The (150,000); Multi-Mediz Equipment (400,000); The installation of 2 SMART CLASSROOMS" on each Campus (480,000): \$\frac{4}{2},430,000} over 3 years plus (3 replacement beginning Year 4. 2. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CENTER, AUBURN HILLS	# 8 10,000	810,000	810,000	267,300	534,600
Laboratories for advanced computer applications to manufacturing: CIM, CAE, CNC, CAM, CAD (\$5.65 million) Instructional labs in Machine Tools, Robotics, Virtual Reality: 4 Quality Assurance (\$42.62 million). For industry access 4 use, an Advanced Manufacturing Denonstration Center, Telecommunications Studio, + 10 Portable Interactive Classroom Systems (\$1.2 million): \$9,470,000 one-time costs over 3 years plus 1/3 replacement beginning year 4.		# 3,156,667	*3,156,667	4,041,699	[#] 2.083,39
Renovation of donated facility (#300,000); Multi-Media Broadcast/Production (#200,000); Multi-Media Laboratory (#150,000); 10 Interactive Classrooms (#660,000); Portable Larning Stations (16) (#720,000); Compressed Video Capacity using Electronic Bridge, Interfaces (24), and Codec Units (2) (#196,000): #2,226,000 over 3 years + 1/3 replacement beginning Year 4.	¥742,00ò	. ;	742,000 :		489,720

NEEDS: Continuing INFORMATION AND TECHNOLUGY	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
4. ADMINISTRATIVE COMPUTING Updzted desk computers for 200 zdministrative & Clenical staff (\$800,000 over 3 years + 1/3 replacement beginning for 4); Mainframe hardware aquisition (\$25,000 over 5 years) and enhancement (75,000 in Year 5); Administrative systems software (\$750,000 over 3 years); Systems maintenance (\$120,000 yr 2 + 5% each year) and consulting (150,000 yr 1 and declining).		861,666		:	1
5. ENHANCED NETWORK ENVIRONMENT D\$3 - bessed Wide Auz Network, Video Codec, and Video Switch for seven sites 2+ \$2,000 / month leasing cost (plus 3% inflation	168,000		•	183,578	
TOTALS:	\$6,211,667	H5,743,373	\$5,694,564	#2,102,736	#3,8 31,8 03

(1) Source: Telecommunications Technology Plan, 1994-1997. Office of Via Chancellar for Development and Planning, August 22, 1994.

			-		
NEED	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
STUDY SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (1)					
1. Tutoring and Mentoring	;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
Additional salaries to expand Program for Academia Support Services (PASS) and other tutoring and smentoring to an additional 4,300 students. (2)		3,005,198	3,095,354	3, 188, 214	3,283,860
2. Orientation and Developmental Skills Classes Instructional salaries to add sections of College Success Skills classes and Developmental English and Math for approximately 5,000 students.	1, 879,869	1, 934,245	1,994,352	2, 054, 183	2, 115, 808
3. Expanded Counceling and Advising Ten additional FTE councelors (would reduce CONNSCION/student ratio to 400:1), plus Programment and Student Assistants for computerized advising system,	197,592	203,519	209,624	215,913	222, 390
4. Student Tracking System Clencal salaries for cooling, record-keeping, data storage, and retrieval.	7,426	7.648	7, 878	8,114	8,358
5. Computer and Office Support One-time costs to set up tracking system (\$25,000) and provide computers and office equipment (\$697,858)	793,402	-			
TOTALS:	5, 795,957	5,152,430	5,307,208	5,466,424	5,630,416

⁽¹⁾ Source: Financial Implications of Meeting the Needs of Underprepared Stadents, July, 1993, OCC office of Fustitutional Planning and Research. From 5,000 to 6,000 annually score below college latel in writing skills, reading skills, & numerical skills.

⁽²⁾ Bosse year cost estimates were for 1993-94: A 3% inflation factor was used for projections.

N	EED	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Sc	HOLARSHIPS & FINANCIAL AID (1)					
1.	Rattoretion of Grants to Pre-1992 Levels.	148,668	154,614	160,799	167,231	173, 920
2.	Expension of Grents in Aid to Eligible Applicants not Precently Receiving	320,008	332,868	346,120	359,965	374, 363
3.	Expansion Scholzeships to Eligible Applicants not presently Roceiving Hem	304,200	316,368	329,022	342,183	355,870
4.	Extending Scholzeships to 29 Additional Secondary Schools in the County.	44,787	46,579	48,442	50,379	<i>52</i> ,39 5
5.	Extending Soldenhos to Greducter of Alternative Education & Adult Education Programs.	43, 243	44,972	46,771	48,642	50,588
	Totals (2)	860,906	895,343	931,154	968,403	1,007,139

⁽¹⁾ Award levels were calculated for 1994-95 25 2 base year and on inflation factor of 40% was used for subsequent years.

⁽²⁾ If 50 additional scholarshyps were offered (eg 25 for MERIT; 25 for MINORITIES) Ital would add \$1,950 × 50 = \$97,500 (+ inflation) per year.

NEEDS: PROFESSIONAL & STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1996	1997	1998 ,	1999	2000
Instructional Technology Consultants (50,000) to work with faculty and departments; Faculty Peer Tutors (50,000); College-Wide Workshops (32,000) on use of new media and technology.	#132,000	135,940	140,038	144,239	148,567
Instructional SKills (onsultants (50,000); Faculty Peer Tutors (50,000); and College-Wide Workshops (32,000) to enhance teaching.	132,000	135,940	140,038	144,239	148,567
3. FACULTY STUDY AND RESEARCH Incressed opportunities for faculty to attend professional conferences, take study leaves, engage in curriculum development and conduct research [\$2,000 average/year × 291 full time faculty; \$500 × 100 adjunct faculty/per year).	632,000	650,960	670,488	690,603	711, 321
4. QUALITY a TEAM TRAINING & STAFF DEVELOPMENT Climate studies, needs 25 sessments & organization Levelopment consultation (\$40,000); Workshops in team leadership and quality improvement (\$32,000); Quality improvement teams working on core processes (\$160,000); Other skills training in access of high need for each campais (\$4 200,000).	432,000	To a series of the series of t	458, 308	472,058	486,219
TOTALS: (3% Inflation rate)	1,328,000	1,367,840	\$1,408,872	# ₁ ,451,139	B _{1,494,674}

NEEDS: FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	1996	1997	1998 .	1999	2000
1. FACILITIES REPAIR & REPLACEMENT (1) To repair or replace facilities at 5 campus sites plus district office. Estimates based on replacement values determined by Sedgwick James study (1990), using an Ohio State formula of .026 average annual cost per replacement dollar and a 3% annual inflation value.	#5, 551, 550 te	5,718, 096	5,889,639	6,066,328	6,248, 318
2. ACCUMULATED DEFFRED MAINTENANCE (1) To cztch-up with long-overdue buildings & grounds mzinlenzna. (Ulice of Physical Facilities estimates) 3. EQUIPMENT AND FURNITURE (2)	⁴ 2, 6 24,000	2,624,000	2,624,000	2,624,000	2.624,000
Repair and replacement of equipment and furniture for classrooms, tacutty offices, and administrative offices of sites plus district office. Estimates based on replacement values determined by Schettler study (1991), using Ohio State formula of .026 average annual cost per replacement dollar and 3% inflation rate.		1,235,130	1,272,184	1,31 0 ,350	1,349,660
TOTALS:	# 9,374,706	9,577,226	# 9,785,823	# 10,000,678	*10,221,978

⁽¹⁾ Repair, replacement, and defended maintenance total more than \$42 million. A list of urgent (10, not inclusive) campus needs compiled in September, 1994 by Director of Physical Facilities totals \$135,288,100 as of that date. The breakdown by campus: Auburn Hills —\$1,978,100; Highland Lakes —\$1,360,000; Orchard Ridge-\$17,520,000; and Royal Oak/South Iteld-\$14,430,000.

⁽²⁾ Estimates for item 3 do not include new equipment for information and instructional technology or the cost

Alumni Data Base Code Book

LRECL = 1	7/
B/Ksize=	22914

Variable	Length	Description/Codes
SSN	1-9	Social Sercuity Number (Actual number)
LNAME	10-25	Last name (Last name up to 16 characters)
FNAME	26-40	First name. (First name up to 15 characters)
MNAME	41-50	Middle name. (Middle name up to 10 characters)
STREET	51-75	Street address. (Street number, name and apartment #)
CITY \-	76-90	City of residence. (Post Office city)
STATE *	91-92	State of residence. (Two digit initials of state)
ZIP	93-102	Zip code (Zip + 4 including dash)
AREACODE *	103-105	Area code for phone number. (Actual three digit number)
PHONE	106-112	Phone number. (Actual phone number with no dash)
BIRTH	113-118	Date of birth. (Year, Month, Day)
BIRTHY *	113-114	Year of birth. (Actual year)
BIRTHM *	115-116	Month of birth. 1=Jan
BIRTHD *	117-118	Day of birth. (Actual day of month)
RACE *	119	Race/Ethnicity 1 or W=White 2 or B=Black 3=Self-American Indian 4=Asian 5 or H=Hispanic 6=Foriegn 7=Other 8=Certified American Indian (as of fall 94) 9=Unknown

GENDER *	120	Gender. 0=Female 1=Male 9=Unknown
PRECINCT *	121-130	Precinct code. (Actual 10 digit number includes, county, city, ward, precinct, and extention)
COUNTY *	121-122	County 25 = Genesee 44 = Lapeer 47 = Livingston 50 = Macomb 63 = Oakland 81 = Washtenaw 82 = Wayne
TOWNSHIP *	123-124	Township/City 1-49=Township within county 50-99=City within county
WARD *	125-126	Ward 00=No ward
PPP *	127-129	Voter precinct number. (Actual precinct code)
PFLAG *	130	Precinct flag. A or B=Divides precinct into two sections ?=Registered to vote, but appeared to be a temporary address -=Avoid,was registered to bote but no longer at address
GENERAL *	131-132	Vote in General election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
PRIMARY *	133-134	Vote in Primary election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
PRES *	135-136	Vote in Presidential election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
MAYOR *	137-138	Vote in Mayorial/City Council election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
SCHOOL *	139-140	Vote in School Board election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
TAX *	141-142	Vote in Millage/Tax (special Election) election (most recent time person voted) (Last two digists of year)
ABSENTEE *	143	Voted absentee (persons age 60 and older more consistant). A=Voted absentee once B=Voted absentee twice
DEMOCTAT*	144	Democrat D=Assumed Democrat (phone survey)

D=Assumed Democrat (phone survey) X=Declarred Democrat (voting booth)

REPUBLIC	145	Republican	6 mg m
*		R=Assumed Republican (phone survey) X=Declarred Republican (voting booth)	
INDEPEND *	146	Independent (use inconjunction with Democrat and Republican) I=Assumed Independent (phone survey) X=Declarred Independent (voting booth)	
TRACT	147-152	Census Tract number. (Six digist number)	
BLOCK	153-156	Census Block number. (Four digit number)	·
VALUE	157-159	Average value of housing on block (1990 Census) (In thousands)	
OWNERS	160-163	Number of owner occupied houses on Census block. (Actual number)	
RENTERS	164-167	Number of renters on Census block. (Actual number)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ROUTE	168-171	Postal carrier route number. (Determined by post office)	And the second s
	1° 2° 8		·

SSN 55NO wm. 9PAT. OCC COM_GPA 5/# 2. OCC CURRIC when blonk = UND S/I > occ YRSES (first term @ occ). 4 PPC gender already included (Ree @120) 5. HS code occ High serval code of I 6. HSDAte High school grad date (mm/44) 5/I 7. PYRSES (Previous term attended) \$5/I 8 Progree (AAS, ASA, ABA) 5/I/ccotab 9 Degiber Program Degree (CIS, Acc) 5/I 10 Degotesicc date grad (mm/44) 5/# 11. Ruce occ Race if occ. Race is 1,2,3,4,5,8 Reap

5/# else use PPC. Verify two indion codes to be the non- of lif 8 annye to atter indion code) 12 occ cum credits completed (no tronsfers) type of student: if cumm-credits 68 24 then status = alumni - 20 else status = stodent : 1 s/I 14. Occ financial aid (scholar ship) FIN/aid

Taking Stratified Random Samples of Unequal-Sized Groups

If you need to specify different numbers of observations from different categories to include in your sample, you can use this method of taking a stratified random sample. This example takes a stratified random sample of two customers inside the city and eight customers outside the city. To take a stratified random sample of unequal-sized groups, you need to do the following:

- □ sort the observations into categories
- specify the number of observations to select from each category
- combine the sorted data set with the category counts
- select the observations for the sample.

Sort the Observations

ı.Ç

To sort the observations into categories, you can use the SORT procedure. The following PROC SORT step sorts the observations into categories based on the values of the variable CITY.

```
libname mylib 'SAS-data-library';
proc sort data-mylib.mail;
  by city;
run;
```

Specify the Number of Observations

To specify the number of observations to select from each category, you can create a SAS data set containing the values of the variable that identify the categories of observations, the number of observations in each category, and the number of observations to select from each category. To process only the variable whose values identify the categories of observations, use the KEEP— option with the SET statement. The BY statement names the variable by which the data set is sorted. The following DATA step creates a SAS data set, NSELECT, which contains the total number of observations in each CITY category and the number of observations to select from each CITY category.

```
data nselect;
   set mylib.mail(keep=city);
   by city;
```

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To count the number of observations in each category, you can establish a counter and use the LAST.varlable. In this example, N starts at 0 and increases by 1 with each iteration of the DATA step until it counts the number of observations in a CITY category. To specify the number of observations to select from each category, use a CARDS statement. To write the numbers of observations in your categories and the numbers of observations to select from your categories to the new data set, use the LAST.variable in a subsetting IF statement. In this example, if an observation is the last in a CITY category, K and N are written to the data set NSELECT, and N is reset to 0.

```
n+1;
if last.city;
input k;
output;
n=0;
cards;
```

When specifying the numbers of observations to select from your categories, list the numbers in order of the variable values that identify your categories. Since the SORT procedure orders the categories defined by a character variable alphabetically, the numbers must come in the same order. In this example, the value of K for the IN value of CITY, which is 2, must be listed before the value of K for the OUT value, which is 8.

In the special case of selecting an equal proportion of observations from each category, you can omit the INPUT and CARDS statements and data lines. To specify the same proportion for all categories, define the variable that represents the number of observations to select from a category in an assignment statement following the subsetting IF statement. That variable should be set equal to the CEIL function with the argument of the product of the proportion and the variable that represents the number of observations in that category. The CEIL function returns the smallest integer greater than or equal to the argument. In this example, K would be set equal to CEIL(N*.25) if the desired sample were to contain one fourth of the customers inside the city and one fourth of the customers outside the city. However, analyzing a sample instead of the population from which it is taken is valid only because the sample should be representative of that population. The only reason to stratify in this case is to obtain the precise numbers of observations.

Combine the Data Sets

To combine the sorted observations with the category counts, you can use the MERGE statement and the BY statement. The following MERGE statement combines the newly created data set, NSELECT, with the sorted list of customers.

```
data strat2;
  merge mylib.mail nselect;
  by city;
```

Select the Observations

To select the observations for the sample, you can use the RANUNI function to randomly choose the specified numbers of observations from the categories. In this example, K is the number of observations from a value of CITY needed to complete the subsample from that value of CITY, and N is the number of observations from a value of CITY left to read. The following code is explained in detail earlier in this chapter in "Taking Exact-Sized Random Samples."

```
if ranuni(332516)<=k/n then
do;
    output;
    k=k-1;
end;
n=n-1;</pre>
```

Here is the complete program that produces and prints the stratified random sample of two customers inside the city and eight customers outside the city:

```
libname mylib 'SAS-data-library';
proc sort data=mylib.mail;
   by city;
                                              city = town;
run;
data nselect;
   set mylib.mail(keep=city);
   by city:
   n+1;
   if last.city;
   input k;
   output;
   n=0;
   cards;
8
data strat2(drop=k n);
   merge mylib.mail nselect;
   by city;
   if ranuni(332516)<=k/n then
      do:
         output:
         k=k-1;
   n=n-1;
run:
proc print data=nselect;
   title 'Count of Customers by CITY';
run;
```

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proc print data=strat2;
 title 'Stratified Random Sample of Unequal-Sized Groups';
run;

Output 12.6 shows the results.

Output 12.6
Taking a Stratified
Random Sample of
Unequal-Sized
Groups

CBS	CITY	N	ĸ	
1 2	in out	10 36	2 ⁻ 8	

Stratified	Mandom Bample	of Unequal	-Sized Groups	2
OBS	ehan	COST	CITY .	
1	Agerton	17.28	in	
2	Clark .	3.23	in	
3	Baldwin	67.66	out	
ď	Heuser	31.25	out	
5	Hibbert	77.83	out	
Š	Ritchie	76.01	out	
Ž.	Rogers	33.45	OUT	
Á	Salomon	25.36	out	
ġ	Sheldrick	58.26	out	
10	Terwilliger	88.22	out	

Summary

The following points summarize how to use the SAS System to take random samples:

- To select a percentage of observations for a sample, use the RANUNI function in a subsetting IF statement to assign each observation a random number from 0 to 1. Output only those observations with random numbers less than or equal to your specified proportion. This sequential acceptance or rejection of observations according to a constant probability results in an approximate-sized random sample without replacement.
- To select a specific number of observations for a sample, vary the probability of acceptance according to the number of observations needed to complete the sample and the number of observations left to read in the data set. This results in an exact-sized random sample.
- □ To generate a random number that is equally likely to fall in intervals of equal length anywhere between two points, multiply the RANUNI function by the difference between the endpoints and add the smaller endpoint. Truncate the decimal portion with the INT function to return an integer. You can randomly select observations by specifying their observation number in the data set with the POINT = option. This results in a random sample with replacement.
- To create subsamples of observations from different categories, use the SORT procedure to sort the data set according to values of the category variables. Use the temporary variables, FIRST.variable and LAST.variable, to separate the selection process for the different categories. This results in a stratified random sample.

SELECT IF (ID GT 0). SELECT IF (ID LE 999999).

AUTORECODE VARIABLES=YESNO /INTO=DONTKNOW.
The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding
501 cases are written to the compressed active file.



Page 4 ALL RESPONDENTS

This procedure was completed at 15:04:26
RECODE DONTKNOW (3=1)(1, 2=0).
VALUE LABELS DONTKNOW 1 'Dont know' 0 'Other' 4 'Missing'.
AUTORECODE VARIABLES=YESNO /INTO=VOTEYES.
The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding
501 cases are written to the compressed active file.

Page 5 ALL RESPONDENTS

This procedure was completed at 15:04:31
RECODE VOTEYES (2=1)(1, 3=0).
VALUE LABELS VOTEYES 1 'Vote for' 0 'Other' 4 'Missing'.
AUTORECODE VARIABLES=YESNO /INTO=VOTENO.
The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding
501 cases are written to the compressed active file.

Page 6 ALL RESPONDENTS

This procedure was completed at 15:04:35 RECODE VOTENO (2, 3=0). VALUE LABELS VOTENO 1 'Vote against' 0 'Other' 4 'Missing'.

COMPUTE INCREASE=HOUSE/2. VARIABLE LABEL INCREASE 'Estimated increase in annual property tax'.

FREQUENCIES VARIABLES=TOWNSHIP TO REPUBLIC PROPA TO ATTEND The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding 501 cases are written to the compressed active file. EDUCATE TO GENDER.

**** Memory allows a total of 17873 Values, accumulated across all Variables. There also may be up to 2234 Value Labels for each Variable.

TOWNSHIP Township

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Addison Twp	2	2	. 4	. 4	. 4
Bloomfield Twp	6	27	5.4	5.4	5.8
Brandon Twp	8	5	1.0	1.0	6.8
Commerce Twp	10	11	2.2	2.2	9.0
Groveland Twp	14	3	.6	.6	9.6
Highland Twp	16	6	1.2	1.2	10.8
Holly Twp	18	3	.6	.6	11.4
Independence Twp	20	12	2.4	2.4	13.8
Lyon Twp	22	3	.6	.6	14.4
Milford Twp	24	6	1.2	1.2	15.6
Oakland Twp	28	5	1.0	1.0	16.6
Orion Twp	30	11	2.2	2.2	18.8
Oxford Twp	32	5	1.0	1.0	19.8
Rose Twp	36	2	. 4	. 4	20.2
Royal Oak Twp	38	2	. 4	. 4	20.6
Southfield Twp	40	10	2.0	2.0	22.6
Springfield Twp	42	4	.8	. 8	23.4
Waterford Twp	44	29	5.8	5.8	29.2
West Bloomfield Twp	46	28	5.6	5.6	34.8
White Lake Twp	48	10	2.0	2.0	36.8
City of Auburn Hills	51	5	1.0	1.0	37.8
City of Berkley	52	9	1.8	1.8	39.6
City of Birmingham	53	13	2.6	2.6	42.2
City of Bloomfield H	54	3	.6	.6	42.8
	55	1	. 2	. 2	43.0
City of Clawson	56	7	1.4	1.4	44.4
City of Farmington	58	6	1.2	1.2	45.6
City of Farmington H	59	38	7.6	7.6	53.2
City of Ferndale	60	9	1.8	1.8	55.0
City of Hazel Park	62	7	1.4	1.4	56.4
City of Huntington W	64	5	1.0'	1.0	57.4
City of Keego Harbor	66	1	.2	.2	57.6
City of Lathrup Vill	68	3	.6	.6	58.2
City of Madison Heig	70	13	2.6	2.6	60.8
City of Northville	72	2	. 4	. 4	61.2
City of Novi	74	15	3.0	3.0	64.2
City of Oak Park	76	12	2.4	2.4	66.6
City of Orchard Lake	78	1	.2	.2	66.8
City of Pleasant Rid	80	2	. 4	. 4	67.2
City of Pontiac	82	17	3.4	3.4	70.6
City of Rochester	84	4	.8	.8	71.4
City of Rochester Hi	85	31	6.2	6.2	77.6
City of Royal Oak	86	34	6.8	6.8	84.4
City of Southfield	88	35	7.0	7.0	91.4
City of South Lyon	90	3	.6	.6	92.0
City of Sylvan Lake	92	1	.2	.2	92.2
City of Troy	94	34	6.8	6.8	99.0
City of Walled Lake	96	2	. 4	. 4	99.4
City of Wixom	98	3	.6	.6	100.0
•	•	1	.2	Missing	

6/7/94

Page 8 ALL RESPONDENTS

TOWNSHIP Township

Total 501 100.0 100.0

Valid cases 500 Missing cases 1

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PRECINCT Precinct

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
	0	2	. 4	. 4	. 4
	1	48	9.6	9.6	10.0
	2	36	7.2	7.2	17.2
	3	26	5.2	5.2	22.4
	4	24	4.8	4.8	27.1
	5	26	5.2	5.2	32.3
·	5 6	23	4.6	4.6	36.9
	7	25	5.0	5.0	41.9
	8	23	4.6	4.6	46.5
	9	18	3.6	3.6	50.1
	10	16	3.2	3.2	53.3
	11	19	3.8	3.8	57.1
•	12	21	4.2	4.2	61.3
	13	9	1.8	1.8	63.1
	14	19	3.8	3.8	66.9
	15	10	2.0	2.0	68.9
	16	9	1.8	1.8	70.7
	17	7	1.4	1.4	72.1
	18	13	2.6	2.6	74.7
	19	15	3.0	3.0	77.6
	20	9	1.8	1.8	79.4
	21	8	1.6	1.6	81.0
	22	4	.8	.8	81.8
	23	3	.6	.6	82.4
	24	9	1.8	1.8	84.2
	25	8	1.6	1.6	85.8
	26	7	1.4	1.4	87.2
<u>,</u>	27	7	1.4	1.4	88.6
	28	6	1.2	1.2	89.8
	29	7	1.4	1.4	91.2
	30	7	1.4	1.4	92.6
	31	6	1.2	1.2	93.8
	32	11	2.2	2.2	96.0
	33	1	. 2	. 2	96.2
	35	1	. 2	.2	96.4
	36	1	. 2	. 2	96.6
	38	1	. 2	. 2	96.8
	40	2	. 4	. 4	97.2
	41	4	.8	. 8	98.0
	43	3	.6	.6	98.6
	47	2	. 4	. 4	99.0
	50	2	. 4	. 4	99.4
	99	3	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Page 10 ALL RESPONDENTS

ABSENTEE Voted absentee in August 92 primary

Value Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1 •	402 98 1	80.2 19.6 .2	80.4 19.6 Missing	80.4 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	500	Missing ca	ses 1			

PRIMARY Voted in August 92 primary

Value Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	146 355	29.1 70.9	29.1 70.9	29.1 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing ca	ses 0			

SENIOR At least one voter 60+ in home

Value Label		Value 1	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	339 162	67.7 32.3	67.7 32.3	67.7 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing cas	ses 0			

Page 11 ALL RESPONDENTS

Valid cases

DEMOCRAT Household considered democratic

Value Label		Value F	requency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	376 125	75.0 25.0	75.0 25.0	75.0 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing cas	es 0			

REPUBLIC Household considered republican

Value Label	·	Value I	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	353 148	70.5 29.5	70.5 29.5	70.5 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing cas	ses 0			

PROPA Voted in March 1994 election (Proposal A

500

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes Dont know No response	0 1 8 9	72 425 3 1	14.4 84.8 .6 .2	14.4 85.0 .6 Missing	14.4 99.4 100.0
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Missing cases

Page 12 ALL RESPONDENTS

HOMEOWN Do you own a home in Oakland County

Valid cases 501 Missing cases 0

	HOMEOWN DO YOU OWN	a nome in our	rana coancy			
	Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
	Rent Own home Other	0 1 2 9	34 448 18	6.8 89.4 3.6	6.8 89.6 3.6	6.8 96.4 100.0
	No Response	Total	1 501	.2 100.0		
		IOCAI	301	100.0	100.0	
	Valid cases 500	Missing c	ases 1			
						·
1	PAPER Newspapers	(Editorials/A	rticles)			
	 Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
İ	No	0	46	9.2	9.2	9.2
	Yes	1	454 1	90.6 .2	90.8 Missing	100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
	Valid cases 500	Missing c	ases 1			
1						·
i	RADIO Radio (Edi	torials/newsca	sts/talksho	ws)		
i						
1	Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
	No	0	259	51.7	51.7	51.7
	Yes	1	242	48.3	48.3	100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	

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TV

Television (Editorials/newscasts)

Value Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	178 323 	35.5 64.5	35.5 64.5	35.5 100.0
Valid cases	501	Total Missing ca	501 ses 0	100.0	100.0	

ADS Advertizing (public media TV, radio, new

Value Label		Value F	requency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	306 195	61.1 38.9	61.1 38.9	61.1 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing cas	ses O) 		

MEETINGS Community Meetings

Value Label		Value F	requency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes		0 1	375 126	74.9 25.1	74.9 25.1	74.9 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	501	Missing cas	es 0			

Page 14 ALL RESPONDENTS

Valid cases

CONTACT Personal contacts with candidates/repres

1				·	_		
Value	Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	
No Yes			0 1	373 128	74.5 25.5		74.5 100.0
			Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid	cases	501	Missing c	ases 0	ı		
	 Direc		ent to your	home			
Value	Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes			0 1	242 258 1		48.4 51.6 Missing	
			Total	501	100.0	100.0	
 Valid	cases	500	Missing c	ases 1			
							·
OTHER	Other						
Value	Label		Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes			0 1	389 112	77.6 22.4	77.6 22.4	77.6 100.0
			Total	501	100.0	100.0	

501 Missing cases

Page 15 ALL RESPONDENTS

MOSTIMP Single most important source

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
value habei	varue	rrequency	rercent	rercent	rercent
Newspaper	1	285	56.9	60.0	60.0
Radio	2	28	5.6	5.9	65.9
Television	3	44	8.8	9.3	75.2
Advertising	4	13	2.6	2.7	77.9
Community Meetings	5	9	1.8	1.9	79.8
Personal Contacts	6	26	5.2	5.5	85.3
Direct Mail	7	26	5.2	5.5	90.7
Other	8	44	8.8	9.3	100.0
No Response/Dont Kno	9	26	5.2	Missing	
-					
,	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 475 Missing cases 26

REVENUE Revenue source that should contribute mo

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Tuition	1	143	28.5	31.4	31.4
State Aid	2	98	19.6	21.5	52.9
Local Taxes	3	30	6.0	6.6	59.4
State Aid + Tuition	4	39	7.8	8.6	68.0
State Aid + Local Ta	5	18	3.6	3.9	71.9
Tuition + Local Taxe	6	20	4.0	4.4	76.3
Tuition + State Aid	7	108	21.6	23.7	100.0
Dont Know/No Respons	9	45	9.0	Missing	
_					
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 456 Missing cases 45

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MILLS Know how many mills go to OCC?

Value Label	Value F	requency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Less than one One mill More than one but le More than two Dont know	1 2 3 4 8	11 18 14 11 447	2.2 3.6 2.8 2.2 89.2	2.2 3.6 2.8 2.2 89.2	2.2 5.8 8.6 10.8 100.0
Valid gagog 501	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 501 Missing cases 0

YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Against For Dont Know No response	0 1 8 9 Total	230 149 120 2 	45.9 29.7 24.0 .4 	46.1 29.9 24.0 Missing	46.1 76.0 100.0

Valid cases 499 Missing cases 2

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WHY

Why would you vote this way?

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Need more info	1	62	12.4	13.5	13.5
OCC meets needs	2	20	4.0	4.4	17.9
Family/personal atte	3	29	5.8	6.3	24.2
Support education	4	77	15.4	16.8	41.0
OCC meets community	5	12	2.4	2.6	43.7
Afordable increase	6	6	1.2	1.3	45.0
Keep tuition/access	7	6	1.2	1.3	46.3
No more taxation	11	138	27.5	30.1	76.4
No kids in school	12	18	3.6	3.9	80.3
Tuition should fund	13	35	7.0	7.6	88.0
K-12 needs money fir	14	11	2.2	2.4	90.4
State funding should	15	6	1.2	1.3	91.7
Low quality of educa	16	6	1.2	1.3	93.0
Better allocation of	17	12	2.4	2.6	95.6
Dont know	88	20	4.0	4.4	100.0
No response	99	43	8.6	Missing	
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 458 Missing cases 43

INFONEED What information would you like

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
programs Nothing How students benefit How will it be spent Existing \$ and sourc Benefit to community Unbias info Effect of Proposal A OCC Effectiveness Dont know No response	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 88 99	12 112 9 119 106 10 70 4 2 14 43	2.4 22.4 1.8 23.8 21.2 2.0 14.0 .8 .4 2.8 8.6	2.6 24.5 2.0 26.0 23.1 2.2 15.3 .9 .4 3.1 Missing	2.6 27.1 29.0 55.0 78.2 80.3 95.6 96.5 96.9
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 458 Missing cases 43

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ATTEND Anyone in fam:	ily or frie	nds ever at	tend		
Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
No Yes Dont know No response	0 1 8 9	176 310 13 2	35.1 61.9 2.6 .4	35.3 62.1 2.6 Missing	35.3 97.4 100.0
	Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases 499	Missing c	ases 2			
EDUCATE Highest level	of educati	on you have	comp		
Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Grades 1 to 8 or les Some high school High school graduate Vocational or techni Some college College graduate Post-graduate No Response	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 9	5 16 89 11 131 153 86 10	1.0 3.2 17.8 2.2 26.1 30.5 17.2 2.0	1.0 3.3 18.1 2.2 26.7 31.2 17.5 Missing	1.0 4.3 22.4 24.6 51.3 82.5 100.0
Valid cases 491	Missing c	ases 10		•	

RACE Race

Value Label	Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
White	1	448	89.4	94.7	94.7
African-American	2	17	3.4	3.6	98.3
Hispanic	3	3	.6	.6	98.9
Asian	4	1	. 2	.2	99.2
Other	5	4	.8	.8	100.0
No Response	9	28	5.6	Missing	
1	Total	501	100.0	100.0	

Valid cases 473 Missing cases 28

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GENDER Gender

Value Label		Value 1	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cum Percent
Female Male No response		0 1 9	308 181 12	61.5 36.1 2.4	63.0 37.0 Missing	63.0 100.0
		Total	501	100.0	100.0	
Valid cases	489	Missing cas	ses 12			

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This procedure was completed at 15:04:50

MEANS VARIABLES=AGE BY GENDER/STATISTICS=ALL.

***** Given WORKSPACE allows for 10922 Cells with 1 Dimensions for MEANS.

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Summaries of AGE Current age By levels of GENDER Gender

Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire F	Populatio	n	49.5575	14.0516	461
GEŅDER GENDER	0 1	Female Male	49.7254 49.2881	13.9703 14.2167	284 177

Total Cases = 501 Missing Cases = 40 OR 8.0 PCT.

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Summaries of AGE Current age By levels of GENDER Gender

Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Sum of Sq	Cases
0 1	Female Male	49.7254 49.2881		55232.5775 35572.3051	284 177
Within Grou	ps Total	49.5575	14.0653	90804.8825	461

Criterion Variable AGE

Analysis of Variance

 Sum of Squares
 Mean Square

 Between Groups
 20.8441
 1
 20.8441
 .1054
 .7456

With fewer than three groups, the relationship is linear

Within Groups 90804.8825 459 197.8320

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This procedure was completed at 15:04:53 MEANS VARIABLES=AGE BY YESNO/STATISTICS=ALL.

***** Given WORKSPACE allows for 10922 Cells with 1 Dimensions for MEANS.

Summaries of AGE By levels of YESNO Current age Would you vote for or against millage in

Variable V	alue	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire Popu	latic	n	49.5287	14.0895	471
YESNO YESNO YESNO	0 1 8	Against For Dont Know	48.2374 48.8239 53.0091	13.6771 13.8918 14.6966	219 142 110

Total Cases =

501 30 OR 6.0 PCT. Missing Cases =

Summaries of	AGE	Current age		
By levels of	YESNO	Would you vote for	or against millage in	
Value :	Label	Mean	Std Dev Sum of Sq	Cases
0 2	Against	48.2374	13.6771 40779.6530	219
1	For	48.8239	13.8918 27210.5986	142
8 1	Dont Know	53.0091	14.6966 23542.9909	110
Within Groups	s Total	49.5287	13.9851 91533.2425	471

Criterion Variable AGE

Analysis of Variance

Source	Sum of Squares	D.F.	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1768.1206	2	884.0603	4.5201	.0114
Linearity Dev. from Linearity	1768.1113 .0093	1 1	1768.1113 .0093	9.0402 .0000	.0028 .9945
	R = .1377	R Squar	ed = .0190		
Within Groups	91533.2425	468	195.5839		
	Eta = .1377	Eta Squar	ed = .0190		

This procedure was completed at 15:04:55

RECODE PROPA (8=9).
RECODE HOMEOWN (2=0).
RECODE ATTEND (8=9).

CORRELATIONS VARIABLES=VOTEYES VOTENO DONTKNOW ABSENTEE PRIMARY
The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding
501 cases are written to the compressed active file.
SENIOR DEMOCRAT REPUBLIC HOUSE PROPA HOMEOWN PAPER RADIO TV ADS
MEETINGS CONTACT MAIL OTHER ATTEND AGE EDUCATE GENDER
INCREASE/OPTIONS=2 5.

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Correlations:	VOTEYES	VOTENO	DONTKNOW	ABSENTEE	PRIMARY	SENIOR
VOTEYES	1.0000 (0) P= .	6033 (499) P= .000	3671 (499) P= .000	0335 (498) P= .456	.0346 (499) P= .441	(499)
VOTENO	(499)	1.0000 (0) P= .	5203 (499) P= .000	0672 (498) P= .134	0769 (499) P= .086	0581 (499) P= .195
DONTKNOW	3671	5203	1.0000	.1141	.0527	.1158
	(499)	(499)	(0)	(498)	(499)	(499)
	P= .000	P= .000	P= .	P= .011	P= .240	P= .010
ABSENTEE	0335	0672	.1141	1.0000	.1730	.7165
	(498)	(498)	(498)	(0)	(500)	(500)
	P= .456	P= .134	P= .011	P= .	P= .000	P= .000
PRIMARY	.0346	0769	.0527	.1730	1.0000	.0959
	(499)	(499)	(499)	(500)	(0)	(501)
	P= .441	P= .086	P= .240	P= .000	P= .	P= .032
SENIOR	0448	0581	.1158	.7165	.0959	1.0000
	(499)	(499)	(499)	(500)	(501)	(0)
	P= .318	P= .195	P= .010	P= .000	P= .032	P= .
DEMOCRAT	.0574	0335	0223	.0756	.1363	.0452
	(499)	(499)	(499)	(500)	(501)	(501)
	P= .201	P= .455	P= .619	P= .091	P= .002	P= .313
REPUBLIC	0057 (499) P= .898	.0504 (499) P= .261	0527 (499) P= .240		.1072 (501) P= .016	0080 (501) P= .858
HOUSE	.0209 (494) P= .643	.0599 (494) P= .184	0919 (494) P= .041	.0675 (495) P= .134		0304 (496) P= .500
PROPA	0601	0266	.0953	.0136	.1152	.0511
	(495)	(495)	(495)	(496)	(497)	(497)
	P= .182	P= .556	P= .034	P= .763	P= .010	P= .255
HOMEOWN	0780	.0266	.0527	0625	.0838	0176
	(498)	(498)	(498)	(499)	(500)	(500)
	P= .082	P= .554	P= .240	P= .163	P= .061	P= .694
PAPER	.0364	0592	.0302	0205	0218	0324
	(498)	(498)	(498)	(499)	(500)	(500)
	P= .418	P= .187	P= .501	P= .648	P= .627	P= .470

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

Correlations:	VOTEYES	VOTENO	DONTKNOW	ABSENTEE	PRIMARY	SENIOR
RADIO	.0503 (499) P= .262	0124 (499) P= .782	0394 (499) P= .380	0144 (500) P= .747		.0064 (501) P= .887
. TV	.0353 (499) P= .432	0539 (499) P= .229	.0251 (499) P= .575	.0600 (500) P= .181	.0012 (501) P= .979	
ADS	.0186 (499) P= .678		.0514 (499) P= .251	0436 (500) P= .331		
MEETINGS	.0139 (499) P= .757	(499)	0248 (499) P= .580	.0151 (500) P= .736	(501)	
CONTACT	(499)	(499)	.0775 (499) P= .084	(500)	(501)	
MAIL		(498)	.0454 (498) P= .312		(500)	(500)
OTHER	(499)	(499)	0304 (499) P= .499	.0030 (500) P= .947		
ATTEND		(484)	0205 (484) P= .653			(486)
AGE			.1365 (471) P= .003		(473)	
EDUCATE	.1167 (490) P= .010	0640 (490) P= .157	(490)		.0360 (491) P= .425	
GENDER	.0229 (488) P= .614		0735 (488) P= .105	0093 (488) P= .838	0379 (489) P= .403	0613 (489) P= .176
INCREASE	.0209 (494) P= .643	.0599 (494) P= .184	0919 (494) P= .041	.0675 (495) P= .134	.1110 (496) P= .013	0304 (496) P= .500

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

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Correlations:	DEMOCRAT	REPUBLIC	HOUSE	PROPA	HOMEOWN	PAPER
VOTEYES	(499)	0057 (499) P= .898	.0209 (494) P= .643	0601 (495) P= .182	0780 (498) P= .082	.0364 (498) P= .418
VOTENO	0335	.0504	.0599	0266	.0266	0592
	(499)	(499)	(494)	(495)	(498)	(498)
	P= .455	P= .261	P= .184	P= .556	P= .554	P= .187
DONTKNOW	0223	0527	0919	.0953	.0527	.0302
	(499)	(499)	(494)	(495)	(498)	(498)
	P= .619	P= .240	P= .041	P= .034	P= .240	P= .501
ABSENTEE	.0756	.0551	.0675	.0136	0625	0205
	(500)	(500)	(495)	(496)	(499)	(499)
	P= .091	P= .219	P= .134	P= .763	P= .163	P= .648
PRIMARY	(501)	.1072 (501) P= .016	.1110 (496) P= .013	.1152 (497) P= .010	.0838 (500) P= .061	0218 (500) P= .627
SENIOR	(501)	0080 (501) P= .858		.0511 (497) P= .255	(500)	0324 (500) P= .470
DEMOCRAT	1.0000	3733	0042	.0241	.0000	0080
	(0)	(501)	(496)	(497)	(500)	(500)
	P= .	P= .000	P= .926	P= .592	P=1.000	P= .859
REPUBLIC	(501)	1.0000 (0) P= .	.0771 (496) P= .086	0195 (497) P= .665	0231 (500) P= .607	0072 (500) P= .872
HOUSE	0042	.0771	1.0000	.0620	.0644	.0370
	(496)	(496)	(0)	(492)	(495)	(495)
	P= .926	P= .086	P= .	P= .170	P= .152	P= .411
PROPA	.0241	0195	.0620	1.0000	.2232	.0656
	(497)	(497)	(492)	(0)	(496)	(496)
	P= .592	P= .665	P= .170	P= .	P= .000	P= .145
HOMEOWN	.0000	0231	.0644	.2232	1.0000	.0954
	(500)	(500)	(495)	(496)	(0)	(499)
	P=1.000	P= .607	P= .152	P= .000	P= .	P= .033
PAPER	0080	0072	.0370	.0656	.0954	1.0000
	(500)	(500)	(495)	(496)	(499)	(0)
	P= .859	P= .872	P= .411	P= .145	P= .033	P= .

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

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Correlations:	DEMOCRAT	REPUBLIC	HOUSE	PROPA	HOMEOWN	PAPER
RADIO	.0427 (501) P= .341		0350 (496) P= .437	0157 (497) P= .726		.0867 (500) P= .053
TV	.0714 (501) P= .110		1035 (496) P= .021	0315 (497) P= .483		.1391 (500) P= .002
ADS	(501)	(501)	0879 (496) P= .050	.0498 (497) P= .268		
MEETINGS	0153 (501) P= .733			.1216 (497) P= .007	(500)	
CONTACT		(501)	.0062 (496) P= .890	.0576 (497) P= .199	(500)	(500)
MAIL	(500)			.0935 (496) P= .037		(499)
OTHER				.0031 (497) P= .945		
ATTEND		(486)		0156 (482) P= .733	(486)	
AGE				.0809 (469) P= .080	(472)	0048 (472) P= .917
EDUCATE	(491)		(487)	.1231 (487) P= .007	(490)	(490)
GENDER	•	(489)	0045 (484) P= .921	0199 (485) P= .662	0923 (488) P= .042	0008 (488) P= .987
INCREASE	0042 (496) P= .926	.0771 (496) P= .086		.0620 (492) P= .170	.0644 (495) P= .152	(495)

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

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Correlations:	RADIO	TV	ADS	MEETINGS	CONTACT	MAIL
VOTEYES	.0503 (499) P= .262	.0353 (499) P= .432	.0186 (499) P= .678	.0139 (499) P= .757	0122 (499) P= .785	.0334 (498) P= .457
VOTENO	0124 (499) P= .782	(499)	0612 (499) P= .172	.0085 (499) P= .849	0552 (499) P= .218	
DONTKNOW	0394 (499) P= .380	.0251 (499) P= .575	.0514 (499) P= .251	0248 (499) P= .580	.0775 (499) P= .084	.0454 (498) P= .312
ABSENTEE	0144 (500) P= .747	.0600 (500) P= .181	(500)	.0151 (500) P= .736	0126 (500) P= .779	0068 (499) P= .880
PRIMARY	.0310 (501) P= .489	.0012 (501) P= .979	(501)	.0376 (501) P= .400	.0836 (501) P= .061	0058 (500) P= .896
SENIOR	.0064 (501) P= .887	(501)	0005 (501) P= .992	0171 (501) P= .702	.0353 (501) P= .430	.0377 (500) P= .400
DEMOCRAT		.0714 (501) P= .110	(501)	0153 (501) P= .733	.0324 (501) P= .469	
REPUBLIC		(501)	0413 (501) P= .356	.0078 (501) P= .861	.0420 (501) P= .348	0778 (500) P= .082
	0350 (496) P= .437		0879 (496) P= .050		.0062 (496) P= .890	0588 (495) P= .192
PROPA	0157 (497) P= .726	0315 (497) P= .483	.0498 (497) P= .268	.1216 (497) P= .007	.0576 (497) P= .199	
HOMEOWN	0123 (500) P= .784		0245 (500) P= .584	.0468 (500) P= .296	.0497 (500) P= .267	.0496 (499) P= .268
PAPER	•	.1391 (500) P= .002	•	.0413 (500) P= .357	.0427 (500) P= .341	

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

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Correlations:	RADIO	VT	ADS	MEETINGS	CONTACT	MAIL
RADIO	1.0000	.2752	.2196	.0749	.0290	.1493
	(0)	(501)	(501)	(501)	(501)	(500)
	P= .	P= .000	P= .000	P= .094	P= .517	P= .001
TV	.2752	1.0000	.1393	.0266	0241	.0740
	(501)	(0)	(501)	(501)	(501)	(500)
	P= .000	P= .	P= .002	P= .553	P= .590	P= .099
ADS `		.1393 (501) P= .002	1.0000 (0) P= .	.1128 (501) P= .011	.1049 (501) P= .019	.2784 (500) P= .000
MEETINGS	.0749	.0266	.1128	1.0000	.2617	.0736
	(501)	(501)	(501)	(0)	(501)	(500)
	P= .094	P= .553	P= .011	P= .	P= .000	P= .100
CONTACT	.0290 (501) P= .517	0241 (501) P= .590	.1049 (501) P= .019	.2617 (501) P= .000	(0)	.1830 (500) P= .000
MAIL	.1493	.0740	.2784	.0736	.1830	1.0000
	(500)	(500)	(500)	(500)	(500)	(0)
	P= .001	P= .099	P= .000	P= .100	P= .000	P= .
OTHER	.1045	0321	0746	.1196	.0592	.0020
	(501)	(501)	(501)	(501)	(501)	(500)
	P= .019	P= .473	P= .095	P= .007	P= .186	P= .964
ATTEND	.1037	.0064	.0390	.0244	.0053	.0018
	(486)	(486)	(486)	(486)	(486)	(485)
	P= .022	P= .889	P= .391	P= .592	P= .906	P= .969
AGE	0133 (473) P= .774	.0626 (473) P= .174	(473)	.0615 (473) P= .182	.0812 (473) P= .078	.0730 (472) P= .113
EDUCATE	0219	0859	0443	.1260	.0860	0757
	(491)	(491)	(491)	(491)	(491)	(490)
	P= .628	P= .057	P= .328	P= .005	P= .057	P= .094
GENDER	.0510	.0026	.0004	0414	0774	0931
	(489)	(489)	(489)	(489)	(489)	(488)
	P= .260	P= .954	P= .993	P= .361	P= .088	P= .040
INCREASE	0350	1035	0879	.0958	.0062	0588
	(496)	(496)	(496)	(496)	(496)	(495)
	P= .437	P= .021	P= .050	P= .033	P= .890	P= .192

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

Correlations:	OTHER	ATTEND	AGE	EDUCATE	GENDER	INCREASE
VOTEYES	.0722	.0702	0329	.1167	.0229	.0209
	(499)	(484)	(471)	(490)	(488)	(494)
	P= .107	P= .123	P= .476	P= .010	P= .614	P= .643
VOTENO	0402	0472	0855	0640	.0419	.0599
	(499)	(484)	(471)	(490)	(488)	(494)
	P= .370	P= .300	P= .064	P= .157	P= .356	P= .184
DONTKNOW	0304	0205	.1365	0508	0735	0919
	(499)	(484)	(471)	(490)	(488)	(494)
	P= .499	P= .653	P= .003	P= .262	P= .105	P= .041
ABSENTEE	.0030	0327	.5850	0656	0093	.0675
	(500)	(485)	(472)	(490)	(488)	(495)
	P= .947	P= .472	P= .000	P= .147	P= .838	P= .134
PRIMARY	.0594	0201	.1194	.0360	0379	.1110
	(501)	(486)	(473)	(491)	(489)	(496)
	P= .184	P= .658	P= .009	P= .425	P= .403	P= .013
SENIOR		0792 (486) P= .081	.7074 (473) P= .000	2231 (491) P= .000	0613 (489) P= .176	
DEMOCRAT	.0228 (501) P= .611	.0279 (486) P= .539	.0900 (473) P= .050	.0284 (491) P= .530	0211 (489) P= .641	
REPUBLIC	0219 (501) P= .625	0607 (486) P= .181	0467 (473) P= .310	.0931 (491) P= .039	.0134 (489) P= .767	(496)
HOUSE		0678 (482) P= .137	0018 (469) P= .969	.2543 (487) P= .000		
PROPA	.0031 (497) P= .945	0156 (482) P= .733	.0809 (469) P= .080		0199 (485) P= .662	.0620 (492) P= .170
HOMEOWN	0370	0438	.1802	0168	0923	.0644
	(500)	(486)	(472)	(490)	(488)	(495)
	P= .410	P= .335	P= .000	P= .711	P= .042	P= .152
PAPER	1941	0131	0048	.0345	0008	.0370
	(500)	(485)	(472)	(490)	(488)	(495)
	P= .000	P= .774	P= .917	P= .446	P= .987	P= .411

" . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

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Correlations:	OTHER	ATTEND	AGE	EDUCATE	GENDER	INCREASE
RADIO	.1045 (501) P= .019		0133 (473) P= .774	0219 (491) P= .628	.0510 (489) P= .260	0350 (496) P= .437
TV	0321 (501) P= .473	.0064 (486) P= .889		0859 (491) P= .057	.0026 (489) P= .954	1035 (496) P= .021
ADS	0746 (501) P= .095	(486)	(473)	0443 (491) P= .328	.0004 (489) P= .993	(496)
MEETINGS	.1196 (501) P= .007	(486)	.0615 (473) P= .182	.1260 (491) P= .005	0414 (489) P= .361	
CONTACT			(473)	.0860 (491) P= .057	0774 (489) P= .088	
MAIL		(485)	(472)	0757 (490) P= .094	(488)	
OTHER	1.0000 (0) P= .	(486)	0014 (473) P= .975	.1196 (491) P= .008	0035 (489) P= .938	
ATTEND				.0064 (479) P= .888		
AGE		1489 (459) P= .001		2313 (466) P= .000	0151 (461) P= .746	
EDUCATE			(466)	1.0000 (0) P= .		(487)
GENDER	0035 (489) P= .938		(461)	.1432 (480) P= .002		0045 (484) P= .921
INCREASE	.1026 (496) P= .022	(482)	(469)	.2543 (487) P= .000	(484)	1.0000 (0) P= .

[&]quot; . " is printed if a coefficient cannot be computed

This procedure was completed at 15:06:09

REGRESSION

/MISSING PAIRWISE
/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA
/CRITERIA=PIN (.05) POUT (.10)
/NOORIGIN
/DEPENDENT VOTEYES
/METHOD=FNITER ACE CENDER ATTEND

/METHOD=ENTER AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE PROPA PRIMARY.

**** MULTIPLE REGRESSION ****

Pairwise Deletion of Missing Data

Equation Number 1 Dependent Variable.. VOTEYES Would you vote for or aga

Block Number 1. Method: Enter

AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE PROPA PRIMARY

Variable(s) Entered on Step Number

1	PRIMARY	Voted	in	August	92	primary
---	---------	-------	----	--------	----	---------

2.. ATTEND Anyone in family or friends ever attend3.. EDUCATE Highest level of education you have comp

4.. HOMEOWN Do you own a home in Oakland County

5.. GENDER Gender

6.. PROPA Voted in March 1994 election (Proposal A

7.. HOUSE Estimated value of house (1990 Census bl

8.. AGE Current age

Multiple R .17192
R Square .02956
Adjusted R Square .01231
Standard Error .45527

Analysis of Variance

	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square
Regression	8	2.84094	.35512
Residual	450	93.27378	.20728

F = 1.71327 Signif F = .0931

------ Variables in the Equation ------

Variable	В	SE B	Beta	T	Sig T
PRIMARY	.043216	.047724	.042911	.906	.3657
ATTEND	.066801	.045247	.070157	1.476	.1405
EDUCATE	.038736	.015602	.125452	2.483	.0134
HOMEOWN	- .095989	.072901	064027	-1.317	.1886
GENDER	.008244	.045172	.008698	.182	.8553
PROPA	086104	.062903	066222	-1.369	.1717
HOUSE	-1.66293E-05	2.99195E-04	002699	056	.9557
AGE	5.981534E-04	.001604	.018472	.373	.7094
(Constant)	.155317	.141067		1.101	.2715

End Block Number 1 All requested variables entered.

This procedure was completed at 15:06:29

```
REGRESSION

/MISSING PAIRWISE

/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA

/CRITERIA=PIN (.05) POUT (.10)

/NOORIGIN

/DEPENDENT VOTENO

/METHOD=ENTER AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE

PROPA PRIMARY.
```

**** MULTIPLE REGRESSION ****

Pairwise Deletion of Missing Data

Equation Number 1 Dependent Variable.. VOTENO Would you vote for or agai

Block Number 1. Method: Enter

AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE PROPA PRIMARY

Variable(s) Entered on Step Number

1 PRI	MARY Voted	in August	92	primary
-------	------------	-----------	----	---------

2.. ATTEND Anyone in family or friends ever attend

3.. EDUCATE Highest level of education you have comp

4.. HOMEOWN Do you own a home in Oakland County

5.. GENDER Gender

6.. PROPA Voted in March 1994 election (Proposal A

7.. HOUSE Estimated value of house (1990 Census bl

8.. AGE Current age

Multiple R .18670 R Square .03486

Adjusted R Square .01770

Standard Error .49454

Analysis of Variance

	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square
Regression	8	3.97450	.49681
Residual	450	110.05461	.24457

F = 2.03140 Signif F = .0414

------ Variables in the Equation ------

Variable	В	SE B	Beta	Т	Sig T
PRIMARY	077519	.051839	070668	-1.495	.1355
ATTEND	052455	.049148	050578	- 1.067	.2864
EDUCATE	039434	.016948	117252	-2.327	.0204
HOMEOWN	.083621	.079187	.051209	1.056	.2915
GENDER	.054240	.049067	.052541	1.105	.2696
PROPA	015863	.068327	011201	232	.8165
HOUSE	6.142653E-04	3.24997E-04	.091524	1.890	.0594
AGE	004201	.001743	119100	-2.411	.0163
(Constant)	.801639	.153232		5.232	.0000

End Block Number 1 All requested variables entered.

This procedure was completed at 15:06:48

REGRESSION

/MISSING PAIRWISE

/STATISTICS COEFF OUTS R ANOVA

/CRITERIA=PIN (.05) POUT (.10)

/NOORIGIN

/DEPENDENT DONTKNOW

/METHOD=ENTER AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE
PROPA PRIMARY.

* * * * MULTIPLE REGRESSION * * * *

. Pairwise Deletion of Missing Data

Equation Number 1 Dependent Variable.. DONTKNOW Would you vote for or ag

Block Number 1. Method: Enter

AGE GENDER ATTEND EDUCATE HOMEOWN HOUSE PROPA PRIMARY

Variable(s) Entered on Step Number

1 PRIMARY Voted in A	August 92	primary
----------------------	-----------	---------

2.. ATTEND Anyone in family or friends ever attend

3.. EDUCATE Highest level of education you have comp

4.. HOMEOWN Do you own a home in Oakland County

5.. GENDER Gender

6.. PROPA Voted in March 1994 election (Proposal A

7.. HOUSE Estimated value of house (1990 Census bl

8.. AGE Current age

Multiple R .20435

R Square .04176

Adjusted R Square .02473

Standard Error .42248

Analysis of Variance

	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square
Regression	8	3.50043	.43755
Residual	450	80.32119	.17849

F = 2.45140 Signif F = .0132

Variable	В	SE B	Beta	Т	Sig T
PRIMARY	。034109	.044286	.036266	.770	.4416
ATTEND	014450	.041988	016251	344	.7309
EDUCATE	6.121641E-04	.014479	.002123	.042	.9663
HOMEOWN	.012181	.067650	.008700	.180	.8572
GENDER	062565	.041918	070686	-1.493	.1363
PROPA	.101933	.058372	.083949	1.746	.0814
HOUSE	-5.95121E-04	2.77645E-04	103423	-2.143	.0326
AGE	.003648	.001489	.120624	2.450	.0147
(Constant)	.041361	.130906		.316	.7522

End Block Number 1 All requested variables entered.

This procedure was completed at 15:07:07

RECODE HOUSE (0 THRU 25=1) (26 THRU 50=2) (51 THRU 75=3)

(76 THRU 100=4) (101 THRU 125=5) (126 THRU 150=6) (151 THRU 999=7).

VALUE LABELS HOUSE 1 '25,000 or less' 2 '26,000-50,000' 3 '51,000-75,000'

4 '76,000-100,000' 5 '101,000-125,000' 6 '126,000-150,000' 7 '151,000 or more'.

RECODE AGE (0 THRU 30=1) (31 THRU 40=2) (41 THRU 50=3) (51 THRU 60=4)

(61 THRU 98=5).

VALUE LABELS AGE 1 '30 or younger' 2 '31-40' 3 '41-50' 4 '51-60'

5 '61 or older'.

CROSSTABS TABLES=ABSENTEE TO GENDER BY YESNO/CELLS=COUNT ROW COLUMN. The raw data or transformation pass is proceeding 501 cases are written to the compressed active file.

Memory allows for 13,106 cells with 2 dimensions for general CROSSTABS.

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ABSENTEE Voted absentee in August 92 primary by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	G	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
	001 100	0	1	8	Total
ABSENTEE	0	191	123	87	401
No	J	47.6 83.4	30.7 82.6	21.7 72.5	80.5
Yes	1	38 39.2 16.6	26 26.8 17.4	33 34.0 27.5	97 19.5
	Column Total	229 46.0	149 29.9	120 24.1	498 100.0

PRIMARY Voted in August 92 primary by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno w	Row
PRIMARY		0	1	8	Total
No	0	76 52.1 33.0	40 27.4 26.8	30 20.5 25.0	146 29.3
Yes	. 1	154 43.6 67.0	109 30.9 73.2	90 25.5 75.0	353 70.7
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

SENIOR At least one voter 60+ in home by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

		YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
SENIOR		0	1	8	Total
No	0	163 48.1 70.9	106 31.3 71.1	70 20.6 58.3	339 67.9
Yes	1	67 41.9 29.1	43 26.9 28.9	50 31.3 41.7	160 32.1
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

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DEMOCRAT Household considered democratic by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno w	Row
	001 100	О	1	8	Total
DEMOCRAT	0	176	106	92	374
No		47.1 76.5	28.3 71.1	24.6 76.7	74.9
Yes .	1	54 43.2 23.5	43 34.4 28.9	28 22.4 23.3	125 25.1
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

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REPUBLIC Household considered republican by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Gount.	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
	COT 100	0	1	8	Total
REPUBLIC	0	157	106	90	353
No		44.5	30.0	25.5 75.0	70.7
Yes	1	73 50.0 31.7	43 29.5 28.9	30 20.5 25.0	146 29.3
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

HOUSE Estimated value of house (1990 Census bl by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
HOUSE -	0	1	8	Total
25,000 or less		2 66.7 1.4	1 33.3 .8	.6
26,000-50,000	14 35.0 6.2	10 25.0 6.8	16 40.0 13.3	40 8.1
51,000-75,000	47 52.8 20.8	24 27.0 16.2	18 20.2 15.0	89 18.0
76,000-100,000	33 43.4 14.6	27 35.5 18.2	16 21.1 13.3	76 15.4
5 101,000-125,000	35 40.7 15.5	26 30.2 17.6	25 29.1 20.8	86 17.4
6 126,000-150,000	26 41.3 11.5	22 34.9 14.9	15 23.8 12.5	63 12.8
7 151,000 or more	71 51.8 31.4	37 27.0 25.0	29 21.2 24.2	137 27.7
Column Total	226 45.7	148 30.0	120 24.3	494 100.0

PROPA Voted in March 1994 election (Proposal A by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
PROPA		0	1	8	Total
	0	35	26	10	71
No		49.3 15.4	36.6 17.6	14.1	14.3
Yes	1	193 45.5 84.6	122 28.8 82.4	109 25.7 91.6	424 85.7
	Column Total	228 46.1	148 29.9	119 24.0	495 100.0

HOMEOWN Do you own a home in Oakland County by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	00	YESNO		Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
HOMEOWN		o	1	8	Total
HOMEOWN	0	22	21	9	52
Rent		42.3 9.6	40.4 14.1	17.3 7.6	10.4
Own home	1	208 46.6 90.4	128 28.7 85.9	110 24.7 92.4	446 89.6
	Column Total	230 46.2	149 29.9	119 23.9	498 100.0

PAPER Newspapers (Editorials/Articles) by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
PAPER		0	1	8	Total
	0	25	11	9	45
No		55.6 10.9	24.4 7.4	20.0	9.0
Yes	1	205 45.3 89.1	137 30.2 92.6	111 24.5 92.5	453 91.0
	Column Total	230 46.2	148 29.7	120 24.1	498 100.0

RADIO Radio (Editorials/newscasts/talkshows) by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

•	Count	YESNO		Page 1 of 1		
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno W	Row	
RADIO		0	1	8	Total	
No		120 46.7 52.2	71 27.6 47.7	66 25.7 55.0	257 51.5	
Yes	1	110 45.5 47.8	78 32.2 52.3	54 22.3 45.0	242 48.5	
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0	

TV Television (Editorials/newscasts)
by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

•	at	YESNO		Page	Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row	
TV		0	1	8	Total	
No	0	88 49.7 38.3	49 27.7 32.9	40 22.6 33.3	177 35.5	
Yes	1	142 44.1 61.7	100 31.1 67.1	80 24.8 66.7	322 64.5	
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0	

ADS Advertizing (public media TV, radio, new by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO			Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row	
ADS		0	1	8	Total	
No	0	148 48.5 64.3	89 29.2 59.7	68 22.3 56.7	305 61.1	
Yes	1	82 42.3 35.7	60 30.9 40.3	52 26.8 43.3	194 38.9	
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0	

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MEETINGS Community Meetings by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
MERCHANCO	001 100	0	1	8	Total
MEETINGS	0	171	110	92	373
No		45.8 74.3	29.5 73.8	24.7 76.7	74.7
Yes	1	59 46.8 25.7	39 31.0 26.2	28 22.2 23.3	126 25.3
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

CONTACT Personal contacts with candidates/repres by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO			Page 1 of 1	
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row	
CONTACT		0	1	8	Total	
	0	177	112	82	371	
Ио		47.7 77.0	30.2 75.2	22.1 68.3	74.3	
Yes	1	53 41.4	37 28.9	38 29.7	128 25.7	
•		23.0	24.8	31.7		
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0	

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MAIL Direct mail sent to your home by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	_	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
		0	1	8	Total
MAIL	0	119	68	53	240
No		49.6 52.0	28.3 45.6	22.1	48.2
Yes	1	110 42.6 48.0	81 31.4 54.4	67 26.0 55.8	258 51.8
	Column Total	229 46.0	149 29.9	120 24.1	498 100.0

OTHER Other by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

		YESNO			Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno W	Row	
		0	1	8	Total	
OTHER No	0	183 47.2 79.6	109 28.1 73.2	96 24.7 80.0	388 77.8	
Yes	1	47 42.3 20.4	40 36.0 26.8	24 21.6 20.0	111 22.2	
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0	

MOSTIMP Single most important source by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

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Co	unt	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
Row	Pct Pct	Against 0	For	Dont Kno W 8	Row Total
MOSTIMP ——— Newspaper	1	120 42.1 54.3	95 33.3 66.4	70 24.6 63.6	285 60.1
Radio	2	19 67.9 8.6	6 21.4 4.2	3 10.7 2.7	28 5.9
Television	3	30 68.2 13.6	10 22.7 7.0	4 9.1 3.6	44 9.3
Advertising	4	3 23.1 1.4	3 23.1 2.1	7 53.8 6.4	13 2.7
Community Me	5 etin	5 55.6 2.3	2 22.2 1.4	2 22.2 1.8	9 1.9
Personal Con	6 tact	12 48.0 5.4	3 12.0 2.1	10 40.0 9.1	25 5.3
Direct Mail	7	11 42.3 5.0	9 34.6 6.3	6 23.1 5.5	26 5.5
Other	8	21 47.7 9.5	15 34.1 10.5	8 18.2 7.3	44 9.3
	lumn otal	221 46.6	143 30.2	110 23.2	474 100.0

REVENUE Revenue source that should contribute mo by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
REVENUE		0	1	8	Total
Tuition	1	96 67.6 45.1	24 16.9 16.8	22 15.5 22.4	142 31.3
State Aid	2 1	37 37.8 17.4	39 39.8 27.3	22 22.4 22.4	98 21.6
Local Tax	3 Kes	9 30.0 4.2	16 53.3 11.2	5 16.7 5.1	30 6.6
State Aid	4 d + Tuit	21 53.8 9.9	12 30.8 8.4	6 15.4 6.1	39 8.6
State Aid	5 1 + Loca	3 16.7 1.4	12 66.7 8.4	3 16.7 3.1	18 4.0
Tuition ⊣	6 Local	8 40.0 3.8	5 25.0 3.5	7 35.0 7.1	20 4.4
Tuition ⊣	7 - State	39 36.4 18.3	35 32.7 24.5	33 30.8 33.7	107 23.6
	Column Total	213 46.9	143 31.5	98 21.6	454 100.0

MILLS Know how many mills go to OCC? by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
MILLS		0	1	8	Total
Less than	1 one	4 36.4 1.7	5 45.5 3.4	2 18.2 1.7	11 2.2
One mill	2	8 44.4 3.5	6 33.3 4.0	22.2 3.3	18 3.6
More than	3 one bu	6 42.9 2.6	5 35.7 3.4	3 21.4 2.5	14 2.8
More than	two 4	7 63.6 3.0	9.1 .7	3 27.3 2.5	11 2.2
Dont know	8	205 46.1 89.1	132 29.7 88.6	108 24.3 90.0	445 89.2
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

		YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno w	Row
unavo		0	1	8	Total
YESNO Against	0	230 100.0 100.0			230 46.1
For	1		149 100.0 100.0		149 29.9
Dont Know	8			120 100.0 100.0	120 24.0
	Column Total	230 46.1	149 29.9	120 24.0	499 100.0

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WHY Why would you vote this way? by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Q	YESNO		Page	1 of 2
	Count Row Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	D
*****	Col Pct	О	1	w 8	Row Total
WHY	1 e info	6 9.7 2.7	4 6.5 2.7	52 83.9 59.1	62 13.5
OCC meet:	2 s needs	1 5.0 .5	18 90.0 12.2	1 5.0 1.1	20 4.4
Family/p	3 ersonal		29 100.0 19.6		29 6.3
Support	4 educatio	1 1.3 .5	73 94.8 49.3	3 3.9 3.4	77 16.8
OCC meet:	5 s commun		12 100.0 8.1		12 2.6
Afordablo	6 e increa		5 83.3 3.4	1 16.7 1.1	6 1.3
Keep tui	7 tion/acc		5 83.3 3.4	1 16.7 1.1	6 1.3
No more	11 taxation	132 95.7 59.5)	2 1.4 1.4	4 2.9 4.5	138 30.1
No kids	12 in schoo	16 88.9 7.2		2 11.1 2.3	18 3.9
Tuition :	13 should f	32 91.4 14.4		3 8.6 3.4.	35 7.6
K-12 need	14 ds money	9 81.8 4.1		2 18.2 2.3	11 2.4
(Continued	Column) Total	222 48.5	148 32.3	88 19.2	458 100.0

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WHY Why would you vote this way? by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	YESNO		Page	2 of 2
Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against 0	For	Dont Kno W	Row Total
WHY	<u> </u>		•	TOCAL
15 State funding sh	6 100.0 2.7			6 1.3
16 Low quality of e	6 100.0 2.7			6 1.3
17 Better allocatio	12 100.0 5.4			12 2.6
88 Dont know	1 5.0 .5		19 95.0 21.6	20 4.4
Column Total	222 48.5	148 32.3	88 19.2	458 100.0

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INFONEED What information would you like by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

		YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
INFONEED		0	1	8	Total
programs	1	3 25.0 1.5	5 41.7 3.5	4 33.3 3.6	12 2.6
Nothing	2	73 65.2 35.6	29 25.9 20.6	10 8.9 8.9	112 24.5
How stude	3 ents ben	3 33.3 1.5	4 44.4 2.8	2 22.2 1.8	9 2.0
How will	4 it be s	43 36.1 21.0	37.0 31.2	32 26.9 28.6	119 26.0
Existing	5 \$ and s	34 32.1 16.6	32 30.2 22.7	40 37.7 35.7	106 23.1
Benefit t	6 co commu	3 30.0 1.5	3 30.0 2.1	4 40.0 3.6	10 2.2
Unbias in	7 nfo	38 54.3 18.5	19 27.1 13.5	13 18.6 11.6	70 15.3
Effect of	8 f Propos	2 50.0 1.0		2 50.0 1.8	.9
OCC Effec	9 ctivenes	1 50.0 .5	1 50.0 .7		. 4
Dont knov	88 v	5 35.7 2.4	4 28.6 2.8	5 35.7 4.5	14 3.1
	Column Total	205 44.8	141 30.8	112 24.5	458 100.0

ATTEND Anyone in family or friends ever attend by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
ATTEND		0	1	8	Total
AIIEND	0	86	45	43	174
No		49.4 38.4	25.9 30.8	24.7 37.7	36.0
Yes	1	138 44.5 61.6	101 32.6 69.2	71 22.9 62.3	310 64.0
	Column Total	224 46.3	146 30.2	114 23.6	484 100.0

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AGE Current age by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

		YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
a CE		0	1	8	Total
AGE 30 or you	1 inger	17 48.6 7.8	14 40.0 9.9	4 11.4 3.6	35 7.4
31-40	2	56 54.4 25.6	23 22.3 16.2	24 23.3 21.8	103 21.9
41-50	3	67 48.9 30.6	45 32.8 31.7	25 18.2 22.7	137 29.1
51-60	4	31 38.3 14.2	29 35.8 20.4	21 25.9 19.1	81 17.2
61 or old	5 ler	48 41.7 21.9	31 27.0 21.8	36 31.3 32.7	115 24.4
	Column Total	219 46.5	142 30.1	110 23.4	471 100.0

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EDUCATE Highest level of education you have comp by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

Count	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
EDUCATE —	0	1	8	Total
Grades 1 to 8 or	1 20.0 .4	1 20.0 .7	3 60.0 2.6	5 1.0
2 Some high school	7 43.8 3.1	5 31.3 3.4	4 25.0 3.4	16 3.3
3 High school grad	49 55.7 21.8	19 21.6 12.8	20 22.7 17.1	88 18.0
Vocational or te	6 54.5 2.7	3 27.3 2.0	18.2 1.7	11 2.2
5 Some college	58 44.3 25.8	34 26.0 23.0	39 29.8 33.3	131 26.7
6 College graduate	70 45.8 31.1	52 34.0 35.1	31 20.3 26.5	153 31.2
7 Post-graduate	34 39.5 15.1	34 39.5 23.0	18 20.9 15.4	86 17.6
Column Total	225 45.9	148 30.2	117 23.9	490 100.0

RACE Race by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	0	YESNO		Page	1 of 1
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno	Row
RACE		0	1	8	Total
White	1	209 46.7 95.0	137 30.6 94.5	102 22.8 94.4	448 94.7
African-A	2 American	7 41.2 3.2	5 29.4 3.4	5 29.4 4.6	17 3.6
Hispanic	3	1 33.3 .5	2 66.7 1.4		3 .6
Asian	4			1 100.0 .9	.2
Other	5	3 75.0 1.4	1 25.0 .7		.8
	Column Total	220 46.5	145 30.7	108 22.8	473 100.0

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GENDER Gender by YESNO Would you vote for or against millage in

	G	YESNO		Page 1 of 1	
	Count Row Pct Col Pct	Against	For	Dont Kno w	Row
CENDED	001 100	0	1	8	Total
GENDER	0	136	90	81	307
Female		44.3 60.7	29.3 61.2	26.4 69.2	62.9
Male	1	88 48.6 39.3	57 31.5 38.8	36 19.9 30.8	181 37.1
	Column Total	224 45.9	147 30.1	117 24.0	488 100.0

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This procedure was completed at 15:07:33 finish.

End of Include file.