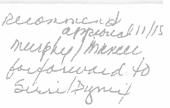
DRAFT Recommendation from the SDTF 9/28/2005



# Proposed Initial Matching Overlay Loading Algorithm for Merge Database

#### Rationale:

In determining specifics for the overlay loading algorithm, the Single Database Task Force based its recommendations on the following:

- Retaining accessibility of unique local information on bibliographic records.
- Ensuring records are not overlaid unless a minimum of at least 2 specified match points exist between records to be merge
- Current MARC Standards, available online from: <a href="http://www.loc.gov/marc/">http://www.loc.gov/marc/</a>
- OCLC Tape Loading Guide, Section 7: How Records are Matched.
- INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM: Sunrise Bibliographic Matching Algorithm & Record Consolidation, from DALNET Union Catalog/Authorities Task Force, 1999
- Documentation: Updated Algorithm logic for master record, matching, and action of MARC load program, from Sam Foster, of SirsiDynix, 1998

The Single Database Task Force examined all repeatable MARC fields\* and used the following criteria in determining which fields should be repeated and separate entries retained on the merged records in the database:

- Examination of member databases syntax and validation to verify if fields were currently being used. It was felt that if no library was currently using a particular MARC field then that field did not need special retention in the initial merge.
- Necessity of retaining specific local information for staff access
- Necessity of retaining specific local information for public access.
- Conference with DALNET Project Managers and anyone whom they wished to consult, i.e. their catalogers, on impact for local/member practices and/or specific fields to retain for each institution.
- \*A complete list of repeatable MARC fields is available online from: http://www.loc.gov/marc/bibliographic/ecbdhome.html

Only unique entries in repeatable fields will be retained; multiple entries for repeatable fields that contain the same information will be overlaid. All other non-repeatable MARC fields will be overlaid when merging files, thus the significance of the order in which records are added to the merge database from each institution

### Note:

All recommendations for the merge algorithm are based on the assumption that the algorithm will be changed, tweaked, altered, etc. if desired results are not achieved once in the testing environment, with the intent that the final algorithm be perfected before a final production database is created. The recommended algorithm is a best plan beginning based on the above described rationale.

### Proposed Match Point Logic for Record Overlay:

Match point logic is applied after record is read from file and before any record is loaded. Match points in order of precedence. Later referred to by number.

- 1. Exact match on OCLC (001,019, 035)
- 2. Exact Match on ISBN (020a)
- 3. Exact match on ISSN (022a)
- 4. Exact match on Government Documents Number (086a)
- 5. Exact Match on LCCN (010a)
- 6. Match on first five words (245a) and (245h)

IF (1 AND (2 OR 3 OR 4 OR 5 OR 6)) THEN RETURN TRUE (match)
ELSE IF (any two matches on 2-6) THEN RETURN TRUE (match)
ELSE RETURN FALSE (no match)
END

## Proposed Repeatable Fields to retain Multiple Entries for in Record Consolidation:

Only unique entries in repeatable fields will be retained; multiple entries for repeatable fields that contain the same information will be overlaid. All other non-repeatable MARC fields will be overlaid when merging files, thus the significance of the order in which records are added to the merge database from each institution.

Fields 010-04X contain control and linking numbers, standard numbers, and codes that relate to the bibliographic item described in the record.

- 013 PATENT CONTROL INFORMATION (R)
- 015 NATIONAL BIBLIOGRAPHY NUMBER (R)
- 016 NATIONAL BIBLIOGRAPHIC AGENCY CONTROL NUMBER (R)
- 017 COPYRIGHT OR LEGAL DEPOSIT NUMBER (R)
- 020 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD BOOK NUMBER (R)
- 022 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER (R)
- 024 OTHER STANDARD IDENTIFIER (R)
- 025 OVERSEAS ACQUISITION NUMBER (R)
- 026 FINGERPRINT IDENTIFIER (R)
- 027 STANDARD TECHNICAL REPORT NUMBER (R)
- 028 PUBLISHER NUMBER (R)
- 030 CODEN DESIGNATION (R)
- 031 MUSICAL INCIPITS INFORMATION (R)
- 032 POSTAL REGISTRATION NUMBER (R)
- 033 DATE/TIME AND PLACE OF AN EVENT (R)
- 034 CODED CARTOGRAPHIC MATHEMATICAL DATA (R)

- 035 SYSTEM CONTROL NUMBER (R)
- 037 SOURCE OF ACQUISITION (R)
- 041 LANGUAGE CODE (R)
- 046 SPECIAL CODED DATES (R)
- 048 NUMBER OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OR VOICES CODE (R)

Fields 210-24X contain the title of the item described in the bibliographic record and variant titles that also apply to the item. These fields may be used to generate access points and to display notes for the various titles.

- 210 ABBREVIATED TITLE (R)
- 222 KEY TITLE (R)
- 242 TRANSLATION OF TITLE BY CATALOGING AGENCY (R)
- 246 VARYING FORM OF TITLE (R) (add |5 notes)
- 247 FORMER TITLE (R)

Fields 250-270 contain edition, imprint, address, and other publication source information, and data related to specific forms of material that apply to the item described in the bibliographic record.

- 255 CARTOGRAPHIC MATHEMATICAL DATA (R)
- 258 PHILATELIC ISSUE DATA (R)
- 260 PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC. (IMPRINT) (R)
- 270 ADDRESS (R)

Fields 300-362 contain physical characteristics, publication frequency, price, and physical arrangement information for the item described in the bibliographic record. Information about the dissemination of bibliographic items and the security status of bibliographic data relating to them is also recorded in fields in this group.

- 300 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION (R)
- 307 HOURS, ETC. (R)
- 321 FORMER PUBLICATION FREQUENCY (R)
- 340 PHYSICAL MEDIUM (R)
- 342 GEOSPATIAL REFERENCE DATA (R)
- 343 PLANAR COORDINATE DATA (R)
- 351 ORGANIZATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF MATERIALS (R)
- 352 DIGITAL GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION (R)
- 355 SECURITY CLASSIFICATION CONTROL (R)
- 362 DATES OF PUBLICATION AND/OR SEQUENTIAL DESIGNATION (R)
- 365 TRADE PRICE (R)
- 366 TRADE AVAILABILITY INFORMATION (R)

Fields 440 and 490 contain series statements. Field 440 also provides an added entry for the series. A series statement is recorded in field 490 when either it is given no added entry in the record (an untraced series) or is given an added entry in a form that differs

from the series statement appearing on the item. One of fields 800-830 (Series added entries) is used in conjunction with field 490 when the series is to be traced differently.

The parentheses that customarily enclose a series statement and the tracing *Series*., preceded by a roman numeral, in some displays for field 440 are not carried in the MARC record. They may be generated based on the field tag.

- 440 SERIES STATEMENT/ADDED ENTRY--TITLE (R)
- 490 SERIES STATEMENT (R)

Fields 500-53X contain notes relating to aspects of bibliographic items that are not specific to any particular type of material or control (e.g., archival control). Specialized note fields are used when access to the data is needed and/or the note is introduced by a distinctive word or phrase. Field 500 is used for all other note information.

- 500 GENERAL NOTE (R)
- 501 WITH NOTE (R)
- 505 FORMATTED CONTENTS NOTE (R) (add |g notes)
- 506 RESTRICTIONS ON ACCESS NOTE (R) (add|5 notes)

After checking with Dynix it is noted that it will not be possible to retain just the longest 505 field as had initially been proposed by the Project Managers.

- 510 CITATION REFERENCES NOTE (R)
- 520 SUMMARY, ETC.(R)
- 521 TARGET AUDIENCE NOTE (R) (add |b notes)
- 530 ADDITIONAL PHYSICAL FORM AVAILABLE NOTE (R)
- 533 REPRODUCTION NOTE (R)
- 534 ORIGINAL VERSION NOTE (R)
- 535 LOCATION OF ORIGINALS/DUPLICATES NOTE (R)

It is not planned to retain multiple entries for any of these fields but Project Managers will be consulted to see if any of these fields have been used by any libraries. If any of these fields have been used by more than one library they will be retained as multiple entries.

Fields 53X-58X contain bibliographic notes which are more specific in nature. A significant number of these note fields are used to record information relating to the archival or continuing control of the bibliographic item.

- 538 SYSTEM DETAILS NOTE
- 541 IMMEDIATE SOURCE OF ACQUISITION NOTE (R)
- 563 BINDING INFORMATION (R) (add | 5 notes)
- 586 AWARDS NOTE (R)
- 59X LOCAL NOTES (R) (add |z notes)

If these fields (above) are used, we plan on retaining multiple entries for them.

• 565 - CASE FILE CHARACTERISTICS NOTE (R)

It is not planned to retain multiple entries for this field but Project Managers will be consulted to see if this field has been used by any libraries. If this field has been used by more than one library it will be retained as multiple entries.

In general, it is planned to check the syntax and validation tables in Horizon to see how many of the 5xx fields have been utilized and for those that might have been, it is planned that reports will be generated on which fields have been used in which databases so that members may give direction for the multiple retention or overlay of specified fields.

Fields 600-65X (with the exception of field 653 that is used for uncontrolled index terms) contain subject headings or access terms that provide additional access to a bibliographic record through a heading or term that is constructed according to established subject cataloging or thesaurus-building principles and guidelines. The standard list or authority file used is identified by the value in the second indicator position or by the MARC source code contained in subfield \$2 that is used in conjunction with value 7.

The Arabic number that precedes a subject access field in some displays is not carried in the MARC record. It may be generated based on the field tag. The dash (--) that precedes a general subject subdivision is not carried in the MARC record; it may be generated based on the presence of subfields, \$v, \$x, \$y, and \$z.

A name portion containing open-ended date ends with a space when it is followed by other data in the same subfield; it does not end with a space when it is followed by another subfield.

- 600 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--PERSONAL NAME (R)
- 610 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--CORPORATE NAME (R)
- 611 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--MEETING NAME (R)
- 630 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--UNIFORM TITLE (R)
- 648 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--CHRONOLOGICAL TERM (R)
- 650 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--TOPICAL TERM (R)
- 651 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--GEOGRAPHIC NAME (R)
- 653 INDEX TERM--UNCONTROLLED (R)
- 654 SUBJECT ADDED ENTRY--FACETED TOPICAL TERMS (R)
- 655 INDEX TERM--GENRE/FORM (R)
- 656 INDEX TERM--OCCUPATION (R)
- 657 INDEX TERM--FUNCTION (R)
- 658 INDEX TERM--CURRICULUM OBJECTIVE (R)

Fields 700-75X contain a name and/or title or a term that provides access to a bibliographic record that is not provided through main entry (1XX), subject access

(6XX), series statement (4XX), series added entry (8XX), or title (20X-24X) fields. The roman numeral and the word *Title*: that precede an added entry field in some displays are not carried in the MARC record. They may be generated based on the field tag.

A name portion containing open-ended date ends with a space when it is followed by other data in the same subfield; it does not end with a space when it is followed by another subfield.

- 700 ADDED ENTRY--PERSONAL NAME (R)
- 710 ADDED ENTRY--CORPORATE NAME (R)
- 711 ADDED ENTRY--MEETING NAME (R)
- 720 ADDED ENTRY--UNCONTROLLED NAME (R)
- 730 ADDED ENTRY--UNIFORM TITLE (R)
- 740 ADDED ENTRY--UNCONTROLLED RELATED/ANALYTICAL TITLE (R)
- 752 ADDED ENTRY--HIERARCHICAL PLACE NAME (R)
- 753 SYSTEM DETAILS ACCESS TO COMPUTER FILES (R)
- 754 ADDED ENTRY--TAXONOMIC IDENTIFICATION (R)

Fields 760-78X contain information that identifies other related bibliographic items. Each of the linking entry fields specifies a different relationship between the target item described in the record and a related item. These relationships fall into three categories:

1) related items that assist the user in continuing to search but are not physically required to obtain the target item (e.g., former entries for continuing resources, translations of the target item);

2) related items that have to be obtained physically in order to use the target item (e.g., the host item for a component part: a journal issue containing a specific article);

3) related items that are constituent units of a larger whole (e.g., the individual photographs contained in a visual material collection). The linking entry fields are intended to generate a note in a display of the record in which they appear; provide machine linkage between the bibliographic record for the target item and the bibliographic record for the related item, if the related item is covered by a separate record; and/or facilitate indexing.

- RECORD LINKS AND NOTES--GENERAL INFORMATION
- 760 MAIN SERIES ENTRY (R)
- 762 SUBSERIES ENTRY (R)
- 765 ORIGINAL LANGUAGE ENTRY (R)
- 767 TRANSLATION ENTRY (R)
- 770 SUPPLEMENT/SPECIAL ISSUE ENTRY (R)
- 772 SUPPLEMENT PARENT ENTRY (R)
- 773 HOST ITEM ENTRY (R)
- 774 CONSTITUENT UNIT ENTRY (R)
- 775 OTHER EDITION ENTRY (R)
- 776 ADDITIONAL PHYSICAL FORM ENTRY (R)
- 777 ISSUED WITH ENTRY (R)
- 780 PRECEDING ENTRY (R)
- 785 SUCCEEDING ENTRY (R)

- 786 DATA SOURCE ENTRY (R)
- 787 NONSPECIFIC RELATIONSHIP ENTRY (R)

Fields 800-830 contain a name/title or a title used as a series added entry when the series statement is contained in field 490 (Series Statement) or field 500 (General Note) and a series added entry is required for the bibliographic record. No 8XX series added entry field is used in conjunction with a series statement in the 440 field because it functions both as part of the bibliographic description and as a series added entry.

The Roman numeral and the word *Series:* that precede a series added entry field in some displays are not carried in the MARC record. They may be generated based on the field tag.

A name portion containing open-ended date ends with a space when it is followed by other data in the same subfield; it does not end with a space when it is followed by another subfield.

- 800 SERIES ADDED ENTRY--PERSONAL NAME (R)
- 810 SERIES ADDED ENTRY--CORPORATE NAME (R)
- 811 SERIES ADDED ENTRY--MEETING NAME (R)
- 830 SERIES ADDED ENTRY--UNIFORM TITLE (R)

Fields 841-88X contain descriptions for data elements which are an integral part of the *MARC 21 Format for Bibliographic Data* and data elements which may appear either in bibliographic records or in separate MARC holdings records.

Field 850 is a bibliographic record field that contains minimal holdings location data. Field 852 contains more extensive location data. Field 856 covers information about the location of electronic resources. These fields are described in this document. Fields 841-845, 853-855, and 863-878 are only listed here. Fuller descriptions for them appear in the MARC 21 Concise Format for Holdings Data.

Fields 880, 886, and 887 are special-use bibliographic data fields.

- 843 REPRODUCTION NOTE (R)
- 845 TERMS GOVERNING USE AND REPRODUCTION NOTE (R)
- 850 HOLDING INSTITUTION (R)
- 852 LOCATION (R)
- 853 CAPTIONS AND PATTERN--BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHIC UNIT (R)
- 854 CAPTIONS AND PATTERN--SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL (R)
- 855 CAPTIONS AND PATTERN--INDEXES (R)
- 856 ELECTRONIC LOCATION AND ACCESS (R) (add |x notes)
- 863 ENUMERATION AND CHRONOLOGY--BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHIC UNIT (R)
- 864 ENUMERATION AND CHRONOLOGY--SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL (R)

- 865 ENUMERATION AND CHRONOLOGY--INDEXES (R)
- 866 TEXTUAL HOLDINGS--BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHIC UNIT (R)
- 867 TEXTUAL HOLDINGS--SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL (R)
- 868 TEXTUAL HOLDINGS--INDEXES (R)
- 876 ITEM INFORMATION--BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHIC UNIT (R)
- 877 ITEM INFORMATION--SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL (R)
- 878 ITEM INFORMATION--INDEXES (R)
- 880 ALTERNATE GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION (R)
- 886 FOREIGN MARC INFORMATION FIELD (R)
- 887 NON-MARC INFORMATION FIELD (R)

Much of the MARC information in this document is taken from: Current MARC Standards, available online from: <a href="http://www.loc.gov/marc/">http://www.loc.gov/marc/</a>