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WHOLE NO. 359.

STILL PRODDING THEM.

"BYSTANDER" SHOWS THE FOLLY OF EXPECTING JUSTICE FROM THE SOUTH.

Who Owns the Land—Who Tills the Land—Afro-American Majorities—White Office Holders—Republican Apathy.

As "BYSTANDER" in the Chicago *Inter Ocean*, ALBION W. TOURGEE is continually presenting facts which show the folly of the people of the Republic in depending upon the South to establish a full representative government. He shows that even in those States, and in particular sections of the State, where the Southern people complain of bad government because of the majority of the blacks over the whites, that the whites are almost in exclusive control, and that the whites alone are responsible for the reign of misrule, terror and mal-administration of public affairs. He calls attention also to the restrictive measures being passed in some of the States to secure control to the Democratic minority, and render it impossible for the Republican majorities to gain control.

Ever since the war the Southern people have been engaged in overturning its results. The revolution has been going on quietly, but none the less surely. While the Republican party in Congress, and out of it, has silently witnessed the measures and means that have completely disfranchised white and black citizens of the Republic as an instance of this policy and to keep in intimidation black and white Republicans, "BYSTANDER" uses Mississippi as an example.

"In the Yazoo Delta, the richest part of the State, and throughout which there is a colored Republican majority of from two to five to one in each county. It is said with truth that the land in this region is owned by the whites. It might be said with equal truth that not one acre in ten would have been cleared except by colored labor, and probably not one in five now worked would be tilled by white labor. Yet in these very counties, where the woes of Negro rule are so pathetically bewailed, the following is the list of county officers:

- Le Flore county—Officers all white.
- Washington county—Officers, five white and two colored.
- Coshoma county—Officers six white and one colored.
- Isaquetta county—Officers, three white and three colored.
- Tallahatchie county—Officers, solid white Democratic.
- Sharkey county—Officers, one colored—the coroner.
- Tunica county—Officers all white.
- Bolivar county—Officers, two white, four colored.
- Quitman county—Officers, two white, five colored.
- Sunflower county—Officers, all white.

Generally, the county officers in that State are: Circuit Clerk, Chancery Clerk, Sheriff, Treasurer, Surveyor, Superintendent of education, Coroner and Ranger, and Assessor. The offices of Circuit Clerk and Chancery Clerk are frequently united in the same person, as also those of Coroner and Ranger. The relative importance of each of these offices will be readily understood from the names they bear. Some of them are not found in certain counties. In the ten counties named the offices are distributed as follows:

- Circuit Clerks—Seven white and three colored.
- Chancery Clerks—Nine white and one colored.
- Sheriffs—Ten white and none colored.
- Treasurers—Nine white, one colored.
- Assessors—Seven white and three colored.
- Superintendent of Education—Nine white and none colored.
- Coroner and Ranger—Three white and four colored.
- Surveyor—Six white and none colored.
- Total—Sixty white, nine colored.

Two things may be observed in regard to this summary: first, that the more important offices are nearly always filled by white men, and, second, that the only office in which the colored incumbents outnumber the whites is that of coroner.

It may also be interesting to note that the colored population of each of these counties is from one half to seven times greater than the white population, the aggregate being by the last census 80,725 colored and 18,565 white.

These are also the very counties specified by name in the New Orleans *Picayune* as examples of the terrible evils of Negro domination which made the horrible massacre in Le Flore county something more than excusable—in short, nothing less than a patriotic, Christian duty."

"BYSTANDER" also hits politicians in the Republican party some hard raps when he says that the men responsible for these things "get the sympathy of even their political opponents at the North who do not know either the facts or conditions of Southern life, and who sometimes manifest a disposition not to know them. The facts are incontrovertible, it is only as to the cause and justifiability of such acts that there is any difference."

The condition of affairs in the South by which the majority in seven Southern States have been overcome by the minority is due chiefly because Northern men have said in effect: "Oh, don't interfere! When enough of the white people get ready they will settle these things. These men are only niggers and Southern Republicans, anyhow. If we can carry the North we are safe enough, and we can't afford to take the risk of carrying the Negro and securing him in the political exercise of his rights."

This is not surprising. No political party cares very much about human rights unless their assertion is necessary to success. The politician, naturally and properly, looks to the result of the next election, and if a great question presents itself for consideration says: "Wait—wait until we are a little stronger or until this or that is accomplished."

In this manner the question of National elections for members of the House of Representatives long since urged upon the Republican party by the wisest men in her councils, again and again pushed aside, comes to confront us now as the one thing on which the continued supremacy of the Republican party hinges. It may be pushed aside again, but the sting of defeat will eventually so quicken the conscience of the Republican party that justice will yet be done. What the Republican Senate and House may not be bold enough to do to-day, the same Senate and House, with the shadow of defeat hanging over them, at their next session may be glad to do to avert a still more dire calamity in the future. Human nature is the best security for justice. In a republic the necessity of party is always the opportunity of right and the occasion of progress. "Military necessity" freed the slave; the fear of political disaster forced a formal enfranchisement upon him, and a like fear will secure, not his real enfranchisement alone, but the rights of free speech, free assemblage, a free ballot and a fair count to white Republicans of the South as well.

THE PLAIN DEALER thinks Mr. TOURGEE has hit the nail squarely on the head, and that as a champion of the rights of American citizens, black or white, deals more effective blows than any one it knows of. A man of profound and sincere convictions, he has no patience with those who condone and sympathize with injustice, or the discretionary delays of politicians. Thoroughly acquainted with the views and conditions of the South none more than he are better able to present to the American people the South with its institution, its frauds, and its oppressions, which all together show upon what a slight basis, if left to themselves, rests the opinion that the political race question would be settled upon principles of justice.

AN APPEAL FROM OKLAHOMA.

A Patriotic Address Issued by Afro-Americans.

TOPEKA, Ks., Apr 8.—Special Telegram: The following address from the colored people of Oklahoma, formulated at a meeting held at Gutrie on April 5, has just been issued: "In the face of the innumerable damaging reports that have found their way into the papers of the country touching the advent of our people into Oklahoma Territory, we deem it prudent to set right all these false and malicious statements direct from the ground. We are here first, as American citizens; we are here because, as such, we have the right to be here, to better our condition, and, if permitted, to prove beyond question that we possess the qualifications of earnest, thrifty, capable and law-abiding citizens—equal, in fact, to the more favored race—in conducting, if necessary, the affairs of a State without jars or friction to any who may cast their lot with us, of any race or nationality. We do not wish to be misunderstood. We would not, if we had the power, favor any class of citizens—far from it; we desire to go with our white fellows, hand in hand, to aid them, and they us, in building the Territory up to a grand prosperous commonwealth. The climate and soil are here, and with the effort that is at present manifesting itself success is assured. We would, however, be derelict to ourselves did we fail to enter our solemn protest against the charge that we must come to the Territory because of our color. Such reports are for the purpose of deterring our people from coming. We have 20,000 here now and room for 100,000 more. We say to you come; come ere it is too late. Pay no attention to the alleged outrages reported. You are not wanted in the South. Then embrace this, perhaps your last opportunity to get lands for yourselves and families, and thus aid and assist President Harrison in solving the troublesome question of the Negro's rights upon the American Continent."

Georgia's Boasted Chivalry.

Chicago *Inter Ocean*: Gov. Gordon, of Georgia, last Friday appointed a man by the name of Cowan as whipping boss for the woman's camp of prisoners employed at broom making under the convict lease system. What has become of the boasted chivalry of Georgia when the handsome, courteous Gov. Gordon finds it expedient to appoint a man as whipping boss in a camp of women prisoners? When such things are reported from far off Siberia, without waiting for proof, the American people rise up in indignation to abuse the inhumanity of the Czar.

Highest cash price paid for old gold and silver at E. J. Le Beau, 66 Michigan ave.

ABOUT PERSONS AND THINGS.

The emancipation celebration at Washington was a success.

Afro Americans of Florida have a league six months old with membership of 1200.

The versatile C. H. J. Taylor adds the calling of preacher to his other attainments.

An Afro American named Brewster of Columbus Miss. has been fined \$100 for "unlawful interference with contract labor."

George Dixon, the champion bantam weight pugilist who is to fight Wallace, on the offer of the Pelican Club of London will sail for London about May 1.

Prof. De Treville of Claflin University N. C. who disgraced himself by his attack on one of the Afro American professors has been requested to resign.

Afro-American members of the Mississippi Legislature have presented the speaker of the House with a silver service "for his just rulings on all party and race issues."

It is said that the grand children of Alexander Dumas exemplify the theory of reversion to type, showing plainly in their features traces of their African ancestry.

The Afro American Leagues of Ohio have issued dainty invitations to their State Convention to be held in the hall of the House of Representatives at Columbus O. May 20th.

Alexander Cook a coachman of Yonkers, N. Y. proved himself a hero last Thursday by rushing into a burning building and rescuing a little child who otherwise would have perished in the flames.

It is said that in some sections of the South, the League games are regarded with extreme disfavor by Afro-Americans who pin their faith to the Brotherhood and invoke blessings upon the heads of its players.

The barn of Jerry Boss of Lawrence County Mississippi was set fire by unknown parties, and when he and his son attempted to extinguish it they were fired on, and the boys killed and Boss badly injured. The fields then burned his dwelling.

"Big Six," the gigantic Afro-American of Birmingham, Ala., who has beaten all the prize fighters he has met, has just completed the remarkable feat of butting a young ox to death. He is a wonder in strength, and seems insensible to pain, but he knows nothing of the science of pugilism.

The assertion that the Hon. H. P. Cheatham has caused the appointment of more white men than those of his own race to office has been found to be untrue. A reference to the record shows that the ratio of patronage stands two to one in favor of Afro-Americans. While not overlooking the claims of his constituents white or black Mr. Cheatham has looked for ability and worth in recommending men for positions.

Some Good Men Found.

So many Southern news papers have eulogized the late Jefferson Davis and placed his name next to Washington in the nations honor roll, that one would be inclined to think that the entire South was hopelessly joined to its shattered idol, and still lifting its voice in lamentation for the "good old days." A recent speech made by the Hon. W. A. Henderson of Knoxville, Tenn. an ex-confederate soldier, at the last meeting of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland shows that some of the old Southern veterans are imbued with the spirit of the New South. He emphasized the fact that the slave was not the only man benefited by emancipation. He said referring to the boys who wore the blue:

"While it is true that they set four millions of slaves free, they did not know so well then as we know now that they also set free four millions of young white men of the South whose hands were bound down, chained by the prejudices that we were then living under. It may have been involuntarily done, but they have, for us, made it respectable to work, and it is this work by the young white men of the South—the mixing of brain with muscle—which never could have been done by slave labor or her cousin-german, convict labor. It is that which is rebuilding our temple more glorious than that which was originally constructed by King Solomon. In the providence of God this thing never could have been done any other way. It was not a question for argument. It was not a question for lawyers or court. It was a question for the sword, and shot, and shell, and bayonet."

And it is said that the ex-Confederates who were present joined enthusiastically in the applause with which his remarks were received.

Ready for Work.

Washington *Critic*, April 14: The American Association of Colored Educators, recently in session here, will be duly incorporated this week. It is expected the membership will reach 500 before the close of the present school year. Among the members who have lately joined are: Trustee L. A. Cornish of the Washington City schools, Supervising Principal J. R. Keene of the County schools, Mr. James H. Hill, superintendent of Industrial Schools, Seventh and Eighth divisions, city schools; Miss S. C. Lewis, Cook building; Miss A. S. Harter of Washington; Professors Warder, Cummings and Weston of Howard University.

Read THE PLAIN DEALER.

WHY CHIDE RUSSIA?

WHEN INNOCENT AFRO-AMERICANS ARE UNPROTECTED AT HOME.

State Right's Doctrine—Why Afro-Americans are Whipped—He Voted for Minor—Carmier's Fate Unavenged.

From The New York Age.

LA FAYETTE, La., April 12.—There have been so many outrages committed upon Afro-Americans in Louisiana, Alabama, South and North Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas and other Southern States that the outside world will soon come to believe that the Afro-American citizens are terrible devils or the white people are uncivilized and savages. Very few Northern people really understand the actual condition of the white and colored citizens in the South. And still fewer really care anything about the condition of either. Very few Northern people knew anything about the South prior to 1860; but from that to 1885 they had to give their lives, their money and their sacred honor to save the Union. When I left the train at La Fayette and entered the waiting room of the M. L. & T. Railroad (Southern Pacific Railroad) the very first thing that met my eyes was a large picture of Jefferson Davis nicely framed and hanging over the ticket window. It had "The Honorable Jefferson Davis" under it in plain letters.

I talked with several old citizens on political affairs, and every one said, that the Democrats counted the votes of every rebel who was killed from the parish during the war, and when even by counting those who were dead and those living did not overcome the Republican majority, the Democrats would then call on the "Swamp Angels" who would take the ballot box with 1200 Republican majority and return it with a majority of 2400 for Democrats!

Well, that's the old State rights doctrine, which Mr. Davis fought so hard to maintain, and which he died pleading for; and which will cost the United States the next time five million men and fifty billion dollars. Instead of two million men and twenty billion dollars as before. But now the loyal North is rearing her sons, and making the money to meet these requirements; when God sends the requisition they want to be able to fill it. They said to God in 1862 and '63 give us victory over the South and we will free the Negro. God answered: I will give you the Negro to free himself, and save you and the Union, that all men might be free, in this land which I have blessed, and that you may give the Negro justice which you claim you love so well yourselves. But have the people of the North, of the South, of the East, and of the West meted out justice to us? No, a thousand times no! But God requires all sacred pledges to be redeemed.

The Republican Party had occasion to nominate a man for the National Congress for the 3rd District of Louisiana last year. The election came off on Sep. 3, 1889. Previous to and after this election, many hundreds of Afro-Americans were whipped, murdered, and made to leave their houses, all by "regulators" who were well known by every one in the community where these things occurred. Before the election every Afro-American was told after he was whipped, that he had been whipped because he was a "d—n politician," and after the election, when the Regulators would finish their hellish work, they would tell their victim he had been whipped because he voted for Mr. Minor. I put the "Mr." to it; they don't "Mr." Republicans here in the South and it is an insult to "Mr." a colored man. I have positive and undeniable testimony from the victims themselves and would give their names, if it were safe to do so. But one will suffice to give the loyal North an idea of all the others, only some were worse and some not quite so bad.

Lucius Montgomery, an Afro-American, made himself very active during Mr. Minor's canvass, among colored men only, as our readers must understand everything is separate here in the South. He advised them to vote the Republican ticket and he also peddled tickets at the pole on Sept. 3. On Sept 9 he was visited by the white Regulators. They took off his clothing, tied his hands behind him, threw him on the ground, face downwards, took an iron trace chain full of links and whipped him almost to death. He has now and always will have the terrible marks made by that chain. He told me that he was sure that they would kill him, but however, they were so anxious to whip other Afro-Americans that same night that they failed to beat all the life out of him. The blood came so fast he thought he would bleed to death before it could be stopped. He said he was unable to work for almost two months. The last words the Regulators said to him were: "D—n you, you voted for Minor!"

But I will not take any more of the readers attention up with politics. I desire to put this case before the readers of THE AGE in a few simple plain words, all facts. I cannot review the whole case and give it in detail. Rosamore Carmier was what people called down here a root doctor. He possessed ordinary intelligence and was very successful in his practice. He was not breaking the law in any way whatever. He only rode around the country on a horse with a pair of saddles bags, and made his living curing the

sick and selling his medicine. The whites said that no "nigger" should ride around the country there with a pair of saddle bags and making a living that easily. So they ordered him to leave La Fayette parish. But Mr. Carmier was a peaceful citizen who attended strictly to his own business. He owned his house and had a wife and young daughter to support. He had lived there all his life and consequently could not see any good reason why he should leave. He had been ordered to leave several times before, and had also been whipped very badly, and had borne it until patience had ceased to be a virtue. They informed him on Sep. 1, 1889, that if he did not leave the Regulators would visit him that night. Well, they went and Mr. Carmier defended his home and sent several of the regulators to the other world,—he regulated them into Hades.

After he had fired the only two charges of his shot gun and the regulators had recovered from their fright and astonishment, they rushed and took up the dead regulators, and carried them to a place of concealment and then returned to the house. Finding that Mr. Carmier had fled they commenced to ransack the house, expecting to find him. Behind the bed was the 16 year old daughter of Mr. Carmier, a beautiful girl, Miss Stella Carmier. She of course was badly frightened. They carried her out in the yard trying to make her tell where her father was. She did not know, consequently she could not tell. She recognized one of the regulators as one of their near neighbors. She appealed to this white gentleman of Southern blood, who claims to be ready at all times to protect women, to know if it were possible that he had come there to do them that way after her father had done so much for him. She appealed to this scoundrel and murderer by name, she appealed to his sense of justice, she asked for mercy, she asked for protection due an innocent woman, she asked for the same consideration to be shown her that the faithful Afro-American showed the white women and children when the rebels were in the war being whipped back within the bounds of the American Constitution. But what did the scoundrel do? He cut her throat and almost severed her head from her body! They then washed their hands in her blood and caught her mother. Unfortunately the mother unintentionally directed the way her brave husband had gone, and they overtook him and shot the top of his head off.

This occurred almost under the very nose of the State authorities in the year of Our Lord eighteen hundred and eighty nine and in a country that is sending hundreds of missionaries to foreign countries to teach other people to become Christians, and sending petitions to the Czar of Russia to cease the punishment of political offenders, and here they are murdering innocent colored men, women and children, without let or hindrance. Surely this is a generation of hypocrites. China ought to drive American missionaries from her country at once and tell them to go home and put their own house in order.

All the murderers and regulators are walking around La Fayette free men again, and they are about the only ones that are left, because they killed the town leader than they did Miss Stella Carmier.

Your correspondent only wishes he was able to tell all the terrible truths that have been told him, and to relate what he himself has personal knowledge of in the South. I am not trying to show up the Afro-American's case to advantage, because I am one of the race, but I simply desire to state facts just as they have been and they are now, and I desire to have the Northern people to distinctly understand that they are a party to these murders and outrages. And I do want the world to know that the Southern newspapers lie first, last and all the time, when they say the Afro-American (better known here in the South as the "nigger") gets any justice. The North may continue to pat the South on the back, and say to it: "You understand the coon, darkey and nigger; you give us your trade and let us make money, and you can take the niggers and kill them just as fast as you please." We will allow Senators Eustis, Butler, Hampton, Morgan, Gibson and other white liners to bulldoze us in Congress, and we will keep getting further and further away from the National Constitution, further away from the law, so when the Afro-American and the lover of liberty strikes the blow, why you have to kill out one entire generation, and burn up more wealth than twenty generations can accumulate, before we will come back into the traces of the Constitution and stand without kicking and do justice to Afro-Americans.

Bigger Than The Board.

OLATHE, Kan., April 14.—A suit in mandamus brought by Luella Johnson, a colored girl of 9 years, against the Board of Education of this city to admit her to the ward school house, was decided by Judge Burris to-day granting a peremptory writ.

Ex-Judge Hindman defended the school board and gave notice that he will appeal to the Supreme Court in case a new trial is refused.

Let Your Light Shine.

Exchange: When one bears a sad visaged saint speak of the holy calm and the inexpressible joy within him, one cannot help wishing that a small modicum of the calm and joy might appear on the surface. It might not make the saint feel any better, but it would be a gain to the people with whom he comes in contact.

HERE'S WHAT YOU WANT!

What we want is to get into families where The Plaindealer does not now go.

And we have such faith that if we can induce a large number of families to read The Plaindealer for say three months, many of them will become permanent subscribers, that we are willing to make a sacrifice at first and be content to abide by the result. We have, therefore, resolved to make the following offer:

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This offer is now thrown open to all. Nobody can renew on this offer. Each subscriber **MUST BE A NEW ONE.**

Field Day Exercises.

YPSILANTI, April 21.—The Washthenaw County Protective League met at Good Samaritan Hall Tuesday evening April 15 and elected Rev. W. L. Browne president; Arthur Jones having resigned. It is the opinion of all the Leaguers that we now have the right man in the right place. The League elected the following delegates and alternates to represent this district in the coming convention to be held in Detroit Tuesday, May 13, 1890: Messrs. Francis J. Johnson, Fredrick A. Merchant, Geo. W. Anderson, Rev. W. L. Browne, Eam H. Johnson and James H. Kersey.—A grand literary entertainment and social is to be given Thursday evening, April 24th, at Good Samaritan Hall to raise sufficient funds to bear expenses of delegates. We are in hopes that Ann Arbor District will send her share of delegates. Let Old Washthenaw be well represented.—The funeral of Mrs. York took place at the A. M. E. church on Thursday, April 10th. Rev. McSmith, of Ann Arbor, officiating. Mrs. York was stricken with paralysis about one year ago and had been speechless and helpless ever since. She leaves two sons and one daughter to mourn their loss. Quaterly services were held at the A. M. E. church Sunday, April 20th. Presiding Elder Jeffries, and Rev. McSmith, of Ann Arbor, assisted Rev. W. L. Browne the pastor. Rev. Jeffries preached an able sermon at the forenoon services on Christian Duty. Rev. McSmith did excellently. He preached a powerful and spiritual sermon that will not soon be forgotten. Rev. Jeffries again took charge of the evening services. Rev. Brown has every reason to feel grateful for the able help he had in the services, as he was suffering at the time with throat trouble. Conspicuous among the divines were Prof. I. Burdine, recently home from his school in Indiana, and Bro. Elijah Artia, who has been

detailed home on account of illness of his children. The choir rendered some excellent music, and the meeting was a success spiritually and financially. Ann Arbor was well represented, as the sheep followed their good shepherd Rev. Mr. Smith to Ypsilanti. Ypsilanti will return the favor next Sunday, April 27, at Bro. M. Smith's quarterly services. Public collection of day \$30.

The Misses Cora and May Green of Ann Arbor were the guests of Miss Louis Mashat Sunday.—Miss Clara Thompson has returned from a visit to Amherstburg Ont. Mr. Wm. Thompson is home from Wilberforce University.—In the field day exercises given by the Athletic Association of Detroit Normal School, on Saturday April 19, Frances J. Johnson won the standing and running, hop, step and jump.—Rev. Jeffries visited in our city last week, the guest of Mrs. Stafford.—Advocate the League and its race benefits, Ypsilanti will be in the front ranks. F. J. J.

Preparing for the Convention.

GRAND RAPIDS April 21.—Last Sabbath being bright the churches were well attended.—Great preparations are being made for the musicale and May Queen festival to be held at Spring street A. M. E. church on the evening of May 1st.—The quarterly meeting of the above named church will take place on May 18.—In a call meeting of the Protective League of Kent county, the members and friends met and elected the following delegates to represent Kent county at the convention to be held in Detroit, May 13: J. J. Adams, J. C. Ford, J. Bell, Rev. H. J. Lewis, John Wilson, C. A. Pinkney.—The Messiah Baptist church has secured Cole's Hall, 11 Pearl street, and have furnished it with a new organ and chairs and will hold their first meeting there Sunday, April 27, at 10:30 a. m., Sunday School at 3 p. m., evening service at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.—There will be a concert and military drill given by the Young Ladies Military Company, May 8, for the benefit of the above named church. Capt. D. Buckner and Lieut. Capt. Miss Emma Custer are drilling the ladies.—A mite social was held at Mrs. J. Boyer's Thursday, April 24, for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. J. W. Johnson.—The Willing Workers society will meet at the residence of Mr. Beem, 465 Ionia street, April 29.—Mr. D. Cole left Monday for Cincinnati.—Rev. J. V. Givens left Friday for Chatham.—Last Wednesday evening Mr. Richard Duley led to the matrimonial altar, Miss Kilty Harrison, and they were made one, Rev. J. H. Alexander officiating. We wish the couple happiness and success in this new relation.—Miss Ingram of East Saginaw, is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Coleman.—Mrs. J. Boyer is convalescent. J. H. A.

Coming to the Flower Show

BATTLE CREEK, April 21.—The social given last Wednesday evening at Mrs. Jones, by the Oak and Ivy club proved a success. It was given for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Blevins, an aged couple whose health is very poor. The club deserves great credit for so charitable an act.—Little Tillie, the six year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tyler, died last week, after a short illness. The funeral was held from the residence Friday, the Rev. Binga officiating. The family have the sympathy of their many friends. Little Tillie was a bright, promising child and will be missed, not only by her parents, but by her school mates as well.—Rev. Binga preached Sunday at the Second Baptist church, he left Monday for Cassopolis, Mich.—A cotton picking concert will be given next Tuesday evening under the auspices of the A. M. E. church, at Centennial Hall. A grand time is expected.—Mrs. J. Dugill was called to Mendon, Mich., last week by the illness of her sister, Mrs. D. Simmons.—Miss Anna Toller has returned from an extended trip through the Southwest and Hot Springs, Ark. She is much pleased with the trip and will visit in this city a short time.—Miss Millie Dyson spent Sunday in the country, visiting her parents. She was accompanied by Mrs. M. Conner.—Several of our citizens will visit the flower show at Detroit this week.—The County League will elect delegates to the convention Thursday evening. B. S.

Advertise in The Plaindealer.

SAGINAW CITY, April 23.—The city of Saginaw is now enjoying a boom in real estate and quite a number of colored people here, who were fortunate enough to purchase property before the boom, are now happy because of the advance in the value of their property.—Last Thursday evening at a public meeting of the Protective League, fourteen delegates were elected to attend the convention to be held in Detroit on the 13th of May, as follows: W. Q. Atwood, Chas. Ellis sr., George L. Henry, R. Combie, Wallace L. Goodridge, J. H. Gray, R. Robinson, George Washington, A. Hammond, Rev. Cotman and others. There will be quite a large delegation of ladies from this city, Midland and other surrounding cities. Among those who will attend from this city are: Mrs. W. L. Atwood, Mrs. Geo. L. Henry, Mrs. R. Combie, Wm. F. Countee, Mrs. V. L. and W. O. Goodridge, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Thurman and a host of others.—It will be expedient for those in Detroit who keep boarding houses, to keep their notices in THE PLAINDEALER for the convenience of those attending the convention.—Charles Ellis sr. is now travelling with the University Students for a few weeks.—Nip Gurtie Nichols left Detroit to attend a reception in that city this week.—Mr. Gus Butler will go to house-keeping this week.—L. Bunely purchased Burton's place of business and the latter has gone to Detroit. A nephew of Mr. Charles Peterson will leave for the city of Geneva N. Y. where he intends to go into business.—Nine families have lately moved to this city.—A grand reception will be given Thursday at the residence of Mr. Frank Brown on Jefferson Ave.—Mr. Malacha Brown, Contractor and builder has gone west. Mum.

Opened A Fine Shoe Shop.

EAST SAGINAW, April 23.—Everything is beginning to assume a spring like appearance. Our streets are thronged with men seeking employment for the summer.—The social given at the A. M. E. church

last Friday evening was largely attended.—The Sabbath School scholars will give a cap and necktie social Tuesday, April 23, for the benefit of their pastor, Rev. A. Cotman.—Mrs. Lucas and daughter were called to their former home in Ohio, on account of the death of Mrs. Lucas' mother. Mr. Lucas is a stranger in our city, having moved here about two months ago. He has bought a nice home and opened a fine shoe shop, and we are glad to know that he is doing work for some of the most prominent business men in the city. SCRIPPER.

A Busy Pastor.

FLETCHER Ont April 24.—In our interview with Rev. Father Quezly the other day he said that he was about to begin the work of putting a large bell into his church near here and that the work would be completed in about two months he was then on his way two Bridgtown to celebrate mass.—Rev. Anderson of Merlin preaches in the schoolhouse at Stewart on Monday evening and the Y. P. H. C. E. hold their weekly prayer meetings on Wednesday evening at the same place.—The young ladies prayer meetings are well attended.—Miss Maggie Stevenson is much better but suffers considerable from pain in her head and a numbness in her side and foot. The Dr. says she will be all right soon. She was struck by lightning on the 8th.—Rev. Morris Pastor of the first Baptist Church at Chatham is carrying on a very successful good work there. His church is crowded every Sunday with attentive listeners and in many cases there is not standing room. Mr. Morris has only been there six months and is fostering a live Christian spirit among his flock, he has added twenty-seven to his flock and on the sixth he baptised eighteen candidates and expects to administer the rite to eight more on the first Sunday in May. During these past six months he has collected \$370. He has now undertaken the task of remodeling and enlarging the church which is quite inadequate for his increasing congregation, at a cost of \$350. The building is to have a brick basement, the inside is to be finished in the most modern style. Rev. Morris headed the list with \$25 and his example was followed by three others. He now makes a plaintive appeal to his members and the generous public for aid. He goes to Dresden to day to begin a two weeks series of meetings and expects to baptise there the second Sunday in May.—Miss Sarah Carter was married to Mr. Wm. Williams on the 27th by Rev. Morris the contracting parties are both of Chatham.—Mr. W. V. Stalls was licensed to preach by Rev. Morris on the 11 inst he will probably be stationed at Dresden Ont.

A Just Demand.

JACKSON April 23.—The Afro Americans met in Garret Hall on the evening of the 17 and proceeded to elect 10 delegates to attend the State Convention which meets in Detroit on May 13. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Marcus Carter President of the Jackson County Protective League, and he very clearly stated the object of the meeting: He was also made Chairman of the meeting for the evening.

Mr. W. W. Clark was made secretary and they then proceeded to the Election of Delegates, as follows: Frank M. Thurman, Eli Leatherman, W. W. Clark, Thomas Jones, Oliver Hall, Marcus Carter, H. G. Gaudner, G. T. Thurman, Isaac Garrett and C. H. Tales. The Delegates were empowered to fill all vacancies after the above business was transacted and some very appropriate speeches made by Mr. G. W. Green and others present. The following Preamble and other resolutions were adopted. Whereas we the Afro-American citizens of Jackson have always been loyal to the interests of the Republic and are so to-day and thus far have received no recognition at the hands of the federal affairs in this city, and whereas, there are several applications for positions upon the carrier force of our local post office department, none of which have been recognized thus far, therefore be it resolved that we in mass meetings assembled respectfully request the immediate appointment of one of the several applicants, and be it further resolved that the secretary is hereby directed to furnish the postmaster and the press with a copy of the above preamble and Resolutions. The meeting was marked with harmony, good feeling and earnestness, and all seemed to be bent upon accomplishing much good for the race. Our people here are aware to their own interests, there is no dissension among us, but good feelings toward all. F. M. T.

Meetings Closed.

LANSING, April 14.—We are sorry to say through negligence there was no letter sent from here last week.—Last Sunday week was Easter and the Pine street A. M. E. church was beautifully decorated with evergreens and house plants. Rev. Roberts filled the pulpit. His sermons were very eloquent and effective. In the evening the program was very elaborate and unexceptionally good and was composed of essays, reading, vocal and instrumental music. The choir sang some of their beautiful selections. The church was crowded.—Elder Roberts closed his series of meetings last Friday evening. They lasted six weeks, resulting in 65 conversions and 58 accessions, making a total membership of 36. Elder Roberts has done a great and noble work through his series of meetings and has stirred up an unusual interest among the members. He has been obliged to form a Tuesday night and Sunday noon class, having so many converts.—Mr. J. Hall is still very ill; his sister is here visiting from the South.—Mrs. Eva Jackson returned Saturday evening from St. John's where she has been visiting her husband.—The choir entertainment will be Thursday evening 17th at Pine street A. M. E. church, admission 10 cents.—The Church Aid Society will meet at Mrs. Trent's next Thursday afternoon at her residence on west Kalamazoo street. M. J. D.

Note to Our Readers.

Those who honor us with their advertisement we respectfully recommend them to our many readers, hoping you will give them a call soon. Look over our advertising columns each week, and if you have to purchase anything in their line, give them a call. If.

WINGED MISSILES.

An Anconia, Conn., druggist has an electric bell in a cabinet containing poisons. When the door is opened the bell rings, reminding the compounder what he is handling.

Secretary Tracy has sight in one eye only. When young he taught school in northern New York, and an unruly pupil threw a slate at him, striking him in the eye and destroying the sight.

Dora Labouchere is a lively and spirited child of six years, with raven-black hair, dark eyes and olive complexion. At the private view of the "Truth Toy Show" she acted as hostess to some hundreds of visitors with perfect ease.

Joseph Southland who was the powder-boy on the vessel which first brought to England the news of Nelson's victory at Trafalgar, attained his 100th year at Milton, Sittingbourne recently. He has good health and has all his faculties intact.

The young princess of Monaco speaks English without the slightest accent and is very fond of English customs. She has an Englishwoman for one of her ladies in waiting, and especially invites English ladies visiting Monaco to call upon her.

Near Cold Springs, Harnett County, N. C., lives a remarkable old lady. Her name is Mrs. Phoebe Wilson, but far and wide she is known as "Granny Wilson." She is one hundred and nine years old and has been twice married.

Bushyhead, the Cherokee chief, now in Washington, is tall, with a brown skin, but with the features of a Caucasian. It is said that he is not more than one-eighth Indian. Some years ago he married a niece of Senator Butler, of South Carolina.

It is announced that E. H. Barney, the millionaire skate manufacturer of Springfield, Mass., will present to that city his entire estate of 200 acres at Pecowsc, together with his residence—one of the finest in Springfield—to be added to Forest park.

Somewhere in the West Indies an Englishman claims to have discovered what he calls the "whistling tree." It has, he says, a peculiarly shaped leaf and split pods opened, the motion of the breeze through which causes a peculiar whistling sound that can be heard at a great distance.

A New York bank president says that during the past twenty-eight years the amount of money lost by all the national banks through dishonest practices does not exceed \$7,000,000. In view of the vast sums handled by the banks during these years, he considers the amount small.

A Michigan paper tells of a farmer catching a fellow going out of his pasture one night with a sheep on his back and blazing away at him with a shotgun. The paper naively adds that the fellow dropped the sheep, went to Ann Arbor the next day, and when he returned he had a glass eye.

Uncle Joe Haddon, who is still living in South Carolina, was sent out to America in 1833 by an English company to take charge of the first locomotive on the old South Carolina railroad. He is now eighty-six years old, and still does a hard day's work as a miller and machinist on a Carolina plantation.

A Canton, China, paper estimates that 750,000 people die every year in China by fire and flood, but it is not satisfied. "The fact is," it remarks, with cold blooded cynicism, "the great need of China is the sudden removal of 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 inhabitants to make elbow-room for those who are left."

The prince of Wales is patron of a combination fair and military athletic exhibition which is to be held in May for the purpose of establishing at the posts of the British army clubs to be known as soldiers' institutes, which it is believed will greatly improve the social condition of the rank and file.

Says the Sei I Kwai Medical Journal: Apropos of the suspected influence of the climate of Japan in the causation of rheumatism and neuralgia in resident foreigners, it is interesting to note that horses imported into Japan from China and other countries are soon more or less disabled by rheumatism.

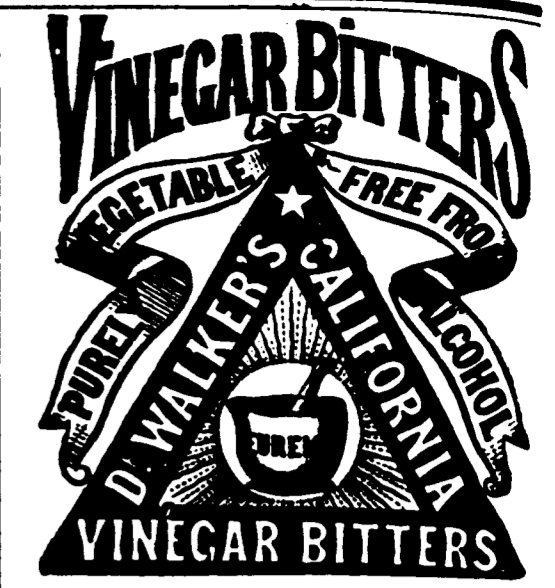
The usher of the English court of probate and divorce has just died, leaving a fortune of \$100,000, accumulated from a salary of \$750 per year for thirty-three years, and from the tips that flowed in upon him in a stream, averaging nearly \$4,000 per year. Suitors, jurymen, witnesses, reporters, and lawyers all have to tip the usher in the English courts.

Of the 4,200 kinds of flowers which grow in Europe, only 420 are odoriferous. The white flower is the most common, there being 1,194 kinds of that color. Less than one-fifth of these are fragrant. Of the 951 kinds of yellow flowers seventy-seven are odoriferous; of the 837 red kinds, thirty-one; of the 315 violet-blue kinds with combined colors, twenty-eight are fragrant.

Frances Berry Whitcher is scarcely known by name to the present generation of American readers, yet she wrote one of the most popular books of her time "The Widow Bedott Papers." She was born in Oneida county, New York, in 1811, and died there in 1852. In 1847 she married Mr. Whitcher, an episcopal clergyman, and it was the peculiarities of his flock which she portrayed in her "papers."

In a court at Drogheda, Ireland, a Mr. Kenny, being sued for rent due on a house that he had leased, pleaded that his wife had been frightened by a ghost that appeared at their bed and threw something upon them during the night, and that the place was on that account uninhabitable. The court held that the fact that a house was haunted was no defense in such a suit, and gave a verdict for the plaintiff.

W. A. Merryday, of Polatka, Fla., has an owl that is as tame as his store cat. All day long the "Irishman's parrot" rests on the rafters overhead in the grain-room. The cat and owl have formed a strong attachment in the last four months for each other, and it is not an unusual sight for the cat to go off and return with a rat for his owlship. In return for the kindness the owl will take its paw and scratch the cat's face, when pussy will purr and rub up against the owl's feathers, both looking perfectly happy all the while.



GRANDEST MODERN DISCOVERY
Triumph of Pharmacy.

The only true practical
Elixir of Life and Health

is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates brain and nerves without injurious results, and one that may be taken alike by adult or infant. Profane compounds, made of wine, rum or bad whisky, sweetened and flavored under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c., produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken.

Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nerve tonic without being narcotic, a blood purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purgative, and whose effect is to stimulate without alcohol. The only medicine with such powers in the world.

A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE, far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic and it might be called

LIQUID LIFE, since it stimulates, invigorates, and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take in **essence in spoonfuls!**

It is not too much to assert that **the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist,** and no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known.

CALIFORNIA is remarkable for nothing else, would be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits, roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers, rheumatism, catarrh, consumption, neuralgia, headaches, bilious complaint, kidney disease, jaundice, gout, piles, liver, skin diseases, &c., &c. too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present

PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE. Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed, during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this

PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD. In order to meet every probable demand, two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up.

THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.

THE NEW STYLE IS PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

REMEMBER There is no disease of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which

VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE, and its singular power of the lower organisms renders it the impalpable foe of

THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c., and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an

UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE. A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves to realize its use in

superiority of the little that speaks is better, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of

OLD AND NEW STYLE VINEGAR BITTERS IN THE HOUSE.

Send for our Ladies' Book. Address
R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
New York.

Railroad Time Tables.

THE SHORT LINE

—FROM—
Detroit and Toledo to
Cincinnati, Indianapolis,
Louisville,
and All Points South.

Leave
Detroit, M.C.R.R. 10:05 am *2:00 pm *10:00 pm
Toledo, C. H. & D. 10:15 am 4:00 pm 11:55 pm
Arrive
Lima 12:44 pm 6:25 pm 2:25 am
Dayton 3:50 pm 8:55 pm 5:00 am
Cincinnati 5:30 pm 11:00 pm 7:05 am
Indianapolis 8:30 pm 1:10 am 9:30 am

Through parlor cars on day trains and Pullman palace cars on night trains between Detroit and Cincinnati.

*Daily. *Daily, except Sunday.
M. D. WOODFORD, E. O. MCCORMICK,
Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
H. J. RHEIN, Nor. Pass. Agent, Detroit, Mich.

WABASH RAILROAD.

Depot foot of Twelfth street. Standard time.
Leave. Arrive.
Lafayette, Kansas City and
Western Flyer..... *8:25 am * 6:45 pm
St. Louis Express..... 11:55 pm * 9:35 am
St. Louis and Ind. Express..... 11:30 pm
Chicago Express..... 11:45 pm 11:20 pm
Adrian Accommodation..... 2:40 pm
Chicago Express..... 2:50 pm 2:15 am
Ind. Louisville & St. Louis
Express..... 2:50 pm 2:15 am

*Daily. *Daily, except Sunday. *Except Saturday. *Except Monday.

City ticket office, 167 Jefferson avenue.
A. F. WOLFFCHLAGER, City Ticket Agent
R. G. BUTLER, Division Freight and Passenger Agent.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Depot foot of Brush street. Central Standard Time. Oct. 7th, 1889.
Leave. Arrive.
10:00 a. m. Toronto, Montreal and East. *9:40 a. m.
*12:00 m. Port Huron Express..... *3:00 a. m.
*4:30 p. m. Port Huron Express..... *6:10 p. m.
*10:50 p. m. Toronto and Montreal Ex..... *9:10 p. m.

DETROIT, GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE R. Y.
Depot foot of Brush street. Trans run by Central Standard Time. October 7th, 1889.
Leave. Arrive.
*Muskegon & Grand Rapids Ex *5:50 a. m. 11:55 a. m.
*Through Mail & Chicago... 10:20 a. m. 4:30 p. m.
*Grand Rapids Express... 4:50 p. m. 9:45 p. m.
*Chicago Express with sleeper. 8:00 p. m. 7:45 p. m.
*Night express with sleeper. 10:30 p. m. 7:30 a. m.

*Daily, Sundays excepted. *Daily Morning Mail has elegant through coach Detroit to Muskegon via Owosso and T. S. & M. E. Grand Rapids Express and Morning Express have parlor car to Grand Rapids.

Chicago Express has elegant Pullman sleeping and Buffet cars to Chicago daily.

Night Express has sleeper to Grand Rapids daily.

Sleeping car berths can be secured at general ticket office, 160 Jefferson avenue, cor. of Wood ward, and at the depot foot of Brush street.

E. J. PIERCE, W. J. SPICER,
City Ticket Agent, General Manager

WHEN ANSWERING

Advertisements, say you saw the advertisement in THE PLAINDEALER.

NEW LAURELS.

The Meykidi Banquet—A Literary and Social Success.

The event of the season transpired Wednesday evening at Fraternity Hall, where the Meykidi Literary Society gave their first grand reception, banquet and ball.

Members of the club accorded guests a charming welcome and informal groups indulged in conversation until 9:30, when about 45 couples sat down to the banquet.

President's Address. QUOTATIONS "Unity" MEN Escalloped Oysters Cold Tongue Radishes, Rolla, Chicken Salad, Pickles, Ladies' TOASTS Rare Progress, Best Education, Jellies, Cream, Fruits, Coffee, Nuts, Cakes.

Mr. William Langston as president of the club made the opening address. Mr. R. Harrison was toastmaster and in his usual jocose manner introduced the stars of the evening who made happy responses to the toasts assigned them.

At 11:30 the tables were cleared and the grand march led by Mr. R. Harrison and Miss Azalia Smith introduced the dancing numbers of the evening.

Mr. Richard Harrison and Miss E. Azalia Smith, cream Henrietta, satin ribbon, La France roses.

Mr. Will H. Langston and Miss Amanda Luckett, pluk surah, black satin and lace, diamonds.

Mr. Albert Johnson, Miss Mattie Johnson, pink china silk and tulle overdress.

Mr. F. Shewcraft and Miss Cora Johnson, black silk, lace overdress, tea roses.

Mr. James Lyle, Miss Grace Rickards, heliotrope satin trimmed with feathers, pink tulle overdress and carnations.

Mr. Branch Johnson, Miss Bertie Williams, cream brilliantine and china silk, white rose buds.

Mr. and Mrs. James Harris, pink satin, oriental lace, pearls and moss roses.

Mr. and Mrs. James Harris, pink satin, oriental lace, pearls and moss roses.

Mr. William Webb, Miss Emily Harper, cream albatross and lace, tea roses.

Mr. John Ward, Miss Lucinda Morrison, Nile green satin, black velvet, black fishnet overdress, pink rose buds.

Mr. Ben Lambert, Miss Grayson of Tecumseh, black velvet and cream albatross, white lilacs and Spiersa.

Mr. William Johnson, Miss Lizzie Price, black chautilly lace passementerie and blush roses.

Mr. J. H. Bennett, Miss Georgia Bennett, pink surah silk, white lace and rose buds.

Mr. Wm. Abernathy, Miss Ada Joiner, cherry silk, Fedora lace, trumpet flowers.

Mr. A. H. Dempsey, Miss O. G. Demming, cream and china silk, with garlature of rosebuds.

Mr. S. H. Evans, Miss Annie Beeler, flowered Henrietta, orange ribbons and sash ornaments of pearls and pink roses and heliotrope.

Mr. John W. Price, Miss Lulu Owens, pearl colored silk and carnations.

Mr. W. H. Pritchard, Miss Gertrude Nichols of Saginaw, peach bloom satin petticoat, points lace overdress, Mermet roses and diamonds.

Mr. Walter McCoy of St. Paul, Minn., Miss Lettie Wilson, pink Henrietta, Persian trimming, tea roses.

Mr. Alex. Walker, black satin, heliotrope and pink roses.

Mr. Phil. Hutton, black lace moire, silk carnations.

Dr. and Mrs. L. H. Johnson, heliotrope silk, black lace, carnations and diamonds.

Mr. and Mrs. John Anderson, black silk and tulle, diamonds and Mermet roses.

Mrs. Wells, black silk and lace, smilax and pink.

Mr. Will Tomlinson, Mrs. Will Tomlinson, black, guichese satin, jet trimmings, diamonds.

Miss F. Anderson, black silk and Jack roses.

Mr. Robert Pelham, Miss Gay S. Lewis of Adrian, black silk petticoat and sleeveless decollete corsage with Grecian draperies of black tulle and lace, rubies and American beauty roses.

Mrs. H. C. Clarke, white albatross, black velvet and diamonds.

Mr. Geo. Ray Johnson, black silk, lace sleeves, steel trimmings, turquoise and pearls.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lambert, Prof. and Mrs. D. A. Straker, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. O. Lambert, Mrs. Nancy Griffin, and Mrs. M. Langston were among the elderly people who added dignity to the occasion.

The Meykidi club since its formation has given several fine entertainments all of which reflected credit on the members and their last effort adds new laurels to those already won.

In the spring a women's fancy lightly turns to parasols. Being a man whose perceptive faculties have been abnormally developed by years in the parasol business, Mr. C. Lingeman has filled his store on Monroe avenue with a most bewildering stock.

The average man, after looking them over (if he had the average woman for a wife) would be sure to realize that the family pocketbook was in danger.

Their delicate tints harmonize exquisitely with a bit of discord brought in by means of a ribbon or so.

There is just enough about it to make one think of Wagner, in fact you are led to imagine you are preventing crowsfeet and a sunstroke by a waterlized score.

The umbrellas handles are worthy of a curio lover's attention. The most elegant are of ebony, ivory, or pearl, overlaid by a new process with silver.

The silver is then cut away in fanciful and conventional designs, and afterwards etched by an artist's hand.

Mrs. Knowall.

Elected Delegates.

ADRIAN, April 22.—At the meeting of the Lenawee County League held at Dear's Opera House, Monday evening, April 21, the following gentlemen were elected delegates to attend the National Afro American League convention at Detroit, May 13:

Wm. J. Claxton, Henry Harris,

Geo. W. Lewis, Thos. Wallace, Darius Roberts, H. E. Craig, sec'y; Gay S. Lewis, cor. sec'y.

Their Departure Regretted.

Some time since Mr. B. B. Campbell and wife removed from their former home in Spring Lake to Detroit at the request of their children who had all left home. Mr. Campbell is a shoemaker and has opened a shop in the extreme Eastern part of the city. He has from the very first received liberal patronage and is now so busy as to require an assistant.

Gratified With Their Success

The entertainment given by the "Young Ladies Furnishing Club" of Bethel Sunday school last Thursday evening has been characterized by many who attended it as one of the best of the kind given for some time. The program was short and the numbers were mostly given by the young Misses and Masters of the classes of Miss Sarah Warsaw and Miss Pauline Smith.

An Egg Breaking Social.

SANDUSKY, April 23.—Sunday School at the Decatur street Baptist church was well attended Sunday. Class No. 5, Rev. Smith's class, is open for more members. Three more new members at the Sloan house. Gentlemen, you are welcome—Mr. John Ealy who went to Chicago a few months ago, is reported as sick. Come home boys and we will care for you the best we can.

Spring Work.

HARTMAN, April 21.—Our town is booming. We have a doctor, W. H. Harrison, a relative of President Harrison. He is a fine young man.—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Reed were honored with the presence of a number of their friends last Tuesday night.—Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Mills of St. Joe, spent Sunday here the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Lett.—Mrs. B. F. Green of St. Joe, spent a few days with her sick mother, Mrs. O. B. Lett.—There will be a League meeting at Eau Clair, Mich., May 8, to which all are invited to attend.—Mrs. E. Wilson has been spending a week in Niles, visiting friends.—Every body is busy now in this part of the county. The weather is fine.—We are near Chicago now, for the boats are running. One dollar pays the bill to carry you over.

Hard Times Social.

KALAMAZOO, April 21.—Mr. John Robins met with a very painful accident last Monday, by which he had three ribs and his nose broken. He is getting along as well as could be expected at present.—Miss Lou Phillips and Mrs. John Thomas are on the sick list.—The hard times social, given at the Baptist church was a very enjoyable affair. The festival given by Esther chapter was a success financially.—Miss Ella Phillips, the artist, is prepared to take a few more scholars in her art class.—The League held a very interesting meeting last Friday evening and elected three delegates to the convention.—Mr. Loomis, the pedestrian, left for Detroit Saturday, having finished the 72 hour race, very much disgusted with the Zoo.

English You Know.

NEWARK, O., April 23.—Rev. C. Asbury left for his charge Saturday evening after a visit of ten days with his family and friends in the city.—Mr. Henry Miller, of Springfield, who has been visiting in our city a few days left for Sandusky this morning.—Mr. Henry Messer has been confined to his home with a severe attack of quinsy.—Miss Zella Thompson is improving.—Mr. Theodore Cole left for Sandusky to-day to accept a position at the Solon House.—Miss Minnie Cooper is able to be around again after being confined at her home with the quinsy.—Mr. N. Gates was in Columbus, Sunday, and witnessed the championship game between Columbus and Toledo. Nathan is fast becoming a professional ball player. B. Craig is quite a sport with those spots and English blocks. He says he will be wed to M. H. on May 30th. Bad luck to you Bert as the 30th comes on Friday this year. Yours Truly, D. J.

The Afro-American League will meet next Thursday evening May 1st at 8:30 at their hall in Hillsendegan Block to arrange for the entertainment of the convention which meets here May 13th. Arrangements will also be made for calling a county convention to elect delegates to the same. All members and those interested, are invited to attend. Members will be notified by card and should respond.

Van Buren county prohibitionists will run a full county ticket this fall.

Travelingmen smoke "Tansill's Punch."

New York city will probably return from electricity to gas for lighting.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

The religious factions threaten the peace of Axtell, Kan.

There seems to be little doubt that old Gabriel, the mission Indian, who died not long ago at Salinas, Cal., was 150 years old.

Copy of Original.

VAN WERT, O., July 11, 1889. RHEUMATIC SYRUP Co., Jackson, Mich.

GENTS: This is to certify that I had what is called sciatic rheumatism so badly that I was all drawn over to one side. My hip sank in so that you could lay your hand in the cavity, and I could do no work for over one year. I tried some of the best physicians and did almost everything I could bear or think of, and nothing did me any good until I purchased a bottle of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup of Hines & Son, Druggists, Van Wert, O. Five bottles cured me and have never had it since.

We certify to the above testimonial. HINES & SON, Druggists.

The deepest mine is at St. Andre du Porter, France, and yearly produces 300,000 tons of coal.

The Original Mastodons is an aggregation of Ishpeming minstrel talent, and not a collection of pre-historic fossils.

For Fifty Years

the Standard Blood-purifier and Tonic, Ayer's Sarsaparilla has no equal as a Spring Medicine. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.



To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S BILE BEANS.

Use the SMALL SIZE (40 little beans to the bottle). They are the most convenient, suit all ages. Price of either size, 25 cents per bottle. KISSING at 7, 17, 70: Photo-gravure cents (coppers or stamps).

Makers of "Bile Beans," St. Louis, Mo.

DAISY ZINC TEAM PADS.

Self-Adjusting No Galled or Sore and Easy. Backs. Most Flexible Pad ever made.

Being a perfectly smooth surface, is easily cleaned. Always retains its shape. The leather housing keeps the zinc sheet cool and always cool. The Arch Center Piece prevents the Pad resting on the animal's backbone. We guarantee every Pad to prevent chafing and to cure the worst cases of galled sore backs or money refunded. Ask your harness maker for the Daisy Zinc Team Pad. Manufactured by ZINC COLLAR PAD CO., BUCHANAN, MICH.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Red Cross Diamond Brand. The only reliable pill for men. Soft and pure. Ladies, ask Druggist for the Diamond Brand, in red serrated boxes, each in a blue ribbon. Take no others. Send 4c. (in stamps) for particulars and "Receipt for Ladies." In letter, by mail, Name Paper, 10c. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO.

\$14. Tight bottom and dash.

For 16 years have sold to numerous WHOLESALE and RETAIL dealers, the ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO. Send for our new and improved "Receipt for Ladies." In letter, by mail, Name Paper, 10c. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Philadelphia, Pa.

JOHN BREITMEYER & SONS, Florists & Rose Growers.

Popular Flowers in their Season. Choice Collection of Tropical Plants on Exhibition.

Cor. Gratiot and Miami Avenues DETROIT, MICH.

Advertise your entertainments in The Plaindealer.

FIRE, WATER & SMOKE!

M'LENNAN & CO'S

2, 4, 6 and 8 MONROE AVE. WILL REOPEN MONDAY MORNING AT 8.30 O'CLOCK.

WILL OPEM EVERY MORNING THIS WEEK

GREATEST SLAUGHTER EVER KNOWN Dry Goods, Carpets and Oilcloths

Purchasers will enter by East Door and pass out West. 100 Sales Ladies wanted. Apply at 5 o'clock Monday night or Tuesday morning at 9 a. m., with

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THE DIME SAVINGS BANK

Open Every Evening. Pays 4 per cent. on all Savings Deposits. Money deposited before the 5th will draw interest from 1st of month.

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JOSEPH B. MOORE, Cashier. M. W. O'BRIEN, President.

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LADIES! READ THIS: Read What Wonderful Cures Steketee's Neuralgia Drops is Doing!

It is the Cheapest Remedy Known—It is the Ladies' Friend—A Perfect Pain Killer.

MORE TESTIMONIALS. Mr. G. G. STEKETEE, Proprietor of Steketee's Neuralgia Drops: My wife was afflicted with inflammation and Neuralgia of the Womb for some time. Doctors could not help her, but half a dozen doses of your Steketee's Neuralgia Drops cured her.

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The Detroit Plaindealer.

Published Weekly Friday

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DETROIT FRIDAY, APRIL 25, '90

THE penal system of the South is one of the dishonouring features of the Republic and of our civilization. In its horrors it exceeds even those of the mines in Siberia. At the present time when the sympathy of the world is turned toward Russia, it would be an excellent stroke to thoroughly ventilate America's system of barbarism. With that end in view THE PLAINDEALER invites correspondence on that subject from all persons that are at all informed on the subject. Particularly is this invitation extended to Afro-Americans in the South. Because of the peculiar conditions in the South which renders it dangerous in many sections for Afro-Americans to impart such information and have it published over their own signatures, THE PLAINDEALER at their request will withhold their names from publication.

THE New York Sun does not love CLEVELAND more as a citizen than as a President. Now Mr. LEA of Philadelphia, should write Mr. CLEVELAND an open letter advising him to sue the Sun and vindicate himself.

TOO MANY, in striving for a reputation, lose sight of character which is far, the more preferable of the two. In order to obtain a name, every advantage, legitimate and otherwise, is resorted to. The man of reputation and no character, is of all men the most selfish.

UNLESS the Republican party in Congress uses great diligence, questions of great moment, affecting the vital interests of the Republic that demand settlement and which the party is pledged to use its best efforts to solve, will fail to command their proper attention. Such failure or neglect may then be rebuked at the polls in November.

ONE mistake many young men are now making, that is destined to bring them bitter recollections in after years is, that they must only prepare themselves for positions or probabilities in immediate view. He who entertains such thoughts, is nursing that which to him, will be a costly error. Positions seldom seek or wait for men who are at the bottom; men must prepare for and seek them.

IT SPEAKS well for the McKinley tariff bill that its opponents are as bitterly opposed to it as they formerly strongly favored the Mills bill. The cry of the tariff reformers that the revenues of the "iniquitous war tariff" were too large and should be cut down, is met by this bill without endangering the producer of American enterprise. It is based upon sound political economy and imposes a tariff upon all raw material and products that come in competition with the product of American labor.

A LAW governing elections has been passed in Tennessee similar to the Australian system. Its design is to disfranchise ignorant Afro-American voters. It will not accomplish its purpose, however, for night schools have been opened, and it is confidently asserted that every Afro-American voter in Tennessee will be able to read his ballot by the next election. We are glad this test has been made, it will stimulate many to acquire at least the rudiments of an education. We have constantly asserted that the Afro-American can stand any test of citizenship applied to others. This instance will demonstrate that.

THE Afro-American demands of the Republican party in Congress, the fulfilment of all pledges made to him by the party. The Afro-American wants the principle of national aid to education embodied in a measure so that the great illiteracy which prevails in the South may be the sooner wiped out. He wants the citizens of the country to be as well protected from violence in Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana as in Illinois, Michigan and New York. He wants the bill to be as free in one section as another. While these things are lacking, politicians need not dilate before them upon the glories of the past and rest upon its laurels. Parties are useless if they do not serve the interests of the people, and it is certainly to the interest of the Afro-American as well as to the Republic that the citizen should be protected in all the rights and privileges that belong to him as such.

SENATOR HAWLEY of Connecticut, who has also been an erstwhile candidate for President, helped to defeat the Blair bill, stating as one of his reasons that the Republicans were not committed to National aid to education. Senator HAWLEY could not have been sincerely interested in the declaration of principles made by his party at Chicago, or his memory is treacherous. The declaration is capable of but one meaning, although both parties are given to mystifying just what their principles are. We print that portion of the declaration that applies to education:

In a republic like ours, where the citizen is the sovereign and the official the servant, where no power is exercised except by the will of the people, it is important that the sovereign—the people—should possess intelligence. The free school is the promoter of that intelligence which is to preserve us a free nation, therefore the State or nation, or both combined, should support free institutions of learning, sufficient to afford to every child growing up in the land the opportunity of a good common-school education.

Is there any question that there are many children growing up who have not the opportunities of a "good, common school education"? Is the declaration of the party any stronger on the question of tariff revision. Yet the party is assiduously applying itself to that task.

GENERAL BENJAMIN F. BUTLER is considered one of the best constitutional lawyers in the United States to day. He has held, since the mantle of Sumner fell upon him and he pushed the Civil Rights Bill through Congress, that the Nation is supreme and that it should see that its subjects are protected at home as well as abroad. Until our Supreme Court passed upon the Naegle case, every decision has been to the contrary. In this decision a rule has been laid down which threatens to bruise the head of the doctrine of States rights. It is a sorry confession on the part of the highest tribunal of the land that they should so radically change front when the interests of one of its members and his protector are at stake. Justice FIELD concurred in the majority opinion, declaring the Civil Rights Bill unconstitutional, on the ground of its unwarranted interference with States Rights. The majority of our Republican metropolitan journals are rejoicing over this decision, as they consider it a death blow to States rights. The Afro-American can find little comfort in it, for within the month Justice BREWER has declared the State supreme when the interest of the Afro-American is at stake. LAMAR and FULLER were simply consistent in the precedent established by Republican Judges. We lay stress on the "Republican" in this instance, because the party is unequivocally committed to the doctrine of national supremacy.

Coming to the Front.

FT. WAYNE, April 21.—The lecture given by Elder Graham last Monday night at the A. M. E. Church received a better attendance as he is a very bright speaker and his lecture was good. The Sabbath School gave one of their first class socials last Thursday night for the organ fund which was a success in every particular, the net receipts being \$6.35.—Bro. Joe Clay last Friday buried one of his children who died of la grippe.—Elder W. H. Brown has returned from an eight weeks trip through Southern Indiana holdings revival meetings.—Mr. Mc. Neil Ford and family are visiting John M. Taylor with a view to locating here.—Mr. Samuel Payne and wife of Muncie have come to our city with a view of making this their home.—Mr. Wm. Ball of Muncie is visiting in our city.—Mr. Charles Raines of Greenfield Ohio a brother of S. M. Raines has taken a position with his brother at the new Aldine.—Elder Pharis is still in the city. It is whispered around that the Elder is looking for a wife. We have some very fine looking widows here but we don't want to spare any from the city. Elder Hill supports a nice rig in the way of a horse and buggy. The weather being fine there was a large attendance at Sabbath School yesterday.—Bro. Charles Lacklin preached his maiden sermon yesterday morning the text was: "Why seek ye the living among the dead."—Sister Patsy Casey still lies very low at her home.—Mr. Albert Baas has almost recovered from his sickness.—Mr. Edward Jones has taken a position in Bryant Brooks barber shop.—Mr. Harry Youngs has bought himself a fine team of horses and expects to go to teaming. Success to him in his new business. I am glad to see our people coming to the front. J. H. R.

News Notes.

CHATHAM April 21.—Seeing that there has been no mention of our work for some time past, I thought that I would drop you a small report. On Sabbath April 6 after a successful protracted effort, I baptised 16 converts and added to the church the same day 18 members and in the evening the Sabbath School presented to a large and appreciative audience a literary and musical entertainment. On Sabbath last, April 20, the funeral services of the late Mrs. Gabriel Green were held in the church which was crowded from pulpit to entrance. The Rev. John Washington preached the sermon. The deceased was a resident of Raleigh T. P. near North Buxton. Our next baptising will occur on the first Sunday in May.

The California Athletic Club has formally decided to offer a purse of \$20,000 for a fight between John L. Sullivan and Peter Jackson. The fight will take place some time before September.

Record Breakers are the great 5c Cigar everybody likes. Read THE PLAINDEALER.

HOMES FOR THOSE WHO WANT THEM

But Hard Work Is The Price To Be Paid For Them.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., April 21.—Mrs. B. Hugh returned home last Thursday after a pleasant visit with Mrs. D. G. Anderson.

—Mr. John Topp is recovering slowly.—Mr. and Mrs. John Marshall are very proud of their little son.—Mrs. Silas Toner, of Dundas street, is quite ill.—Mrs. David Moore, of Guelph, Ont., is visiting her brother and family.—I have received the following letter from Kamloops, B. C. which may interest some of you readers.

Mr. Wm. H. Johnson, Woodstock, Ont., Dear Sir: In reply to yours of March 25th I would say I have read in THE PLAINDEALER several communications from you advising Afro-Americans to emigrate to British Columbia. I have never written on the subject because I have always deemed it a delicate one, as what would suit one person might not suit another, and what might be considered a fine place by some might be regarded as horrid by others. But when I am sought out and applied to for information, I consider it my duty to give it either through the press or private correspondence so as to enlighten those who wish information. In order that you may properly value what I have to say on the subject it is in order for me to state that I am not a practical farmer although I own considerable farming land and am partially engaged in that line. The Provincial government has for the past three or four years been giving very liberal inducements to intending settlers. In certain parts of British Columbia the government provides each settler with 160 acres of land at \$1.00 per acre, payable in installments of four equal yearly payments; the first payment not until the land has been occupied two years. There are also other inducements. Every settler however is required to become a British subject before any land can be recorded in his name, or must have declared his intention of becoming one. This applies to the whole province, but the section now under consideration is Vancouver's Island. Vancouver City is on the main land. The climate of the island can not be surpassed by any that I know of. At times in the fall and early spring it is a little wet and damp. The winters are generally mild though the glass has been known to fall as low as zero, this however is seldom. During my nine years residence in Victoria the capital of the Province which is situated on Vancouver's Island, we had sleighing once which lasted four weeks, but often there is none at all. Roses and other flowers often bloom the year round in the garden. According to the very best authority the soil on this island is of the very best. Victoria lies to the Southwest of the island and to the East and in a Northerly direction are Comox and a number of small towns. Nonomo is the largest. About Nonomo is where the most extensive coal mining is carried on along the Pacific coast and I am told a large number of Afro-Americans are employed there. In those sections and a little farther to the North it is colder, but the whole island is productive and the climate uniform. There is little prairie land. It being mostly covered with dingless fir, pine and beach, but I am told that the most of these allotments are easily cleared off. It must be remembered that for the past twenty years this island has been cleared, and more or less settled so that it may be inferred that this land is not to be found around the cities. On the main land the arrangement is a little different; the best land is along each side of the Fraser river, from the coast to Yale. In these sections also the government allows 160 acres for \$1.00 per acre on the same terms, but how much of this is open for preemption I am unable to state. This section is known as west of the Cascades. East of the town of Yale, settlers are allowed 320 acres on the same conditions; but all of the land in this part needs irrigation and the streams are not very numerous. The main land is only partially surveyed and is not provided with means for giving information but the policy of the government this year is to cause a survey of all the lands in those outlying districts from which to prepare maps for the guidance of intending settlers. Until this is done there can but little be said about the available lands. The winter temperature varies. From West Minister to Kamloops during my eight years residence on the main land the thermometer in winter ranged from zero to about 10 degrees below. The air is light and dry and differs from the West which is damp and heavy. The duration of the winter is about two months. I have been a resident for the past 17 years and am therefore prepared to say that a man's color will not interfere with his progress in this country. In the courts and at the ballot box there is no distinction, but as I have said before I am not one to advise any one to leave one place for another, for many have their castles built in the air and in emigrating to another country, if things are not all favorable they blame all concerned in their coming. I have often wondered why more colored people do not try their chances in this country. Those who came in early days are doing well and living at their ease. There is plenty of land and we gladly welcome new comers, especially those who come to till the soil. But that class which is desirous of lying around town to find a situation would be badly disappointed here. Those opportunities come gradually. And those also who expect to find dwelling houses, barns and fences on their farms will be mistaken. If you expect a home in this country you must come with the intention to work and build up a home for yourself and children. Mechanics of all kind do well. The schools are good, there has never been any distinction in them, and I think never will be. Picture to yourself a rough country, then you will not be disappointed. Yours, JOHN F. SMITH, Kamloops, B. C.

Editor Jones of the Cleveland Globe having by an item in his paper drawn down upon him the indignation of a Mrs. Lucas of that city was accused by her in church and now suffers the loss of his new life which she crushed in her throat for vengeance. Jones takes the matter philosophically but threatens an expose in his next paper.

TO LEAGUE ADVOCATES

AND ALL WHO FAVOR A STRONG NATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

Afro-American Leaguers and Officers of the Michigan Protective League to Michigan Citizens.

To the Afro-Americans of Michigan:

We, the undersigned, delegates in the convention at Chicago, that formed the National Afro-American League, and members of the executive committee of the Michigan Protective League favoring the League idea, do hereby call upon all local and protective leagues, all clubs and societies of whatever nature who believe that the National League can be instrumental in elevating the masses, to send delegates to the convention which has been called for the people of Michigan to meet in the city of Detroit, May 13th, 1890, the principal object of which is to consider Michigan's affiliation in National organization.

While at the preliminary meeting in which this call was ordered, neither sufficient time, notice, nor consideration was given to the Afro-American League idea, while the call is not absolutely just to it, and while preparations were under way for a convention of League clubs and their sympathizers to form a State Afro-American League, before the Michigan Protective League call was issued, we are prompted to respond to this call by considerations of time and expense to the Afro-Americans of Michigan, and harmony if possible, so that the greatest good may result.

We feel that the Afro-American League has nothing to fear, despite the handicaps inflicted upon it, from an honest expression in a convention of the people. We believe that a State League will be the most efficient factor in removing the discriminations that circumscribe the sphere of our usefulness in the State of Michigan and we believe that Michigan can be particularly useful to the National League in helping to solve the problem of race.

Under the provisions of the said call, each county can send a delegate for each fifty of its Afro-American inhabitants, provided the number of such delegates does not exceed twenty-five. Counties that have less than fifty, are entitled to one delegate. Organization by counties is urged. Let the advocates of the National League be active.

Signed:

Wm. H. ANDERSON, Vice-pres. National Afro-American League.
ALBERT W. HILL, Vice-pres. Mich. Protective League.
DANIEL COLE, Secretary Mich. Protective League.
ROBERT PELHAM, Jr.
G. O. CURTIS,
H. G. JACKSON,
WALTER H. STOWERS,
REV. D. A. GRAHAM,
J. D. UNDERWOOD,
FRANK EVANS,
F. B. PELHAM,
FRANK RANDALL.
Detroit, March 13th, 1890

Quality Not Quantity Desired.

MILWAUKEE, April 23.—Mr. Foster says that at least ten thousand Afro-Americans will leave Alabama by the first of July and Mr. Glover says that from Atlanta, Ga., alone, 1700 have left for a land where they can enjoy the freedom of a citizen of the United States. The convention held at Chicago is already bearing fruit and the knot which held Afro-Americans to the South has been severed.—The exercises at St. Mark's church last Sunday were very pleasing.—The Rev. D. P. Brown has introduced song service in his evening service which prove very attractive.—Misses McFarland and Symons, of Erie, Penn., are visiting the cream city.—Mr. G. H. Hutchinson, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Mathews and Mrs. J. M. Barr. Mrs. Mathews gave an enjoyable dinner party last week in honor of her guest Mr. Hutchinson.—Mr. D. Royal, of Sheboygan, is visiting friends and also attending to business.—Mr. B. F. Underwood the well known tenor singer, has been invited to sing his favorites at the North Star Lodge entertainment this evening. We feel that he will do himself credit as he always does.—L. H. Palmer has returned to business after an absence of seven weeks visiting through the South feeling much refreshed and benefited in health as well as in the knowledge of the South and its way of doing business.—An enjoyable entertainment was given by some of our society people on Monday evening in honor of Mr. G. H. Hutchinson, of Chicago. Among those present were Misses Lydia and Lollie Houghes, E. Gillispie, Mrs. S. A. Mathews, Miss Burrs, Mr. John Hutchinson, G. H. Hutchinson, H. D. Palmer, L. H. Palmer, Mr. Jno. Barr and others. More of such interesting gatherings would add to the pleasure of friends visiting in our circle. We mean that quality shall rule our best society in the future more than it has in the past. The features of the evening were music and games, after which the ladies of the house called attention to a room adjacent in which an elegant repast was spread. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Black have moved from their old residence on State street to his place of business on Fourth street.—Any one desiring a copy of THE PLAINDEALER can always get one at Geo. W. Bland's barbers shop, or at L. H. Palmer's place of business on Wisconsin street. The news is getting better all the time. Read and see what our people are doing for themselves in the South. New subscribers are all the time coming in. Send your name to S. B. Bell and he will attend to your case. S. B. B.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

Mrs. Alice Strange Davis, of Baltimore, Md., well known to many Detroiters has won her suit for \$10,000 worth of Virginia real estate which had been transferred to Mrs. Davis by her father at the request of her mother, and was recovered by her to the white daughter of Mr. Strange at his request shortly before his death. After the death of her father, Mrs. Davis brought suit to have the deed of recovery set aside and the Supreme Court annulled the deed yesterday on the ground that it was obtained by undue influence.

Philip Irvine, of Chattanooga, was for several years engineer of the C. S. Shops of that city, but a short time since resigned because his wages were too low. The manager of the shop then thought he would try white men. He hired several but they couldn't or wouldn't work as Philip did, and the manager then sent for Philip and offered him higher wages if he would come back. He declined the offer because he is now engaged in a good paying business and the managers are realizing the necessity of keeping a good workman when they have one, even though he is an Afro-American who wants higher wages.

The Charleston News and Courier gives these Southern statesmen who have combined to defend burbon methods, some sound advice. It says: "It is useless for Southern statesmen to condemn reconstruction—which is to say Republican—methods of solving the Negro problem, unless they can suggest better methods of their own devising. It will avail but little to marshal educational and material statistics to show that 'the Negro is pro-perous,' so long as Republican politicians and newspapers can marshal equally convincing statistics to prove that the Negro is not voting, and so inflame the Northern mind at every election. It is useless to argue that the South is 'solving for itself the Negro question,' or can solve for itself that question, when the southern plan of settlement is the very matter at issue." The only plan offered so far by the South or any of its statesmen, to settle this vexed question, is to keep the Afro-American seville. Such a proposition has been repudiated by humanity, generally. It remains for the South to adopt some just method by which these differences which constitute such a momentous question can be settled mutually, not by the terms being all on one side.

Mr. Thomas Richardson was recently appointed postmaster at Port Gibson, Miss. since his appointment he has been served several times with notices that he would not be allowed to hold the office. Besides, he has received numerous anonymous letters that he would be assassinated if he did. Added to this innocent amusement of the dominant class with the approbation of the "best citizens," a local paper attacked him fiercely. Goaded by such attacks, it has been alleged that Mr. Richardson wrote a letter to the Clarion-Leader, stating his position and intentions. He said he would not be bulldozed, spoke of Cleveland's administration as a term of wicked rule, said Jeff Davis ought to have been dead before he brought on the rebellion, and said if the State ever went Republican, burbons would be shown that the Afro-American had some rights even in Mississippi. Now the fat is in the fire. The "best people" are aroused and Mr. Richardson must leave or be lynched, a thing which said "best citizens" will deplore after it has happened. However he disclaims having written the letter and a committee have investigated the matter and exonerated him. There was nothing in it that should have been apologized for even if he had. Such a letter would have never been noticed in a Northern community. And worse than all the men who have been sending Mr. Richardson threatening anonymous letters, forged the one in question in order to give some plausible excuse for his contemplated assassination.

A division is threatened in the ranks of the Republican party in Georgia, by the appointing of Afro-Americans to office. Among the recent appointments is that of Matt Davis as postmaster, which is said to have been done to secure the Afro-American vote for Harrison in 1892. Through the schemes of Pink Morton who lost his office as postal clerk by pulling against Davis, his appointment is now with-held at Washington. Morton threatens to organize another fold of Republicans to fight A. T. Buck and his followers, and it is said that the plotters of that section of Georgia approve the movement.

Professor Bloomfield of the John Hopkins University, in a recent article in the Baltimore Sun upon the mental characteristics of the Afro-American, said: "He is possessed of a receptive intellect, quick to reach the full measure of his powers, imitative, fond of music, hilarious, given to good living, concerned about to-day rather than yesterday or tomorrow, a victim to the charms of person, ornamentation, and pompous processions; docile, gentle, credulous, superstitious and disposed to exaggerate the power and importance of the devil." He also said that while the grade of civilization he has reached in Africa was low, under guidance he was capable of making considerable advances. That he was inferior to the Mediterranean races, the Mongols and the American Indian, but far superior to the Australian.

The tender-hearted women of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city, have resolved to send to the czar of Russia a remonstrance against the cruelties practised upon Siberian exiles, and resolutions of sympathy with the prisoners. It would be interesting to know how these sympathetic ladies feel about the atrocities practised upon Afro-American women and children in their own country, and why no word of protest from them has been sent to those States where they are debauched and brutalized by sanction of the government. Governor Gordon of Georgia has recently appointed a man as whipping boss over a camp of women prisoners who doubtless, are unjustly imprisoned and as brutally treated as the Siberian exiles.

Gun Wa has cured Mr. Frank McKay who resides at No. 45 Tilmann avenue, Detroit, of general debility.

Mrs. M. C. Hechtner of No. 960 Jefferson avenue, says Gun Wa has cured her of rheumatism.

Mr. Chas. Dreyer of No. 112 Mt. Ell of street, Detroit, says Gun Wa has cured him of general debility. He can cure similar cases.

CITY DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers not receiving THE PLAINDEALER regularly should notify us at once. We desire every copy delivered promptly.

THE PLAINDEALER always for sale at the following places:

Aaron Lapp, 405 Hastings street.
John Williams, 31 Croghan street.
Smith and Thomas, 42 Croghan street.
Little Herrmann, 241 Croghan street.
J. L. Smith, 417 Hastings street.
Jones and Brewer, 287 Antoine street.
Wm. Burnett, 22 Monroe avenue.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Local notices of all descriptions one cent per word for the first insertion, and half a cent per word for each subsequent insertion. No notice taken for less than twenty-five cents.
Wedding presents, etc., two cents each description.
Display advertisements 50 cents per inch for one insertion. Special terms for contract advertising.
All advertisements and subscriptions are payable in advance.

To Subscribers.

A number of our city patrons are in arrears for their subscriptions and our collectors, Messrs. William Smith and William Webb, will call on them in a few days. Please pay up promptly and greatly oblige THE PLAINDEALER COMPANY.

MERE MENTION.

Advertise in THE PLAINDEALER.
Have you tried a Ben Hur Cigar? 10c, or 3 for 25c.

Mr. Samuel Evans stayed over for the Meykdi banquet.

Miss Gertie Nichols, of East Saginaw, is visiting in the city.

Miss Gay S. Lewis of Adrian, is the guest of Miss Felham.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Campbell of Imlay City, are visiting friends here this week.

Mr. Louis Bennett left Friday for St. Clair where he expects to open a barber shop.

Mr. Robert H. Lowe, who has been confined indoors for sometime is able to be out again.

Mrs. John Cannon of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. Geo. Smith, 218 Mullett street.

Stong demands for additional concerts will hold Miss Batson on the Pacific coast till June 15.

Mr. E. Hunter is at work on the new school building in course of erection on Adelaide street.

Mr. R. Laska, of Brewster street, who has been quite ill, is improving nicely and is able to walk out.

Parasol Opening Days. C. Lingemann & Co's, 26 Monroe ave.

Wm. Jenkins of Washington D. C. grandson of Wm. Pierce of Watson street is visiting in the city.

Mrs. Mary E. Brown of Cleveland is visiting in the city the guest of Mrs. R. H. Lowe of John R. St.

The Knights of Pythias contemplate running an excursion to Put-In Bay during the earlier part of the summer.

C. A. Scott, interior painting, plain and decorative paperhanging, etc., 194 Rivard street. Estimates furnished and satisfaction guaranteed. Adv.

Mr. Charles Straws of Fowlerville took advantage of the reduced rates and visited Detroit last Wednesday. His visit to THE PLAINDEALER was highly appreciated.

Umbrellas, Umbrellas. "Buy of the maker", C. Lingemann & Co., 26 Monroe ave.

The entertainment Around the World in Eighty Minutes which was to have been given at the Second Baptist church last Thursday evening has been postponed until Monday evening, April 28th.

Miss Grace E. Burch, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. W. M. A. Burch, of Cincinnati formerly pastor of the second Baptist church in this city, is to be married April 30th to Mr. Frank R. Johnson of the same place.

Mr. Richard Harrison, the Dramatic reader and elocutionist, is contemplating a tour through the Northwest in the near future. For sometime Mr. Harrison has contributed largely to the success of various entertainments given in this city which has won for himself a well merited reputation. Last Thursday evening of the song recital at the second Baptist church his rendering of the "Kum Maniac" and "The Tramp", were excellent and received much favorable comment.

The famous Illuminated Art Tour's Company will give one of their refined entertainments at the Second Baptist church for the benefit of the Sunday school, Monday evening, April 28th. The subject and lecture will be a Tour Around the World in Eighty Minutes, with novel scenic and light effects. The views are illuminated by the oxy-hydrogen light, the most powerful known, the apparatus being the best and costliest made, making the pictures from fifteen to forty feet in diameter. The views themselves are said to comprise the most celebrated scenery and cities of the entire world, and to be the finest ever manufactured. Let every one attend this entertainment as it will not only be interesting and amusing, but very instructive. Parents, come and bring your children and accompany the lecturer in a tour around the world, and see for yourselves the wonders and beauties of this Planet in all their vivid and realistic splendor. The many noted points of interest, princely homes, kingly palaces, grand cathedrals, public buildings, statues and magnificent scenery will be pointed out and shown to you. Mr. H. J. Tolliver secured this wonderful attraction for the benefit of the school, and invites one and all to come and witness one of the greatest exhibitions eyes ever beheld. Don't forget the date and place. This entertainment will be concluded with an egg breaking contest and social reunion. Tickets can be procured from all the members of the school, or Mr. H. T. Tolliver, superintendent. Admission 15 cents.

Glances Here and There.

THE man or woman who is constantly saying or doing something that they know will injure some one and "create a fuss," is malicious in the extreme. It matters not what his position is in the church or in society, he is unfit for it. It is true just such fuss breeders, sometimes do occupy high positions. It is nevertheless but a latter day fulfillment of the declaration that wickedness should inhabit high places and the just take a place in the seat with the scornful. Pure character is the result of pure thoughts, and these make pure motives. Motives that do not sit on sedition to hatch disorder. Look out for the man who distrusts every one, for the man who sees a scheme in every act of his fellow is a scoundrel himself. As one good trait husbanded, leads to another; so one bad one nursed makes one meaner. There is but a step between the mischief maker, the traitor and the liar.

IT HAS not been so very long ago since the lethargy which characterized the social world of Detroit warranted the apprehension that the new sleepy disease "la nouma" was becoming epidemic. Young ladies were threatened with too much beauty sleep and the gentlemen's immunity from coupe hire and bouquets promised a surplus in their pockets as difficult to dispose of as that in the National treasury. But the sleep which once bound her has been disturbed, reaction has set in and entertainments tread upon each other's heels, so swift they come. Detroit is herself again.

IN those "moving" times it is a wise man who has business away from home, to which he must attend. One may safely come through the ordeal of matching stove pipes in the Fall and wrestling with the ash barrel and coal scuttle in winter, but moving and its attendant evils surpass all of these in its capacity for disturbing the serenity of the good man's soul. From the carpet that wont fit to the tack that will stick, the season is filled with disappointments, and so far, nothing has been invented to relieve the victimized householder from his share of the general discomfort.

THE common sense which has lately characterized the fashionable gown can no longer be boasted of if the trailing skirt is to be universally worn on the street. Already one sees the effect of lengthened gowns in the clouds of dust which follows madame as she takes her walks abroad and the signs of wear and tear observable, even on new gowns is as nothing to those on the disposition of her who cleans them. A long gown is always more graceful than a short one but it is out of place on the street and gives the most correctly dressed woman an air of carelessness. That however will not deter the devotees of fashion from adding the required length to their skirts for what is life if you are not in fashion. And since we must drabble our skirts to be correct it may not come amiss, to say, if you are up early enough and will trail the bottom of your gown across the lawn before the dew is gone, you will find that the dew and grass together make a brush more effective than any you can buy.

THE mild winter caused little or no cessation in the work of building. Workmen were kept almost constantly employed throughout the season, and now that the spring has really set in the outside work on the dwellings and business houses has received new impetus. Everywhere one notices marks of improvement. One by one the old landmarks disappear and in place of their time worn shabbiness, lofty business houses, picturesque churches and beautiful homes are being erected. Between the busy housewife's raid against dirt and the blemishes of the winter in the inside, and the decorators, carpenters, masons and painters who dispute with pedestrians the passage way in the streets one is apt to be disagreeably impressed with this transition period. But the beauty of the "most beautiful city" is enhanced by these discomforts, and every good citizen will forget these inconveniences when the summer tourist grows eloquent over the attractions of the "City of The Straits."

THE factory girls across the way had their pictures taken Tuesday noon and enjoyed it as much as some of their more favored sisters will the flower show. How they pushed and giggled and prinked and posed. It was an event in their lives and they felt its importance. The "beauty" was there of course and she had more difficulty in finding a seat than all the other one hundred and eighty seven who were "took" but finally her bangs were patted in shape, her dress placed, her hands and feet disposed of and from a central position on the highest seat she complacently beams down on her companions. By and by when her face has proved her fortune and she stands seeking admission to the ranks of the four hundred somebody will produce this to-becco factory group and then she will deplore in sack cloth and ashes the vanity which made her seek the most conspicuous place that day.

A MORE convenient place for secreting money than hiding it under the carpet in the chimney hole, between the mattress or in the china closet has been devised by ingenious women. The old methods all had one disadvantage, the woman unlike the snail could not carry her house around upon her back and hence was obliged to leave her treasure at home. Of course there are women who make banks out of their hats, their shoes and the bodice of their dresses. But the girl who has caught on to the latest thing in hosiery buys only the styles that have a cute little pocket in the hem with a lap that buttons over, and which serves as the best possible receptacle for bank notes and bills.

Gun Wa has made a new man of me. In St. Louis, 1005 Vinewood ave., Detroit.

Gun Wa cured me of rheumatism and can cure you. Mr. John Kristopherson, 21 Atwater street, Detroit.

Gun Wa has cured me entirely of dyspepsia. Consult him. Captain A. Carson, 135 1/2th street, Detroit.

Gun Wa has cured Mr. Fred. Cody of 375 Michigan avenue, Detroit, of general debility. He can cure others.
Gun Wa cured my wife of rheumatism and will cure others. Mr. Francis, 23 Wilcox st, Detroit.
Gun Wa has cured Miss Fannie Powers 173 Williams-ave, of catarrh. He will cure you.

ON MAY 1ST.

THE

CITIZEN'S

SAVINGS BANK,

WILL MOVE

Into the quarters heretofore occupied by the Merchants & Manufacturers' National Bank, in the Newberry Building, nearly opposite present office.

Bank Open from 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.
CHR. MACK, Pres't. EDWIN F. MACK, Cashier.

HENRY MERDIAN,

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"VIM,"

THE BEST 5c CIGAR ON EARTH
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36 MONROE AVE. WE MAKE 'EM

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Dental Parlors

TWENTY-THREE YEARS' PRACTICE.

"Vitalized Air" administered for.....75c
Teeth Extracted for.....25c
Teeth Filled with Gold for \$1.00 and up.
Teeth Filled with Gold and Platinum
Alloys.....75c to \$1.00
Teeth Filled with White Filling for.....50c
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of "Vitalized Air," which is made fresh every day; is warranted pure and perfectly harmless. All other anesthetics are dangerous.

246 WOODWARD AV.

Smoke

"NATURAL GAS"

AND

"NEW ELDORADO"

Best 5c & 10c Cigar in the Market.

Don't forget the number—

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A. J. Herrmann's.



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Miami Ave.,
DETROIT MICH.

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We shall sacrifice the entire lot, Strictly for Cash, for the next 30 days at prices per roll, from

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ARTHUR TREDWAY & CO.

108 WOODWARD AVENUE.

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LOWEST PRICES

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A FULL LINE

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Gents' Furnishing Goods

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H. RIDIGER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

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PANTS to order from \$4 upward.

SUITS to order from \$20 upward.

H. Ridiger, 194 Randolph Street.

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THE "LOUVRE!"

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

For ALL CLASSES

At the Most Reasonable Prices.

The Latest Styles will always be found at our store, the assortment equal to anything in the city with the prices within the reach of all. A call will convince you.

THE "LOUVRE," 188 RANDOLPH Street,

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WOLVERINE WALL PAPER CO.

—WE DO NOT—

DECLARE WAR IN TIMES OF PEACE,

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MILLARD'S STUDIO,

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The finest work in Photos and Portraits can always be found at

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LEAGUE CONSTITUTION.

NATIONAL AFRO-AMERICAN LEAGUE.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this organization shall be the Afro-American League of the United States.

ARTICLE II.

The objects of the League are to protect against taxation, to secure a more equitable distribution of school funds in those sections where separate schools exist; to insist upon fair and impartial trial by a judge and jury of peers of all causes of law wherein we may be party; to resist by all legal and reasonable means mob and lynch law whereof we are made the action, and to insist upon the arrest and punishment of all such offenders against our legal rights; to resist tyrannical usages of all railroad, steamboat and other corporations, and the violent or unlawful conduct of their employees in all cases where we are concerned, by prosecution of all such corporations and their employees, in State and Federal Courts; to the labor of the reformation of all penal institutions where barbarous, cruel and inhuman treatment of convicts is practiced, and to assist healthy immigration from terror-stricken sections to others and more law-abiding sections. The object of the League is to encourage all State and local Leagues in their efforts to break down color bars, and in obtaining for the Afro-American an equal chance with others in the avocations of life, and to unite with such branch Leagues for organized and effective work in securing the full privileges of citizenship.

The objects of the Leagues shall be attained by the creation of healthy public opinion through the medium of the press and pulpit, public meetings and addresses, and by appealing to the court of law for redress of all denial of legal and constitutional rights, the purpose of this League is to secure the ends desired through legal and peaceable and lawful methods.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The National League shall consist of the State and Territorial Leagues.

SECTION 2. Any permanently organized State or Territorial League shall be eligible to membership in the League.

SECTION 3. Only one State or Territorial League shall be recognized by the National League.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. The officers of the National League shall be a President, and one Vice-President from each State and Territory, represented at the National Convention, a Secretary, Treasurer, and an Attorney, all of whom shall hold office for the period of one year, or until their successors shall have qualified.

SECTION 2. There shall also be an Executive Committee composed of the Vice-Presidents, the President, Secretary, and Treasurer and Attorney of the League.

The National Convention shall consist of delegates elected by State and Territorial Leagues, the basis of representation to be one delegate for every fifty members; provided, however, that each State and Territorial League shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

The convention shall be held annually at such places as the convention assembled may determine by a majority vote.

The executive committee shall have power to fix time of such meetings.

ARTICLE V.

The National League in convention assembled, shall have power to admit and suspend Leagues, to overrule the action of the executive committee, and to levy assessments to meet the necessary expenses of the National League.

ARTICLE VI.

SECTION 1. The assessments levied upon State and National Leagues shall be paid by the treasurers of the same directly to the secretaries of National Leagues, to carry out the objects set forth in Article 2, provided, however, that the maximum tax of any one assessment shall not exceed fifty cents for each and every member, whose name shall appear upon the rolls of the Local League, and provided further, that no more than two assessments can be levied in one year. The secretary shall at once every 30 days report and turn over to the treasurer such sums as have been collected and receive the treasurer's receipt for the same.

SECTION 2. Each and every State and Territorial League shall on or before the 1st day of January of each year make and forward to the secretary of the National League a report showing the number of members in such State and Territorial League, and the officers thereof. Such report to be signed by the president and secretary of such State and Territorial League.

SECTION 3. Every Local League working under the jurisdiction of the National League shall on or before the first day of January of each year forward to the secretary of the National League a report showing the number of members, the name and address of its secretary. Such report to be signed by the president and secretary.

ARTICLE VII.

SECTION 1. Upon the death, resignation or other disqualification of a member of the executive committee from any State League, the executive committee of such State League have power to fill such vacancy, and further that the executive committee of the National League shall have power to fill any vacancies in the offices in the National League.

SECTION 2. The executive committee shall have the general management of the affairs of the League when the convention is not in session, and shall have control of all the funds of the League, subject to the direction of the convention. It shall have general supervision of the State Leagues comprising the National League, and shall in states which have no State League be charged with the duty of organizing any such League whenever in its opinion deemed advisable. The committee shall be called together by the president of the League immediately after the convention and shall then organize. It shall make its own rules and hold meetings at such times and places as it shall determine. A meeting may be called at any time by its chairman, and must be called by him when requested by five members in writing. Seven members of the committee will constitute a quorum for transaction of business.

SECTION 3. The executive committee may remove any officer or member of the committee for causes hereinafter stated by vote of two-thirds of the members present at any meeting of the committee.

ARTICLE VIII.

It shall be the duty of the president to preside over the annual Convention and the meetings of the executive committee. He shall call all special meetings as provided in Article 9, Section 2. He shall sign all orders and receive salary as the executive committee shall determine, not to exceed \$500 for the first year.

ARTICLE IX.

The duty of the secretary will be to keep a record of the proceedings of the Convention and the executive committee. He shall have charge of the books of the League and subject to the direction of the executive committee. He shall countersign all orders and an annual report of the progress of the League, at the annual Convention, in attending its objects, and perform such other duties

as may be demanded by the executive committee, that pertains to his office. He shall receive an annual salary of \$500, and shall give bonds in such sum as the executive committee shall determine.

ARTICLE X.

The Treasurer shall keep an accurate account of the fund of the League, shall make an annual report to the convention, shall pay no draft unless signed by the President and countersigned by the Secretary, and give bonds in such amount as the executive committee may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE XI.

The Attorney of the National League shall be charged with such legal matters as within its discretion the executive committee shall designate, and he shall receive for such legal services such sum as the executive shall determine.

ARTICLE XII.

This League is a non-partisan body and any officer or member of the executive committee attempting to use the League for individual political purposes shall be expelled.

SECTION 2. Any officer or member of the League using the stationery for private or political purposes shall be deemed guilty of malfeasance in office, and may be expelled.

Any officer of the League being elected to any political office or appointed to the same shall resign the office held by him in the League.

ARTICLE XIII.

The executive committee of the National League shall divide itself into such sub-committees as may be necessary to expedite its labors, and the members of such sub-committees shall be allowed the actual necessary, traveling expenses incurred in going to and returning from the meetings of the committee. Also the hotel and traveling expenses be paid while attending to the duties required of office.

ARTICLE XIV.

This constitution may be amended at any convention by a majority vote of the Leaguers present, but thirty days notice of any proposed amendment shall be given the Secretary of the National League, who shall publish the same.

ARTICLE XV.

The convention shall be governed by Robert's Rules of Order.

Lives Alone in a Hut at 119.

Richard Hoops of Osage City, this county, is beyond question the eldest person in the State of Missouri. He is a negro, and lives alone in a small hut on the banks of the Osage River, just below the Missouri Pacific railroad bridge. He is 119 years of age, and in appearance somewhat resembles a mummy, his skin being parchment-like, but he is full of life and energy and is in full possession of all his faculties. In the summer and fall he finds work as a farmhand, and what he earns in this way is eked out by the aid of his skill with rod and gun to a respectable living. During the last fall he contracted with a farmer to grub out the stumps in a large field and faithfully carried out his obligation, performing all the labor himself. "Uncle Richard" has a good memory and can recall incidents that happened in his boyhood, just after the Revolutionary War. He remembers having seen on one occasion Gens. Greene and Wayne and other heroes of the War of Independence, whose names he can not recall now. He was born in Chatham County, South Carolina, and his master's name was William Hayden. He came to Missouri in 1843, and for the last twenty-five years has been living about Osage City. As stated, he lives all alone in his hut, and so far as he knows himself, has no relatives living. He is very economical in his methods of living, and the head of a large catfish furnishes him with material enough to supply him with soup for over a week. The old fellow is quite an interesting talker and is fond of recounting the events of the early part of the century. —Jefferson City (Mo.) Tribune.

Colonel Bob Fined for Contempt.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll would never be suspected of being a respecter of persons, for he has such a free and easy way of discoursing upon religious matters. His legal protegee was Judge Puterbaugh, then a Judge of the Circuit Court at Peoria, Ill. Upon one occasion, while the Judge was engaged in fining a spectator for contempt of court, Ingersoll offered some gratuitous advice, which was resented with some show of indignation. Ingersoll retaliated by hinting that when the Court was fishing in a political way after the ermine he had not been so chary about accepting advice. This warned the old man up in earnest, and he at once imposed upon the presumptuous advocate a fine of \$10 and costs. Ingersoll fumbled in his pocket for a moment, then walked up to the bar with outstretched hand and said: "Puterbaugh, lend me \$10!" The stern expression of the Court never relaxed for an instant. Turning to the clerk he said: "Mr. Clerk, let the record show that Mr. Ingersoll's fine is remitted. Peoria county can better afford to lose \$10 than I can."

Couldn't Break the Set.

A little boy of five went with his mother to make a call. The lady of the house, who was very fond of children, told him she intended to ask his mother to let her have him. "Don't you think that your mother would let me buy you?" she asked. "No," he said, "you haven't got money enough." "How much would it take?" she asked. "Three hundred dollars," he answered promptly, "and you haven't got that much." "I think I could manage it," she said; "if I can, will you come to me?" "No," he said, "with decision, 'mammy wouldn't sell me, anyhow. There are five of us, and mammy wouldn't like to break the set." —Harpur's Young People.

Nine cases of small pox have been found on board the bark Sarah, from Fayal, detained in quarantine at Boston.

"The PLAIN DEALER is the best of them all." Give it your support by subscribing. Your neighbors don't care to, lend them — if you doubt the statement ask them.

Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No gripping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

It is stated that there are 40,321 physicians in the Empire of Japan.

A Boon to Wives.

Having used "Mother's Friend" I would not be without it. It is a boon to wives who know they must pass through the painful ordeal of childbirth. Mrs. C. MURPHY, Iowa. Write the Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga., for further particulars. Sold by all druggists.

The population of Japan is put down at about forty million.

WYOMING'S CAPITAL.

In the Congressional report upon the admission of Wyoming, many facts were given going to show her as richer in resources than any of her sisters, and no territory ever applied for admission so thoroughly qualified. This report shows the CAPITAL, CHEYENNE, to be one of the wealthiest cities of its size in the world, and certainly the most favored and prosperous. The Union Pacific Railway is now constructing shops there to cost \$6,000,000, and employ 2,500 men. This fact, coupled with the early admission of the State assured, is causing a rush to CHEYENNE, but her reality is still low, offering the best investment in the West. We have the best unimproved residence property in the city, and our prices are even lower than that immediately adjoining. We are offering only alternate blocks, and to induce a quick response we will, to a limited amount, take two-fifths in clear lands or chattels, a small cash payment, balance in one and two years, at seven per cent semi-annual interest. Call at our Cheyenne office or address THE INTERIOR LAND AND IMMIGRATION CO., Department B, Denver, Colorado.

Thomas A Edison smokes almost incessantly.

General John C. Fremont, who has had a slight attack of influenza, is able to take short walks.

Chronic Coughs and Colds

And all diseases of the Throat and Lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. "Consider Scott's Emulsion the remedy par-excellence in Tuberculous and Strumous affections, to say nothing of colds and throat troubles." —W. R. S. CONNELL, M. D., Manchester, C.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Oh, how can a fair maiden smile and be gay,
Be lovely and loving and dear,
As sweet as a rose and as bright as the May.

When her liver is all out of gear? She can't. It is impossible. But if she will only take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, it will cleanse and stimulate her disordered liver, purify her blood, make her complexion soft and rosy, her breath wholesome, her spirits cheerful and her temper sweet. All druggists.

Don't hawk, hawk, blow, spit, and disgust everybody with your offensive breath, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it.

Senator Ingalls is at work on the final chapters of his long-looked-for novel.

"I have been afflicted with an affection of the throat from childhood, caused from diphtheria, and have used various remedies, but never have found anything equal to Brown's Bronchial Troches." —Rev. C. M. F. Hampton, Pikeston, Ky. Sold only in boxes.

The attempt to start a Robert Elsmere religion in London has been a partial failure.

Six novels free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., to any one in the U. S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbie's Electric Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. Soap for sale by all grocers.

A devoted couple, husband and wife, committed suicide recently at St. Etienne, in France, because the husband was attacked with a fatal malady.

Forty Decatur families have the measles, and the disease is still spreading.

Free Homes.

Last chance for fine agricultural land free. The great Sioux reservation of 11,000,000 acres now open for settlement, lying in the Missouri valley, is equal to any state in the Union for fertility and productiveness. Pierre is the key to this land, and the coming large city of South Dakota. For full information, free of charge, write to the Alliance Committee, Pierre, South Dakota.

The deafness of the prince of Wales is increasing and is apparently incurable.

A "Congress of Beauty" is to be held in Rome in May.

Daisy Zinc Team Pad.

Every man who uses a harness or team should have the "Daisy Zinc Team Pad," made by the Zinc Collar Pad Co., at Buchanan, Mich. Every teamster is familiar with the merits of the zinc collar pad manufactured by this company. The "Daisy Zinc Team Pad" is the best thing ever yet invented to prevent the backs of horses from chafing, and to cure them if sore. They are recommended in the highest terms by all who have used them. They are self-adjusting, cheap and durable. Ask your harness maker for them.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.



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A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

"You certainly are mistaken," said one young man to another at an evening party, "but that cannot be the young lady I met last winter, though the name is the same. Judge for yourself. This girl has a glorious complexion, while the other young lady—Good heavens, what a skin she had! Covered with blotches and red-headed pimples; it was like a nutmeg grater. Oh no, this cannot be the young lady." But it was, though, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery had worked the miracle. As a remedy for pimples, blotches, eruptions and all skin and scalp diseases, it is the most wonderful medicine extant. Of all the many blood-purifiers and remedies for skin diseases, "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only one guaranteed to do all that's claimed for it, or money promptly refunded! Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Salt-rheum, Tetter, Erysipelas, Eczema, Boils, and Carbuncles. In all Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, "Fever-sores," "Hip-joint Disease" and all impurities of the blood, no matter from whatever cause arising, it effects the most marvelous cures. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Manufacturers, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

\$500 OFFERED

For an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head by the proprietors of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and scald, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once. Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists, everywhere.

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Price 25 Cents.

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Ely's Groom Balm

IS SURE TO CURE GOLD IN HEAD QUICKLY.

Apply Balm into each nostril.

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Tare Beam and Beam Box Free. Send for circular. Jones he Pays the Freight. BIRCHAMTON, N. Y.

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Habit. The only certain and easy cure. Dr. J. L. Sizer, Lebanon, Ohio.

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WRITE F. M. GIBSON, 100 N. Main, Philadelphia, Pa., when shipping any large products. Highest references.

W. N. U. D.—VIII.—17.

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this Paper.

LEAPED TO DEATH.

In southern Dalmatia there is a bit of coast stretching from Cavtat, Ragusa Vecchia, to Sutorina, which is called Konavje, and is noted far and wide for the beauty of its women and the valor of its men. Faces and forms of antique Grecian mold are by no means rare among the inhabitants of this picturesque region, and this is the more surprising since their neighbors, the Herzegovinians and the Bosnians, are not at all prepossessing in mien or feature.

About the middle of the last century, while Konavje still formed a part of the republic of Ragusa, the family Radovic settled in the frontier village of Uvjece. The possession of the hamlet had long been a bone of contention between the Bosnian vizier and the republic of Ragusa. The little republic had at last been forced to give up the struggle and abandon Uvjece to the Turks. The villagers were naturally dissatisfied with the result, and Minko Radovic, the head of the family, was active in keeping up the discontent. He persuaded his neighbors to consider themselves citizens of Ragusa, and to resist with arms every attempt on the part of the Turkish agas or beys to collect taxes.

Minko had two daughters. The elder Kosara, was a lovely girl of 17; the other, Ljubica, a child of 11. Kosara was the fairest maiden in the village, and had no end of admirers among the young men. Her most eager suitors were two friends of her father named Stanko and Toma. Stanko was a refugee, who, for some reason, had fled from Turkish vengeance and found an asylum in Uvjece. His ugly, weather-beaten face wore an expression of vicious cunning, and there was nothing in his appearance or disposition to win upon the young girl. Toma, on the other hand, was a far more agreeable character, but still he was nothing more than a good friend to Kosara. She was still heart-whole, and, as her father made no effort to influence her choice, neither Stanko nor Toma received any encouragement.

Things stood in this way when one bright September morning a Turkish aga with two companions appeared in Uvjece and demanded the desherina (tenth) and the harass (poll-tax). The three friends acted as spokesmen for the villagers, and boldly declared that Uvjece belonged to Ragusa, and would never pay taxes to the Turks. The enraged aga drew his sword, but before he could make use of the weapon Stanko bared his scimitar, and with one stroke cut off the officer's head. Minko and Toma, for their part, threw themselves upon his companions and cut them down in an instant. Then Stanko promptly set to work to plunder the bodies.

They found a rich booty. The pockets of the fallen aga were full of money, the weapons of the soldiers were set with precious stones, and the horses were richly caparisoned with silver-mounted harness and gold-brodered cloth. The loot was taken to the house of Radovic to be divided. Stanko's face wore its ugliest leer as he spread the rich trappings on the floor, and Toma investigated the contents of the purse, while Minko looked on with a satisfied smile. Ljubica, nestling close to her father, and Kosara, leaning carelessly against the wall, watched with attentive interest the result of the investigation.

"Three hundred and sixty-three ducats!" cried Toma at length, in delight. "That'll make a fine dowry for you, Kosara."

"How so?" replied the maiden in astonishment. "The spoil belongs equally to all, and father gets but a third; besides, you seem to forget, my dear little sister has a claim as well as I."

"I'll not touch my part," exclaimed Toma, with enthusiasm. "I give it to the lovely Kosara."

"But I can't accept your present," returned the girl, quietly.

"Right you are," interposed Stanko. "Kosara's heart is not to be won with ducats."

"Who said it was?" retorted Toma, in an angry tone. "Do you think I'd try to win Kosara with money?"

"It looks a little that way," replied Stanko, his face disfigured with a hideous sneer.

Toma, now thoroughly enraged, was about to turn upon his rival, when Minko interfered and restored peace.

"Let there be no quarreling," he said, in a conciliatory tone. "The deed we have committed was perhaps rash and ill-considered, but it can't be helped now, and we shall have to stand together, and the best thing we can do is to consider how we can avert the evil consequences of our act. For when the aga is missed the Turks over yonder in Trebinje will commence an investigation, and if they discover the real state of the case we'll have to pay dearly for it."

The long consultation which followed brought the friends to no other conclusion than to quietly await developments.

The disappearance of the aga was soon remarked in Trebinje, and his friends became uneasy. Learning in a neighboring village that he had set out for Uvjece and had never returned the Turks directed their march to that place. The approach of one hundred troopers naturally awakened the greatest alarm in the hamlet. There was no doubt the Turks were coming to avenge the murdered aga. The terrified villagers were on the point of flying across the Roumanian border, but Minko urged them rather to draw the Turks into ambush and receive them with bullets. His counsel prevailed, and all the able-bodied men in the place, about twenty in number, hurried out to meet the enemy.

About a quarter of a mile from the village the peasants secreted themselves behind the rocks which lined both sides of the road, and as the Turks approached, opened upon them with a deadly volley. Before the Moslems had recovered from their astonishment the Christians had reloaded and fired a second time, then followed two volleys from their pistols, and finally the attacking party rushed out from its ambush, and with drawn scimitars fell upon the thirty Turks who were yet able to fight. In the hand-to-hand conflict which followed our three friends fought side by side. Toma, after cutting down three of the Turks, was shot while closing with the fourth. With secret joy Stanko saw him fall, for he was now rid of a rival whom he had begun to fear. While in this moment he thought of Kosara he saw directly in front of him a Turk spring forward to strike Minko from the rear. One quick blow from Stanko's flashing steel and the Turk would have fallen before he could accomplish his deadly purpose, but Stanko never dealt that blow. He waited until the Moslem had given Kosara's father a mortal wound, and then avenged his comrade's death on the body of his destroyer.

He glanced furtively around to see if there had been any witness to his treachery, and breathed more freely when he perceived that the few remaining Turks had taken to flight and the villagers were all occupied in pursuit.

After a moment's reflection Stanko turned and hastened back to the village and to Kosara.

"Where is my father?" cried the girl in an anxious voice.

Stanko forced his evil countenance into a grimace, which he intended should express deep sorrow, and sighed, in reply, "Poor Kosara!"

"Father's dead!" shrieked the unfortunate girl.

"He fell like a hero after he had witnessed the destruction of the enemy."

Kosara broke into heart-rending lamentations, and Ljubica, sobbing bitterly, threw her arms around her elder sister.

After a pause Stanko continued: "He died in my arms. We fought side by side. Three times I parried the deadly blows suspended over his head, but at last a wretch coming from behind gave him a deadly wound, from which I was unable to defend him. After I had struck down the murderer I bent over your father, who thanked me with his dying eyes and kissed me, saying: 'Give this kiss to my dear Kosara, and tell her that it is my last wish that she take you for a husband; and do you be to her husband, father, and protector.'"

As he uttered these words Stanko threw his arms about the weeping girl and gave her the parental kiss with such fire that Kosara tore herself in terror from his embrace.

The scales fell from her eyes in a moment. She remembered that her father had often promised her that he would never force her into a marriage with any one, least of all with the man Stanko, whom he knew she thoroughly detested.

"You lie, miserable man!" she cried, in a storm of indignation. "You have killed my father yourself, and now you are trying to deceive me because you think I am a forsaken, defenseless girl, and dependent upon your protection. I will find others who will protect me from you."

"If you are placing your hopes on Toma I shall have to destroy them. Toma fell a few minutes before your father breathed his last!"

"You probably killed him too. Get out of my sight and never dare to cross this threshold again."

"What! You will not then be my wife?" cried Stanko in a fury, his face dark with passion as he stepped closer and grasped her hands.

"No, never!"

"Well, then, I'll force you to it!" he hissed.

Kosara defended herself as well as she could, but her strength was fast ebbing away, when Ljubica, who had slipped out unobserved a moment before, rushed in screaming.

"The Turks are coming!"

Stanko at once released the girl and dashed out of the house. No Turks were to be seen in any direction. Enraged at this deception he hastened back, but when he entered the hut both girls had disappeared. As the house had but one exit Stanko supposed that they had hidden themselves.

There were, however, few places in which to hide, and he soon came to the conclusion that they had escaped through the window. He looked out, and sure enough he saw their fluttering white garments far down the path which led to Knipindol. They had already a good start, but Stanko, confident that he would soon overtake them, dashed on like a race-horse in pursuit.

When the girls saw that they were being pursued they left the path and climbed up the rocks to the right, in the hope that they might throw their pursuer off the trail. Stanko, however, observed their maneuvers and clambered quickly after them. Suddenly the panting maidens found themselves upon a jutting cliff which reached out over a yawning abyss. To the right and left were walls of perpendicular rock; behind them was their enemy.

"If he comes a step nearer we will spring into the gulf," cried Kosara, in despair, to be approaching foe.

Horror-stricken, Stanko stood still. Kosara's resolute manner left him in no doubt as to the earnestness of the threat. He had recourse to negotiation and endeavored to persuade the girls to return by fair words and most solemn oaths.

Kosara was almost ready to give faith to his assurances when in an instant the whole situation was changed. In the rear of Stanko a group of Turks appeared upon the scene and charged upon him.

When the child had announced the approach of the Turks she had spoken the truth. She had left the house to fetch help from the village, which lay at some distance from Minko's dwelling, but as she had approached the first house she perceived to her alarm several Turks, who were ill-treating the women and children, the men having all gone off to the attack. These Turks belonged to a second division, which had come upon Uvjece from another direction and reached the rear of the fighters. Several of the Turks who saw Ljubica had followed her home, where they arrived just after Stanko had left. Finding the house empty they had started after Stanko and had overtaken him at a point where there was no escape.

Pierced by a dozen balls Stanko fell, weltering in his own blood. The Turks set up a shout of triumph and rushed upon the two girls, whom they already regarded as sure prey, but before they reached them Kosara and Ljubica gave each other an agonizing embrace, and, locked in each other's arms, sprang into the abyss.—Philadelphia Press.

Those Good Old-Fashioned Folks.

Somehow the people of to-day ain't as they used to be. At any rate, I'm pretty sure they're not the same to me. And while there are many just as good as those I used to know there're scores and scores among them that are only so and so. We used to always take a man exactly as he was. But now it's safe to take him just the other way instead. It does my heart just lots of good to meet once in a while some of those good old-fashioned folks so nearly out of style.

I wouldn't say the world in honesty is slipping back. I wouldn't say that christians hunting grace have lost the track. I wouldn't say that men to-day are less the friends of truth. Because they seem to differ from the ones I knew in youth. Those people please me quite as well as these I meet to-day. Their hearts and hands were honest and their lives held little guile. Did those old-fashioned people now, so nearly out of style.

We're wiser than we used to be, we may be weaker, too; And good old homespun honesty may less our hearts imbue. These later days we are all bent on getting rich so fast. We haven't time to think of things they thought of in the past. We're wildly striving after gold, we rush and And after while we'll each be wanting pockets in his shroud. But none of us can e'er outrank within the afterwhile Those good old-fashioned people now so nearly out of style.

Ingersoll On Crime.

Before the ninth annual convention of the State Bar association Col. Robert G. Ingersoll delivered an address upon the subject of "Crimes Against Criminals," in which at the outset he demonstrated that punishment by torture and death had failed to abate crime. The following were among Mr. Ingersoll's utterances:

"Degradation has been thoroughly tried, with its maimings and brandings, and the result was that those who inflicted the punishment became as degraded as their victims. It is safe to say that governments have committed far more crimes than they have prevented. I am perfectly satisfied that there are millions of others incapable of practicing certain virtues. There is no reformation in degradation. Whoever is degraded by society becomes its enemy. A punishment that degrades the punished will degrade the government that procures the infliction. Is there any remedy? Can anything be done for the reformation of the criminal? He should be treated with kindness. Every right should be given him consistent with the safety of society. He should neither be degraded nor robbed. Why should these men after having been imprisoned for years be turned out without the means of support? Would it not be far better to lay aside his earning so that when the convict is released after five years of imprisonment he will have several hundred dollars of his own, enough to keep the wolf of crime from the door of his heart? If we are to change the conduct of men we must change their conditions. Extreme poverty and crime go hand in hand. Ignorance, filth, and poverty are the missionaries of crime. As long as dishonorable success outranks honest effort—as long as society bows and cringes before the great thieves—there will be little ones enough to fill the jails."

A Sagacious Dog.

Roscoe Whitcomb of Waldo, Me., has a shepherd dog which he prizes highly. One day a colt that was fastened by a halter got his feet through the stall and fell in such a manner that he was choking to death. The dog was in the barn, saw the trouble, and, running to the house, caught Mrs. Whitcomb by the dress and attempted to pull her out of doors. The dog would run toward the barn and then catch Mrs. Whitcomb by her clothes. She finally went to the barn arriving just in time to save the colt.

Plumbing in Old Rome.

Recent investigations in Rome show that the ancient plumbers of the Eternal city were obliged to be very particular with their work. There have been unearthed great quantities of lead water pipe, each plainly stamped with the name of the owner of the house, the year of the plumbing, the name of the consul for that year, and that of the reigning emperor.



From the
Detroit, Mich., 1892

From the
Detroit, Mich., 1892

Dear Sir: In reply to your favor of a recent date enclosing about the Chinese Physician Gun Wa I beg to say that I have made diligent inquiry as to his ability as a physician and his standing as a moral man and am pleased to inform you that I have found nothing but favorable commendations on all sides. He has effected many cures of serious cases and has secured the confidence of our people to such an extent that even the most skeptical of our people are now under his treatment. Being this information will be of service to you from the time to be.

Yours truly
J. W. Kelly

The above letter was written in reply to a letter sent to the City Clerk of Detroit, inquiring about Gun Wa, by the gentleman in Kansas, and was unknown or any way influenced by Gun Wa or any of his employes. The fact that such prominent people, unsolicited, testify in behalf of Gun Wa is the most satisfactory proof of his ability.

GUN WA,

The Chinese Physician, cannot, under American laws, practice medicine, so he has prepared a line of Chinese vegetable remedies for the cure of different diseases, and has opened parlors for their sale at 126 Miami avenue, Detroit, corner Grand Circus Park. He charges nothing for consultation, examination or advice, and only a small sum for his remedies. A friendly talk with Gun Wa costs nothing. Young, middle-aged or old men suffering from the effects of early follies or excesses can be restored to perfect health. Many have lost their nerve power and vigor, and become prematurely old; they should visit Gun Wa. Those who cannot call should write; all conversations and communications sacredly confidential. If you cannot call, write for large history of his life and the Chinese method of treating diseases; send for his circular on cancer, tape-worm, rheumatism, catarrh, female weakness, piles, or his book (for men only) on private and nervous diseases. No letters answered unless inclosing 4 cents in stamps.

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GUN WA, 124 and 126 Miami Ave., Detroit, Mich.

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Church News-

(Brief items of news will be welcome from other pastors or laymen.)

Bethel A. M. E.—Church Army Hall, Rivard street. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.—Rev. Jas. M. Henderson, pastor.

Ebenezer A. M. E.—Calhoun street, near Beaubien. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.—Rev. G. W. Brown, pastor.

Second Baptist.—Crogan street, near Beaubien. Services at 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.—Rev. I. H. McDonald, pastor.

St. Matthew's Episcopal.—Corner Antoine and Elizabeth streets. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.—Rev. C. H. Thompson, rector.

St. John Baptist.—Columbia street, near Rivard. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service.—Rev.

The Rev. Dr. Walters of Zion Methodist church, New York, baptised 40 candidates in Harlem river Sunday.

"The Colored Man in the Methodist Episcopal Church" is the name of a book by the Rev. Dr. L. M. Hugood.

The Rev. C. W. Mossell of the A. M. E. church, who was engaged several years in missionary work in Hayti, is compiling a book on that island.

The Rev. J. W. Becket is spoken of as the man likely to be chosen as the next pastor of the Metropolitan A. M. E. church at Washington, D. C.

Afro-American Baptists of Texas have called a meeting at Dallas, to consider the advisability of establishing a home for the orphans of their denomination.

The Rev. C. R. Beal, of Dakota, ordered a meal in the "Market Restaurant" of St. Paul, Minn., recently, but the waiters refused to fill his order because of color.

The first wedding ceremony ever solemnized in the Main Auditorium of the Metropolitan A. M. E. church, Washington, D. C., took place last Thursday night.

The united societies of Christian Endeavor will hold their national convention at St. Louis, in the Exposition building, June 12 to 15. It is said that the delegates will number between 5,000 and 8,000.

The M. E. church has received a generous gift of \$500,000 from Bluffton, Ala., for the location of the educational institution known as the University of the Southland. The new building is expected to cost \$1,500,000 more than this sum.

The Broadway Baptist church, Winchester, Ky., of which the Rev. R. T. Huffman of Nashville, Tenn., has recently assumed the pastorate, will erect a \$5,000 church. Work will begin on the new structure about the first of May.

At a session of the A. M. E. Zion conference which convened in Trenton last week a resolution was offered to observe a special hour of prayer for the recovery of Bishop Hood who is seriously ill at his home at Fayetteville, and Bishop Jones who is also ill.

The Woman's Mite Missionary Society of Philadelphia, of which Mrs. F. J. Copin is president, presented Bishop Campbell with an invalid's chair at a recent meeting, in token of their appreciation of the sympathy and financial help which he has rendered them.

Vicksburg, Miss., has been selected by members of the Mississippi A. M. E. conferences, as the place for the location of a State college. The institution will be named "Campbell College," in honor of the venerable Bishop J. P. Campbell who organized the first A. M. E. conference in that State.

In Springfield, Ohio, last Sunday, a large number of the crowd which had gathered to see the baptism of 19 members of Elder Green's church, were precipitated into the water and nearly 50 were seriously injured, but the cries of the victims did not deter Brother Green from the work at hand. He went right along and baptised the entire nineteen.

Several of the Afro-American churches of Philadelphia, have their own publications. The Lombard street Central Presbyterian Church Journal; the Union Church, the Christian Banner, edited by the pastor, Rev. C. C. Stumm, and a Service Calendar by the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Wesley Zion A. M. E. church, are among them.

Father McDermott of Philadelphia, who has charge of the Roman Catholic work among Afro-Americans, is holding an elaborate bazaar in Concert Hall for the benefit of his schools. It was opened April 8, by an address from T. Thomas Fortune. The display is an interesting one because of its variety and costliness, representations of several white congregations assisting Father McDermott and his Afro-American co-workers.

At a mass meeting of Afro-Americans, which was held in the Metropolitan church at Washington, D. C., last Monday, the Young Men's Christian Association was severely censured by Dr. J. M. Townsend on account of the color line drawn in that organization. The object of the meeting was to provide a temperance reading room for the young men of the race, the necessity for which, the speaker said, was a sad comment on the Y. M. C. A. He said the organization was inconsistent as it refused to extend its refining, uplifting influences to all. Addresses were also made by Prof. Langston, Rev. Dr. Grimkie and Dr. Purvis. And a collection for the reading room which is located at 1611 Eleventh street, met with a liberal response by the audience.

Wanted—A correspondent. Object, matrimony; a musician preferred. Address, W. H. St. Clair, Choteau, Montana.

Gun Wa has cured Theo Gust who resides at 425 Antutam-st. of rheumatism. He can cure any case of that kind.

Gun Wa has cured Mrs. Mary Huff of Windsor, of catarrh.

We would advise the readers of this paper to not allow the 30th of this month to pass without availing themselves of Dr. Navaun's offer of two dollar packages of "Baccata" for one dollar. The offer is good only until April 30th. See advertisement in another column.

Gun Wa has cured Capt. Louis Miner, 26 Chase st. of general debility. He can cure you.

Gun Wa has cured Mr. Jas. Massey of Windsor, of chronic dyspepsia. He can cure any case of this kind.

WE SEND occasionally a copy of our paper to persons who are not subscribers. If you are not one this is a reminder to examine it carefully, and then send in your own name, and hand the paper to one of your friends with the same request.

Another cure by Gun Wa; Mr. Alexander Frazer, 315 Willis-st., He cured me.

Mrs. Edward Dupont says Gun Wa cured her and advises ladies to call.

Another cure by Gun Wa—Mr. Alex. A. J. J. of Harrow, Ont.—of catarrh.

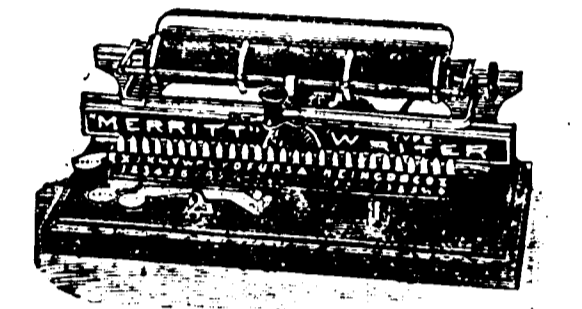
Gun Wa has cured Mrs. Mary Sullivan of 848 Tillman avenue, Detroit, of stomach trouble. He can cure you.

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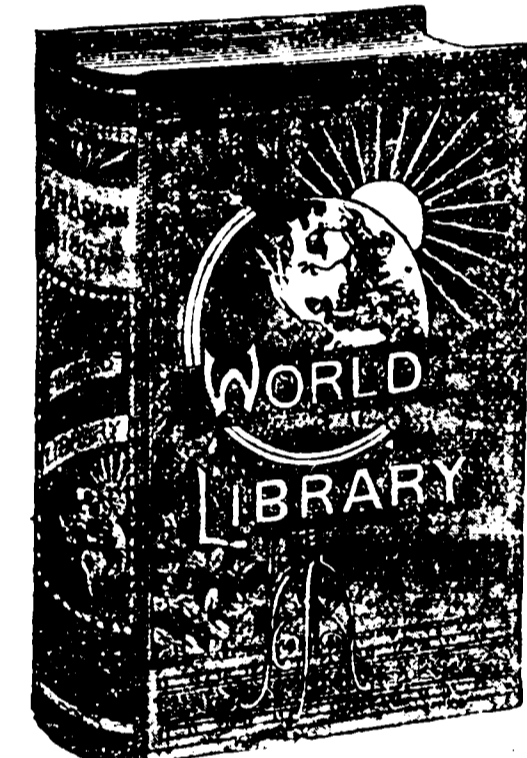
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- 52 OLIVER TWIST.—Dickens.
- 53 OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.—Dickens.
- 54 SKETCHES BY BOZ.—Dickens.
- 55 PICKWICK PAPERS.—Dickens.
- 56 DAVID COPPERFIELD.—Dickens.
- 57 NICHOLAS NICKLEBY.—Dickens.
- 58 DOMBEY AND SON.—Dickens.