

Automobile Servicing: In-Class Survey Fall 2002

Preliminary Report

Prepared by: The Office of Institutional Research Primary Researcher: Yolanda Reid (248) 232-4865 February 2003

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
Executive Summary2
Table1: Completed Surveys Per Course4
Table 2: Reasons for Taking Course5
Table 3: Educational Intent6
Table 4: How Students Planned to Use Knowledge and Skills Gained in Course8
Table 5: Ever Taken an OCC Course?10
Table 6: How Students Learned About Courses11
Table 7: Current Employment Status12
Table 8: Current Job Related to Automobile Servicing Profession13
Table 9: Time of Day Students Worked Most Hours14
Table 10: Current Job Title15
Table 11: Home Residence16
Table 12: Age17
Table 13: Gender18
Table 14: Race19
Table 15: Educational Attainment20
Table 16: Long-Term Educational Goals (Next Five Years)22
Table 17: Interaction With Counselor Regarding Educational Goals24
Table 18: Students Who Have Taken Similar Courses at Other Schools25
Table 19: Other Schools at Which Students Have Taken Courses26
Table 20: Number of Automobile Servicing Courses Taken at OCC27
Table 21: Number of Times Students Took Each ATA Course
Appendix: Current Self-Reported Work Hours 29

Executive Summary

Background/Methodology

During the Fall semester of 2002, several students were enrolled in Automobile Servicing courses who did not declare an Automobile Servicing major. In order to determine why students enrolled in Automobile Servicing courses, a short In-Class Survey was administered to students enrolled during the Fall 2002 semester. Additionally, the data was compared to data from the Winter 2002 semester to determine if any differences existed.

A total of 76 students completed the survey this term. The distribution of respondents by course is as follows:

- ATA 1500 31
- ATA 1100 17
- ATA 1200 17
- ATA 1300 7
- ATA 1400 4

Key Findings

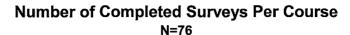
- An examination of educational intent among students who took Automobile Servicing courses revealed that 22.4% intend to obtain an associate degree in Automobile Servicing, and 19.7% intend to earn a certificate. Thirty-eight percent (38.2%) intend to earn both a certificate and associate degree in Automobile servicing, and 19.7% do not intend to earn a certificate or degree.
- Roughly one-third indicated that they took ATA courses in order to increase their knowledge in a specific area (35.5%) and 32.9% cited personal interest as their reason for taking the course.
- When asked how they planned to use the knowledge and skills acquired from the course, the top responses were self-employment (57.9%) and to seek a new job with a new employer (57.9%).
 - Compared to non-degree seekers, students pursuing a degree or certificate more often indicated that they planned to use their skills in a new job with a different employer.
- During Fall 2002, there was a larger percentage of first-time OCC students in Automobile Servicing courses, compared to Winter 2002. Fifty-two percent (52.0%) of Fall 2002 Automobile Servicing students had previously taken courses at OCC, compared to 75.0% of Winter 2002 students.
- The most popular source of information on Automobile Servicing courses was college publications (57.9%), followed by family and friends (25.0%).

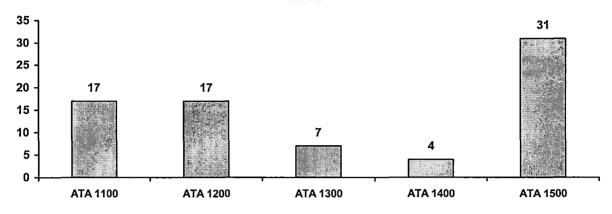
- Despite the fact that most students worked at least part-time (74.6%), Fall 2002 students were more likely to be unemployed (24.0%) compared to Winter 2002 students (9.4% unemployed). However, more than half (57.3%) of Fall 2002 students surveyed worked full time.
- Students seeking a degree or certificate were less likely than non-degree seekers to currently have a job that was highly related to automobile servicing.
- The self-reported demographic profile of respondents is as follows:
 - o Male 97.3%
 - o White 77.1%
 - o Median Age 21 years, Mean Age 25.4 years
 - Highest level of educational attainment: some college 41.9%; high school diploma – 28.4%
- When asked about their long-term (next five years) educational goals, two-thirds (67.6%) indicated that they intend to obtain a degree or certificate in Automobile Servicing. Fifteen percent (15.5%) intend to take a few more classes in Automobile Servicing, and another 15.5% plan to obtain a degree or certificate in another field.
- Less than half (42.3%) of students have met with a counselor to discuss their educational goals.
- Just over one-quarter (26.8%) of Automobile Servicing students have taken similar courses at other schools. Of these 19 students, most (84.2%) have taken courses through programs at their high school, technical preparation programs, or vocational education programs. Only three of the nineteen students have taken courses at a trade school or career school, and only three have taken courses at another college.
- Twenty-six percent (26.0%) of respondents have taken four or more ATA courses.

Number of Courses Taken	
Base (N):	69
1 course	29.0%
2 courses	21.7%
3 courses	20.3%
4 or more courses	26.0%

- Most (69.5%) of the respondents have taken ATA 110/ ATA 1100. More than half (55.9%) had taken ATA 150/ATA 1500 and 50.8% have taken ATA 140/ATA 1400.
- Non-degree seekers indicated that they took only four of the ten available courses: ATA 110/ATA 1100, ATA 120/ATA 1200, ATA 140/ATA 1400, and ATA 150/ATA 1500.

Table 1: Completed Surveys Per Course

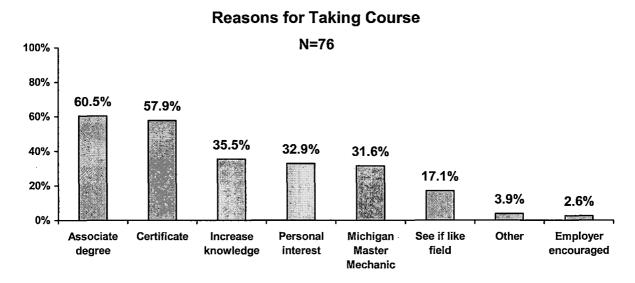




<u>Summary:</u> During the Fall 2002 semester, a total of 76 surveys were completed by students in the five courses listed above. Thirty-one (or 40.8%) of those surveys were completed by students in the ATA 1500 course.

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	56	76	132
ATA 110 / ATA 1100	30.4%	22.4%	25.8%
ATA 120 / ATA 1200	14.3	22.4	19.0
ATA 130 / ATA 1300	10.7	9.2	9.8
ATA 1400	N/A	5.3	3.0
ATA 150 / ATA 1500	25.0	40.8	34.1
Don't know - ATA160, ATA140, ATA170, AUT111 combined	19.6	N/A	8.3

Table 2: Reasons For Taking Courses



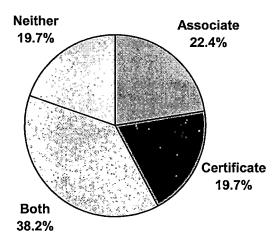
<u>Summary:</u> Several students cited multiple reasons for taking an Automobile Servicing course; therefore, when added together, totals exceed 100%. Most (60.5%) of students took the course because they were pursuing an Associate Degree in Automobile Servicing, and 57.9% planned to pursue a certificate. One-third (35.5%) took the course to increase their knowledge in a specific area, and 32.9% indicated that they took the course for personal interest. Thirty-two percent (31.6%) took the course(s) to prepare for the State of Michigan Master Mechanic License Examination.

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	56	76	132
OCC's associate degree in auto servicing	53.6%	60.5%	57.6%
OCC's certificate in auto servicing	46.4	57.9	53.0
Increase knowledge in specific area	46.4	35.5	40.2
Personal interest	48.2	32.9	39.4
Prepare for MI Master Mechanic License	N/A	31.6	31.6
See if like field	16.1	17.1	16.7
Employer encouraged	8.9	2.6	5.3
Other	7.1	3.9	5.3

<u>Summary:</u> When examining the students' reasons for taking the Automobile Servicing courses, there were no statistically significant differences between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002.

Table 3: Educational Intent





<u>Summary:</u> More than one-third (38.2%) of students plan to obtain both an associate degree and a certificate in Automobile Servicing. Twenty-two percent (22.4%) plan to obtain only an associate degree.

Course Taken	Seeking Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	61	15
ATA 1100	23.0%	20.0%
ATA 1200	19.7	33.3
ATA 1300	9.8	6.7
ATA 1400	6.6	0.0
ATA 1500	41.0	40.0

Reason for Taking Course	Seeking Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	61	15
Personal interest	27.9%	53.3%
Increase knowledge in specific area	29.5*	60.0*
Employer encouraged	3.3	0.0
See if like field	16.4	20.0
Michigan Master Mechanics License	32.8	26.7
Other	1.6	13.3

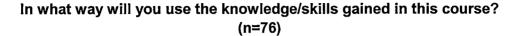
^{*} Statistically significant difference between degree/certificate seekers and non-degree seekers at a 95% level of confidence.

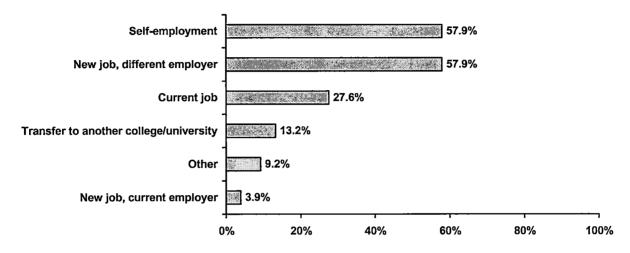
<u>Summary:</u> Students who were seeking neither a degree nor certificate were more likely to say that they took courses in order to increase their knowledge in a specific area.

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
N	56	76	132
Neither certificate nor associate	33.9%	19.7%	25.8%
Certificate only	12.5	19.7	16.7
Associate only	19.6	22.4	21.2
Both certificate and associate	33.9	38.2	36.4

<u>Summary:</u> When comparing Winter 2002 to Fall 2002, there were no statistically significant differences in educational intent.

<u>Table 4: How Students Planned To Use Knowledge And Skills Gained In Course</u>





<u>Summary:</u> When asked how they planned to apply the knowledge and skills they've gained from the Automobile Servicing courses, the top two responses were self-employment (57.9%) and to find a new job with a new employer (57.9%). Just over one-fourth (27.6%) plan to use these skills in their current job.

Of the 9.2% who indicated other uses, the most common responses were for "personal knowledge/personal use" and "to fix their own car."

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	61	15
Self-employment	60.7%	46.7%
New job, different employer	67.2*	20.0*
Current job	23.0	46.7
Transfer to another college/university	14.8	6.7
Other	4.9	26.7
New job, current employer	4.9	0.0

^{*} Statistically significant difference between those seeking a degree/certificate and those seeking neither a degree nor certificate at a 95% level of significance.

Summary: Students seeking a degree or certificate were more likely to plan to use their newly acquired skills in a new job with a different employer.

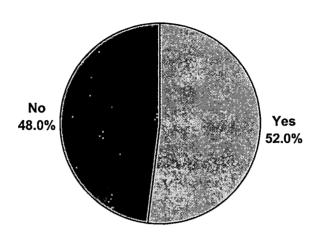
	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	56	76	132
Self-employment	50.9%	57.9%	55.0%
New job, different employer	49.1	57.9	54.2
Current job	34.5	27.6	30.5
Transfer to another college/university	25.5	13.2	18.3
Other	20.0	9.2	13.7
New job, current employer	16.4*	3.9*	9.2

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

<u>Summary:</u> Students who took Automobile Servicing courses during the Winter 2002 term were more likely than Fall 2002 students to plan to use their newly acquired skills in a new job with their current employer.

Table 5: Ever Taken an OCC Course?

Have you ever taken a course at OCC in the past? (N=76)



<u>Summary:</u> Fifty-two percent (52.0%) of students indicated that they have taken courses at OCC in the past.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	60	15
No, have not taken OCC classes in past	50.0%	40.0%
Yes, have taken OCC classes in past	50.0	60.0

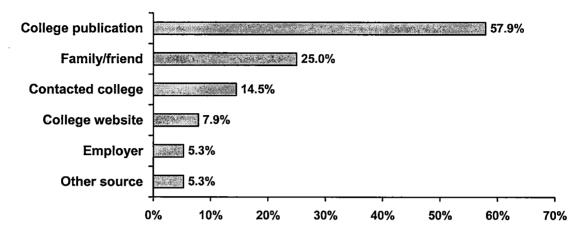
Taken OCC Course in the Past?	<u>Winter 2002</u>	Fall 2002	Total
Base (N):	56	<i>7</i> 5	131
No	25.0%*	48.0%*	38.2%
Yes	75.0*	52.0*	61.8

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

Summary: Fall 2002 students were more likely to be first-time OCC students, compared to Winter 2002 students.

Table 6: How Students Learned About Courses

How did you find out about this course? (N=76)



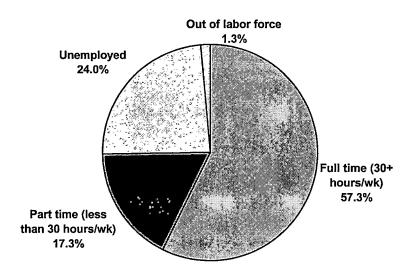
Summary: More than half (57.9%) learned about the Automobile Servicing courses from college publications or catalogs. Twenty-five percent (25.0%) learned about the courses from a friend or family member.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	61	15
College publication	57.4%	60.0%
Friend/family	23.0	33.3
Contacted college	16.4	6.7
College website	8.2	6.7
Employer	3.3	13.3
Other Source	4.9	6.7

	<u>Winter 2002</u>	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	56	76	132
College publication	60.7%	57.9%	59.1%
Friend/family	33.9	25.0	28.8
Contacted college	19.6	14.5	16.7
Other source	14.3	5.3	9.1
College website	8.9	7.9	8.3
Employer	8.9	5.3	6.8

Table 7: Current Employment Status

Current Employment Status (N=75)



Summary: Nearly three-quarters (74.6%) of Automobile Servicing students were currently employed. More than half (57.3%) worked full-time.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	60	15
Full-time (30+ hours/wk)	53.3%	73.3%
Part-time (less than 30 hrs/wk)	20.0	6.7
Unemployed	25.0	20.0
Out of labor force	1.7	1.7

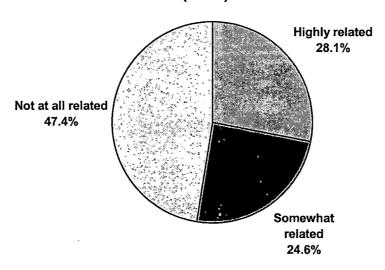
	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	Total
Base (N):	53	75	128
Full time	67.9%	57.3%	61.7%
Part time	22.6	17.3	19.5
Unemployed	9.4*	24.0*	18.0
Out of labor force	0.0	1.3	8.0

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

Summary: Fall 2002 students were more likely than Winter 2002 students to be unemployed.

Table 8: Current Job Related To Automobile Servicing Profession

Current Job Related to Automobile Servicing Field? (n=57)



Summary: Slightly over half of employed students worked in jobs that were somewhat or highly related to the field of Automobile Servicing.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate
Base (n)	45	12
Not at all related	55.6%*	16.7%*
Somewhat related	24.4	25.0
Highly related	20.0*	58.3*

^{*} Statistically significant difference between those seeking a degree/certificate and those seeking neither a degree nor certificate at a 95% level of significance.

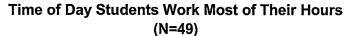
Summary: Students seeking neither a certificate nor degree were more likely to be employed in a field that is highly related to automobile servicing.

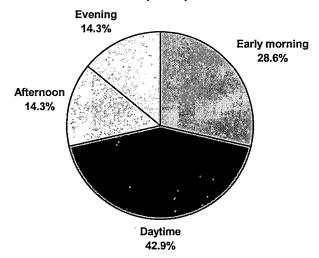
	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	Total
Base (N):	47	57	104
Highly related	42.6%	28.1%	34.6%
Somewhat related	8.5*	24.6*	17.3
Not at all related	48.9	47.4	48.1

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

Summary: Employed Fall 2002 students were more likely to indicate that their current job was somewhat related to Automobile Servicing.

Table 9: Time of Day Students Work Most Hours





<u>Summary:</u> When asked what time of day students worked most of their hours, 42.9% indicated daytime, while 28.6% listed early morning. However, these responses are subjective and may not match conventional definitions of these hours. For example, some students listed early morning hours as 9 AM to 5 PM, while others indicated these hours as daytime. A complete listing of responses appears in the appendix.

Table 10: Current Job Title

Students who are <u>not pursuing a degree or certificate in Auto Servicing</u>				
	To what extent is job related to Automobile Serv		mobile Servicing?	icing?
Current job title	Highly related	Somewhat related	Not at all related	Total
Developmental Mechanic	1			1
Differential & Drive Train Technician	1			1
GM Skilled Trades Apprentice	1			1
Mechanic	1			1_
Service Engineer	1			1
Technician	1			1
Commercial Sales		1		1
Product Engineer		1		1
Cook/Line Cook/Baker			1	1
Other			1	1
Total	6	2	2	10

Students who are pursuing an associate degree and/or certificate in Auto Servicing				
	To what extent	is job related to Auto	mobile Servicing?	
Current job title	Highly related	Somewhat related	Not at all related	Total
Cashier/Mechanic	1	1		2
Maintenance	1		1	2
Apprentice/Apprentice Mechanic	1			1
Automotive Detailer	1			1
Mechanic	1			1
Mechanic Helper/Mechanic Assistant	1			1
Online Arbitrator	1			1
Stock	1 ,			1
Technician	1			1
Top Lube Technician/Quick Lube Technician	1			1
Sales/Salesman/Salesperson		2	2	4
Assembler		2		2
Manager/Assistant Manager		1	2	3
Assistant Manager - Oil Change		1		1
Autobody Helper		1		. 1
Car Wash		1		1
Machine Repairman		1		1
Tire Technician		1		1
Coordinator			2	2
Ski Sales Tech			2	2
Waiter/Food Server/Server Assistant (Busser)			2	2
Bartender			11	1
Cashier			1	1
Cook/Line Cook/Baker			1	1
Software Developer			1	1
Other			3	3
Total	10	11	18	39

Source: OCC, Office of Institutional Research

Table 11: Home Residence

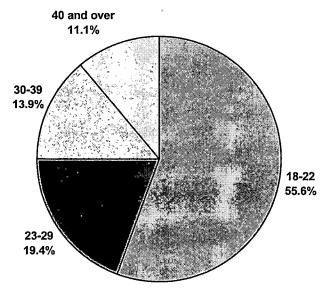
	e County	1 ·	County	
1	=2) 5%	1	=0) 0%	
J.	J 70	0.0	J 70	
	Northwest Oakland (N=4)	North Central Oakland (N=7)	Northeast Oakland (n=1)	
<u>Livingston</u>	7.0%	12.3%	1.8%	Macomb County
County (n=0)	Region=2.3% of Oakland County population	Region=6.6% of Oakland County population	Region=5.3% of Oakland County population	(N=2)
0.0%	Central West Oakland	<u>Central</u> <u>Oakland</u>	<u>Central East</u> <u>Oakland</u>	3.5%
	(n=1) 1.8%	. (N=8)* 14.0%	(N=14) 24.6%	
	Region=8.9% of Oakland County population	Region=15.6% of Oakland County population	Region=18.4% of Oakland County population	
	Southwest Oakland (N=3)	South Central.* Oakland (N=3) +:	Southeast Oakland (N=11)	
	5.3%	5.3%	19.3%	
	Region=7.7% of Oakland County population	Region=11.7% of Oakland County population	Region=23.5% of Oakland County population	
Washten	aw County		Wayne County	_
1	=0)	(N=1)		
0.	0%	(N = 57)	1.8%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(N=57)

Summary: The vast majority (91.2%) of respondents were from Oakland County.

Table 12: Age





Mean Age: 25.4 years Median Age: 21 years

<u>Summary:</u> Half of all Automobile Servicing students were under the age of 21, and the average age was approximately 25 years. Most (55.6%) of these students were in the 18-22 age range.

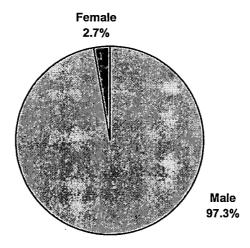
Base (n)	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate 57	Seeking Neither Degree nor Certificate 15
18 - 22 years	56.1%	53.3%
23 - 29 years	19.3	20.0
30 - 39 years	12.3	20.0
40 years and over	12.3	6.7

Summary: Regardless of educational intent, more than half of students were between the ages of 18 and 22.

Base (n):	Winter 2002 52	Fall 2002 72	<u>Total</u> 124
Under 18 years	1.9%	0,0%	0.8%
18 - 22 years	61.5	55.6	58.1
23 - 29 years	13.5	19.4	16.9
30 - 39 years	9.6	13.9	12.1
40 years and over	13.5	11.1	12.1

Table 13: Gender

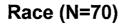
Gender (N=75)

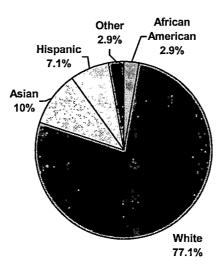


Summary: Only two of the students in the Fall 2002 Automobile Servicing courses were female. One was seeking a certificate and the other did not plan to obtain a degree or certificate.

	<u>Winter 2002</u>	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	52	<i>7</i> 5	127
Male	98.1%	97.3%	97.6%
Female	1.9	2.7	2.4

Table 14: Race





Summary: The majority of students in the Automobile Servicing courses were White.

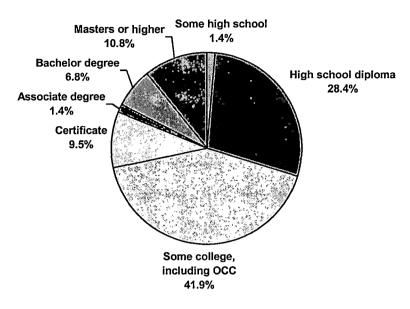
	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate
Base (n)	55	15
 White	76.4%	80.0%
African American	3.6	0.0
Asian	12.7	0.0
Hispanic	5.5	13.3
Other	1.8	6.7

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	Total
Base (N):	50	70	120
White	84.0%	77.1%	80.0%
Asian	8.0	10.0	9.2
African American	8.0	2.9	5.0
Hispanic	0.0*	7.1*	4.2
Other	0.0	2.9	1.7

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

Table 15: Educational Attainment

Highest Level of Education Attained (N=74)



Summary: Nearly thirty percent (29.8%) of Fall 2002 Automobile Servicing students were first time college students. Interestingly, 28.5% of students indicated that they have already obtained a post-secondary certificate or degree.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate
Base (N)	59	15
Some high school	1.7%	0.0%
High school diploma	30.5	20.0
Any College	67.9	80.0
Some college	40.7	46.7
Certificate	8.5	13.3
Associate degree	1.7	0.0
Bachelor degree	8.5	0.0
Masters degree or higher	8.5	20.0

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	<u>Total</u>
Base (N):	53	74	127
Some high school	5.7%	1.4%	3.1%
High school diploma	18.9	28.4	24.4
Some college, including OCC	62.3*	41.9*	50.4
Certificate	1.9	9.5	6.3
Associate degree	5.7	1.4	3.1
Bachelor degree	1.9	6.8	4.7
Masters or higher	3.8	10.8	7.9

^{*} Statistically significant difference between Winter 2002 and Fall 2002 at a 95% level of confidence.

<u>Summary:</u> Students in the Fall 2002 courses were more likely to have been First Time In Any College (FTIAC) students.

Table 16: Long-Term Educational Goals (Next Five Years)

100% 90% 80%

> 70% 60% 50% 40% 30%

20%

10%

0%

Certificate or

degree in

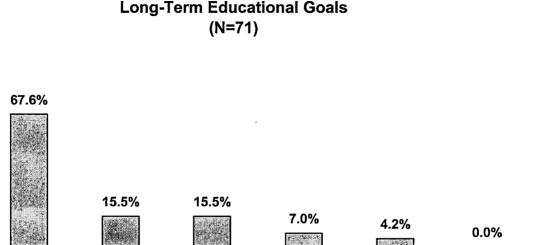
Automobile

Servicing

courses in

Automobile

Servicing



Other

Few more

courses, but not

in Auto Servicing

Only take this

one course

Summary: Two-thirds of students in Automobile Servicing courses during the Fall of 2002 intended to obtain a certificate or degree in the field.

Certificate or

degree in field

other than

Automobile Servicing

 Although instructed to mark only one choice, seven students (9.9%) marked more than one choice. Of those seven students, six indicated that they plan to obtain a certificate or degree in Automobile Servicing and obtain a certificate or degree from another program.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate
Base (n)	57	14
Only take this one course	0.0%	0.0%
Few more courses in Auto Servicing Few more courses, not in Auto	7.0*	50.0*
Servicing Obtain certificate or degree in Auto	0.0	21.4
Servicing Obtain certificate or degree in field	80.7*	14.3*
other than Auto Servicing	15.8	14.3
Other	14.3	5.3

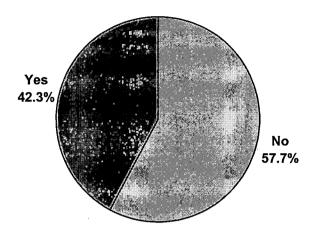
^{*} Statistically significant difference between degree/certificate-seekers and students seeking neither at a 95% level of significance.

<u>Summary:</u> Students seeking neither a degree nor certificate were more likely to state that they plan to take only a few more courses in Automobile Servicing.

	Winter 2002	Fall 2002	Total
Base (n):	52	71	123
Obtain degree or certificate in Auto Servicing	57.7%	67.6%	63.4%
Few more courses in Auto Servicing	25.0	15.5	19.5
Obtain degree or certificate in field other than			
Auto Servicing	23.1	15.5	18.7
Few more courses, not in Auto Servicing	7.7	4.2	5.7
Other	5.8	7.0	6.5

Table 17: Interaction With Counselor Regarding Educational Goals

Percent of Students Who Met With Counselor to Discuss Educational Goals (N=71)

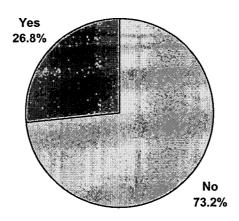


Summary: More than half (57.7%) of students in Fall 2002 Automobile Servicing courses had *not* met with a counselor to discuss their educational goals.

	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate
Base (N)	57	14
No, have not met with counselor	56.1%	64.3%
Yes, have met with counselor	43.9	35.7

Table 18: Students Who Have Taken Similar Courses at Other Schools

Percent of Students Who Have Taken Similar Courses Related to Automobile Servicing at Any Other Schools (N=71)

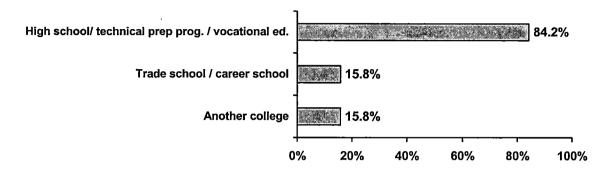


<u>Summary:</u> Approximately one-fourth (26.8%) of students surveyed have taken courses related to automobile servicing at other schools.

Base (N)	Seeking a Degree and/or Certificate 57	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate 14
No, have not taken similar courses at other schools	75.4%	64.3%
Yes, have taken similar courses at other schools	24.6	35.7

Table 19: Other Schools At Which Students Have Taken Courses

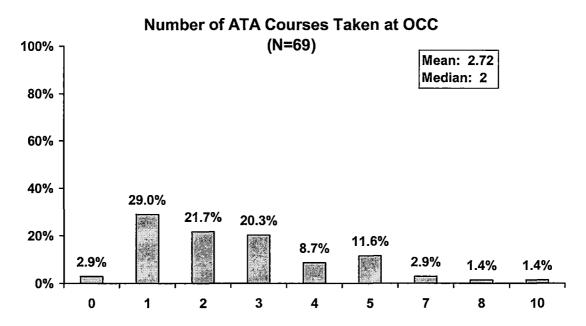
Other Schools at Which Automobile Servicing Students Have Taken Related Courses (N=19)



<u>Summary:</u> Of the 19 students who have taken related courses at other institutions, most have taken high school or vocational education courses.

	Seeking Degree	Not Seeking Degree
	and/or Certificate	or Certificate
Base (n):	14	5
High school/Technical prep prog./Vocational ed.	92.9%	40.0%
Trade school / Career School	7.1	40.0
Another college	14.3	20.0

Table 20: Number of Automobile Service Courses Taken at OCC

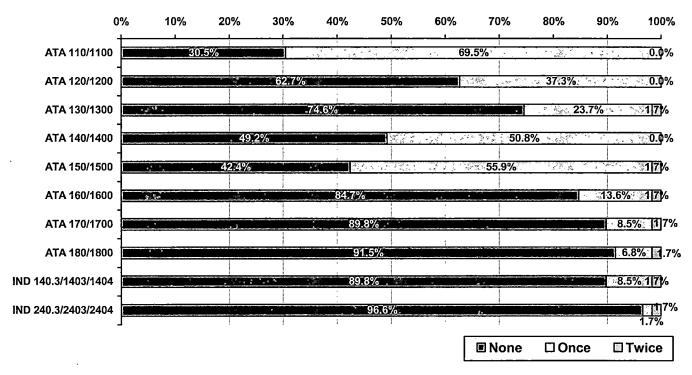


<u>Summary:</u> Twenty-nine percent (29.0%) of respondents have only taken one ATA course, and 21.7% have taken two courses. Twenty-six percent (26.0%) have taken four or more ATA courses. The average number of courses taken was 2.72.

# ATA Courses Taken Base (n):	Seeking Degree and/or Certificate 55	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate 14
0	3.6%	0.0%
1	23.6	50.0
2	18.2	35.7
3	21.8	14.3
4	10.9*	0.0*
5	14.5*	0.0*
7	3.6	0.0
8	1.8	0.0
10	1.8	0.0
Mean # courses taken	3.0*	1.64*

Summary: As expected, students seeking a degree or certificate in Automobile Servicing took more classes than those not seeking a degree or certificate.

Table 21: Number of Times Students Took Each ATA Course



<u>Summary:</u> Most students did not repeat ATA courses. Most (69.5%) respondents have taken the ATA 110/1100 course at least once, and 57.6% have taken ATA 150/1500 at least once.

	% of Students Who Too	k Course At Least Once
	Seeking Degree and/or Certificate	Not Seeking Degree or Certificate
Base (N):	48	11
ATA 100/1100	77.1%	36.4%
ATA 120/1200	39.6	27.3
ATA 130/1300	31.2	0.0
ATA 140/1400	58.3	18.2
ATA 150/1500	54.2	72.7
ATA 160/1600	18.7	0.0
ATA 170/1700	12.5	0.0
ATA 180/1800	10.4	0.0
IND 140.3/1403/1404	12.5	0.0
IND 240.3/2403/2404	4.2	0.0

<u>Summary:</u> The only courses that have been taken by students who are not seeking a degree or certificate were ATA 110/1100, ATA 120/1200, ATA 140/1400, and ATA 150/1500.

Appendix:

Student's Current Self-Reported Work Hours

<u>Appendix</u>: Actual Work Hours Listed by Respondent by Self-Reported Time of Day That They Work Most of Their Hours

	When do you work most of your hours (self-reported)				
Actual work hours listed	Early morning	Daytime	Afternoon	Evening	Total
4AM - 10PM	1	0	0	0	1
5:30AM - 2PM	1	0	0	0	1
5AM - 2:30PM	1	0	0	0	1
6AM - 2:30PM	1	0	0	0	1
6AM - 3PM	1	0	0	0	1
6AM - 6PM	0	2	0	0	2
7AM - 3PM	1	0	0	0	1
7AM - 4PM	1	1	0	0	2
7AM - 4:30PM	0	1	0	0	1
7:30AM - 3:30PM	1	1	0	0	2
7:30AM - 6PM	0	1	0	0	1
7:30AM - 7:00PM	1	0	0	0	1
8AM - 4:30PM	0	1	0	0	1
8AM - 4PM	0	1	0	0	1
8AM - 5:30PM	0	1	0	0	1
8AM - 5PM	0	1	0	0	1
8AM - 6PM	1	0	0	0	1
8AM - 7PM	0	1	0	0	1
8AM - 8PM	1	0	0	0	1
8:30AM - 5:30PM	0	1	0	0	1
9AM - 12PM	1	0	0	0	1
9AM - 5:30PM	1	1	0	0	2
9AM - 5PM	1	1	0	0	2
9AM - 6PM	0	2	0	0	2
10AM - 11PM	0	1	0	0	1
10AM - 1AM	0	0	1	0	1
10AM - 6PM	0	2	0	0	2
10AM - 7PM	0	0	1	0	1
10AM - 9PM	0	1	0	0	1
2PM - 11PM	0	0	1	0	1
2:30PM - 10:30P	0	0	2	0	2
3PM - 8PM	0	0	1	0	1
3PM - 10PM	0	0	0	1	1
3PM - 11PM	0	0	0	1	1
4PM - 11:30PM	0	0	1	0	1
4PM - 12AM	0	0	0	3	3
6PM - 12AM	0	0	0	1	1
7PM - 3AM	0	0	0	1	1
Total Answering	14	21	7	7	49